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FERGUSONS'

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

Fruit Trees, Roses,
Flowering Plants,
etc.

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

NOTE ADDRESS:

F. FERGUSON & SON,

AUSTRALIAN NURSERIES,

HURSTVILLE, N.S.W.,

Also at CAMDEN.

AUSTRALIA.

Visitors Cordially Invited.

THE EASIEST WAY TO REACH OUR NURSERIES AT HURSTVILLE.

Take train from Central Station to
ARNCLIFFE (not Hurstville), thence
per Bexley tram to the Terminus,
Nurseries being five minutes' walk.



TO REACH CAMDEN.

Take train leaving Central Station
9.45 every morning; change at Camp-
belltown and take Camden tram.
Nursery about 1 mile from town of
Camden.

ORDER SHEET.

Date.....

To **F. FERGUSON & SON,**
AUSTRALIAN NURSERY, HURSTVILLE.

Please forward to my Address, viz.:—

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Please put Address in Full.

Per.....

Enclosed is :

Cash, £

Cheque, £

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Postal Note, £

Stamps, £

 The following Goods selected from your Catalogue for current
year, SUBSTITUTING the nearest you can recommend for any not
in stock.

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THE VALUATION OF THE PROPERTY

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THE VALUATION OF THE PROPERTY

100

NEW FRUITS, 1911.

APPLES.

- Boys' Delight.**—One of the best of a large assortment of choice apples recently introduced by N.S.W. Department of Agriculture. 2/6.
- Colvert.**—Medium sized, heavily splashed and striped with red and yellow; flesh greenish white; brisk sub-acid; fairly late; quality extra good. 2/6.
- Grenville.**—Winter variety of well-known Maiden's Blush; fairly large; white, with pale blush; best quality; late. 2/6 ea.
- Judson.**—Large roundish, conical; highly colored; flesh white, sub-acid; good market variety. 2/6 ea.
- Kennard.**—Medium size, oblong, heavily covered with dark red; rich sub-acid flavour. Promises to rival Jonathan. 2/6 ea.
- Shackleford.**—Large roundish oblong; deep yellow, heavily striped with crimson; flavor good, sub-acid; valuable market variety in America. 2/6 ea.
- Star.**—Medium size, good color; ripening fairly late. Should be a good shipping variety. 2/6 ea.

NEW CHERRIES.

2/- each.

Mountain King.

Terry.

Mountain Monarch.

Received from N.Z. Fruit Expert without description.

VALUABLE PEACHES, MOSTLY OF N.S.W. ORIGIN.

- Aunt Becky.**—Large white-fleshed freestone, ripening just after Braddock's, hence a valuable market variety. Very highly colored. Tree a vigorous grower and constant cropper. 1/6 ea.
- Capt. Nance.**—White-fleshed freestone, very highly colored, being almost entirely covered with dark crimson. Ripens end of January and sells very readily. 1/6 ea.

Cardiff.

King's Red.—Large white-fleshed clingstone, ripening end January or early February; very highly colored. Valuable market variety. Can be specially recommended. 1/6 ea.

Row's Champion Slip.—Large white-fleshed freestone, ripening week before Elberta. Very highly colored and sure to be a market favorite. Very heavy and constant cropper. 2/-.

Wotton's Shanghai.—Great improvement on Red Shanghai, being larger, more highly colored, and ripens two weeks earlier than that variety. Always brings fancy prices in the markets. 1/6.

Thos. Kitching.—Highly colored white-fleshed freestone, ripening late in February, when good peaches are scarce. Has good Royal George flavor. Valuable for market. 2/- ea.

NEW CONTINENTAL AND OTHER PEACHES.

Banner.

Hynd's Cropper

Ford's Late

Late Rose

Golden Drop

Princess Elena

The above we received from N.Z. Government Fruit Expert, who says they should be worthy a trial in Australia. No descriptions are yet available. 2/- each.

NEW NECTARINE, N.S.W. ORIGIN.

Cooza.—This magnificent nectarine, grown in this district, is now for the first time, we believe, offered to the public. It should prove a veritable goldmine for fruitgrowers. Its grand size, coupled with its splendid color, should alone recommend it. We have had them nine inches in circumference. The tree is a very vigorous grower, and produces heavy crops of splendid fruit. It is a freestone, ripening middle of January. Very juicy and sweet. 2/6 ea.

GRAPE FRUIT.

(Edible Pomelow.)

Marsh Seedless.—This fruit is becoming very popular in the States, partly on account of its medicinal properties of correcting stomach troubles. The fruit of this Pomelo is of medium size; thin

rind, with about half the usual bitter; practically seedless; pulp juicy; very little rag, and of superior flavor; keeps and packs well; an acquisition in every way. Price 3/6 each.

Triumph.—Medium size; peel smooth, clear, thin, and fine-grained; little rag and few seeds; very heavy, being juicy and well flavored. There is no bitter in the juice, and but little in the rag. One of the best. Price 3/6 each.

Burbank's Latest Productions in Japanese Plums.

We are pleased to be able to notify that we have procured supplies of propagating wood of the following, and have pleasure in offering same to the public, at a reasonable price. These plums come to us from the raiser with the reputation of being the last word in Japanese Plums.

Balleana.—A very large early plum, averaging 6 by 9 inches in circumference; color light yellow, covered with crimson; flesh firm, pale yellow, with a delicious Williams' Pear flavor; tree a regular and even cropper and strong upright grower; free-stone. 2/6 ea.

Formosa.—Fruit rich yellow, with a pale bloom till nearly ripe, when it turns a clear rich red; fruit of large size, unusually firm, rich, delicious, with a decided apricot flavor. Sure to become a favorite. Tree a vigorous grower, with the reputation of throwing off all disease, and an abundant and uniform cropper. 2/6 ea.

Gaviota.—A strikingly handsome fruit, mostly cherry red on a rich golden skin; flavor excellent; fruit of large size, and an abundant and regular cropper. Tree a late bloomer, thus escaping late frosts. A splendid shipping plum, with a very minute stone. A money-maker. 2/6 ea.

Plumcot.—A cross between a Blood Plum and an Apricot; fruit of largest size; tree a vigorous grower. This singular fruit retains best qualities from both parents, having a distinct Apricot flavor and being a perfectly formed Blood Plum. Specially recommended, if only on account of its great beauty, apart from its flavor qualities, which are hard to surpass. Excellent. 2/6.

Rubio.—The flesh of this sterling novelty is deep crimson, being one of the best Bloods we have seen; skin clear yellow, covered with

bright crimson. Altogether in appearance and quality one of the best. Splendid as an early shipper. Vigorous and bountiful cropper. 2/6 ea.

Santa Rosa.—Described by Burbank as the very best plum he has ever produced, being even better than either of his productions, Burbank or Wickson. Fruit of a deep purplish crimson, averaging 6 inches in circumference each way. Skin clear golden, covered with purple; flesh firm and of excellent flavor. This variety is also a distinct Blood. Good grower and heavy bearer. 2/6 ea.

OTHER JAPANESE PLUMS, 1911.

Gonzola

Omaha

Milton

Orient

Pool's Pride

Sent us by N.Z. Government Fruit Expert as worthy of trial. No descriptions yet available. 2/- ea.

JAPANESE PLUMS OF N.Z. ORIGIN.

Lord Ranfurly.—A variety from Mr. Sharp, of N.Z., and already fruiting in this State. It partakes largely of Burbank type in growth of tree and appearance of fruit, but ripens quite a month before that variety; is in fact ripe and over before Cherry Plum has colored. In our opinion this plum promises to eclipse anything received from America. 2/- ea.

Purple Gem.—Another variety from same source as foregoing, and is apparently a cross between Cherry Plum and Satsuma, showing purple foliage of Pessardii. It is, however, far superior in size, quality and bearing to Pessardii, and is 8 or 10 days earlier. 2/-.

Ada Crossley.—Also from the noted hybridist, Mr. Sharp, of N.Z., who describes it as not so early as Ranfurly, but is a wonderful cropper, and when gathered ripe has a fine flavor, and very luscious, but too juicy for bottling. 2/- ea.

Richard Seddon.—Another variety from Mr. Sharp, who speaks very highly of it, but so far we have had no description. 2/- ea.

NEW ROSES, 1911.

Bertha Gaulis (H.T.)—(P. Bernaix, 1910.) Vigorous and free branching growth; flowers very full, large and of perfect form; color China rose, with darker centre; a superb variety. 2/6.

Claudius (H.T.)—(B. R. Cant and Sons, 1910.) Growth strong, with well-formed, full, globular flowers; color bright rose; very free flowering. Awarded Gold Medal N.R.S. 3/6 ea.

Creme-Simon (H.T.)—(P. Guillot, 1910.) Growth vigorous and erect; flowers very large and full, always opening well; imbricated form; color creamy white, with salmon centre. Awarded Gold Medal at Clermont-Ferrand. 2/6 ea.

Eugene Boulet (H.T.)—(Pernet-Ducher, 1910.) A vigorous grower, flowers large, full and globular; color crimson red shaded with carmine; blooming with extraordinary freedom. 2/6.

Gaston Cazalis (Tea)—(Wm. Paul and Sons, 1910.) Deep purplish crimson, shaded with carmine; centre of flowers dark rose color. A fine decorative variety. 2/6.

Helene Wattine (H.T.)—(Soupert et Notting, 1910.) Growth very robust; flowers large and full, of beautiful form; color white, with yellow centre. A splendid novelty. 3/- each.

Jonkeer J. L. Mock (H.T.)—(Lunders, 1910.) Growth vigorous, free; the blooms, which are produced with the greatest freedom, are of perfect formation; colour carmine, changing to imperial pink. This lovely variety has been awarded two Gold Medals and two Silver Medals, in addition to other awards. 2/6.

Kaiser Wilhelm II.—(N. Welter, 1910.) Growth vigorous and upright; flowers large and full; buds elongated; color crimson, shaded velvety black. A splendid variety. 2/6 each.

Lieutenant Chaure (H.T.)—(Pernet-Ducher, 1910.) A vigorous grower; fine, long bud; velvety crimson red; flowers large and fairly full; color crimson red, shaded garnet. A superb novelty. 3/6 each.

Mrs. Foley Hobbs (Tea)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) Growth robust and vigorous; color ivory white, faintly tinged clear pink on edge of petals. This rose is deliciously perfumed and is probably the best tea rose yet introduced. 3/6 ea.

Miss Alice de Rothschild (Tea)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) Flowers very large and full; color a deep citron yellow, with the petals charmingly reflexed. The growth is erect and vigorous. This is a valuable exhibition variety. 3/6 each.

May Kenyon Slaney (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) A rose of wonderful distinctness and charm; the blooms are large and full; color a charming blush pink on rich cream; delightfully perfumed. 3/6 each.

Mrs. Charles Custis Harrison (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) A rose of great beauty and distinctness; of robust and erect growth; color deep crimson pink on front of petals, crayoned deep crimson carmine on reverse side; very highly perfumed. 3/6 each.

Mrs. Fred. Straker (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) Blooms produced in extraordinary profusion throughout the entire season. The color in the young flower is orange crimson, as the flower develops it becomes silvery fawn on front petals, and delicate pink on back. It is highly perfumed and the foliage is beautiful. 3/6 each.

Mrs. George Preston (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) The blooms are large, full and globular; the color is a delicate warm silvery rose pink, a delightful color; sometimes in autumn it is lighted up with delicate orange; very fragrant. 3/6 each.

Mrs. Leonard Petrie (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) The most beautiful yellow coloring of recent creation, possessing excellent habit of growth; the color is a honey-yellow, with delicate claret smear on outer petals, becoming sulphur yellow as the blooms expand. Absolutely distinct and unique. 3/6 ea.

Mrs. Walter Easlea (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) This is an absolutely distinct and charming rose of exquisite finish; the color is a glowing crimson carmine, which as the flower expands deepens to intense orange crimson, with the back of petals intense satiny crimson. This will be a most popular variety. 3/6 each.

Mrs. Wilfred Lloyd (H.T.)—(Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1910.) A very valuable addition to its class; flowers full and perfect in form; the color is a lovely bright rose pink of great intensity as the bloom expands; a lovely rose of the "La France" type. 3/6.

Madam Constant David (H.P.)—(Wm. Paul and Sons, 1910.) Velvety crimson, illumined with vermilion; habit of growth of Elrich Brunner. 2/6 each.

Marquise de Ganay (H.T.)—(P. Guilot, 1910.) Growth vigorous and erect; flowers large and full; color silvery rose. We can thoroughly recommend this rose. 2/6 each.

Mrs. Taft (Dwarf Polyantha).—(Levasseur, 1910.) Rosy crimson; dwarf, bushy habit. Very much superior to Mdm. N. Levasseur. 2/6 each.

Madame Francis Dubreuil (H.T.).—(Dubreuil, 1910.) Growth robust, buds long and pointed; blooms large and well-formed; color bright rosy carmine, bordered China rose. Awarded Gold Medal at Lyons, 1909, and several First Class Certificates. 3/6.

Orleans Rose (Dwarf Polyantha).—(Levasseur, 1910.) The best Polyantha rose ever raised; brilliant geranium red, suffused with rose, outside carmine, centre white; bushy habit; very free flowering. 2/6 each.

Juliet (Hybrid Briar).—(Wm. Paul and Sons, 1910.) A very distinct and attractive novelty, blooming both in summer and autumn, outside of petals old gold, interior rich rosy red; large and full, of delicious fragrance. A splendid novelty. 3/6 ea.

Prince E. C. D. Arenberg (H.T.).—(Soupert et Notting, 1910.) Color bright scarlet, shaded maroon; flowers large, full and of perfect form; growth very vigorous. 2/6 each.

Souvenir de Louis Perrier (H.T.).—(A. Pedriolle, 1910.) Vigorous and free growth; flowers very large, color deep rose, shaded yellow, reverse of petals silvery rose. 2/6 each.

Colonel Leclerc (H.T.).—Cherry red, washed with carmine lake; large, full and globular.

GIANT GUELDER ROSE, OR SNOWBALL TREE.

(*Viburnum macrocephyllum*.)

Hardy semi-deciduous shrub, growing up to 8 or 10 feet high. In early spring is literally covered with huge trusses of pure white heads 8 and 10 inches in diameter, like the largest Hydrangea. A shrub that should be in every garden. Will do well anywhere.

2/6 each. Post free.

THE SCARLET SOUTH AFRICAN DAISY.

(*Gerbera Jamesonii*.)

This exquisite and graceful flowering plant is easily cultivated, and is herbaceous in its character. The flowers are an intense rich

BE VERY CAREFUL OF OUR ADDRESS.

scarlet crimson, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches in diameter, and are borne well above the foliage on splendid foot-stalks up to 3 feet in length. The plant blooms constantly and is admirably suitable for the N.S.W. climate. Flowers last in water three weeks. Extra strong plants.

Post free, 1/6 each.

F. FERGUSON & SON,

OUR SPECIALITIES

Fruit Trees  Roses

Flowering Shrubs

**Trees for Street
Planting  **

Autumn Tinted Plants

Palms for Table



View of Palm House—30,000 Plants.



Block of One Year Peaches (60,000).

To Our Customers and Horticultural Friends.

WE wish to take this opportunity of sincerely thanking our friends for the support accorded us during the past and previous seasons. The catalogue we now present is the sixtieth issued by the firm, and we wish to start the season with the assurance that nothing in our power will be left undone to satisfy our new clients, equally with those with whom we have been in business relations annually, for almost sixty years. The present catalogue is compiled very largely from personal experience and observation of members of the firm, and nearly all descriptions in this publication have been noted from fruiting trees in our own trial orchards.

PROPAGATION AND GUARANTEE.—Our long experience has impressed upon us the necessity of keeping varieties true to name, and to this end all scions and budwood are procured from fruiting trees in our own orchards, under the personal supervision of members of the firm. We are therefore in a position to guarantee our trees, conditionally that notwithstanding all our precautions, errors in nomenclature, due occasionally to conditions over which we have no control, do occur. In these rare instances, on the receipt of proper proof, we shall be pleased to replace any stock wrong, free of charge. It must be mutually agreed, however, that we cannot hold ourselves responsible for any amount greater or in excess of amount originally paid for trees which prove wrongly named. As previously stated we have anticipated legislation, and have erected our own fumigation chambers at Hurstville. All our stock is treated under the supervision of an officer of Agricultural Department, and clients can rely on any stock coming from us being perfectly clean and free of disease. Certificate can be forwarded to any client who so wishes, if mentioned.

During the year we have largely increased our area under Fruit Trees, and now have at Hurstville and Camden over one hundred acres under intense cultivation. The soil at Hurstville has proved itself peculiarly adapted for the propagation of Citrus Trees, giving fine, sturdy trees, with an abundance of fibrous roots, which stand transplantation second to none in Australia. The same remarks apply to Roses, which are particularly stout and sturdy. In fact, the whole of our stock is exceptionally well grown at all times, and has never in our experience been better than this year, and we cordially invite intending planters to call and inspect, or if this is not possible, to write for a special quotation for large or medium quantities. We would like to point out that with fruit trees especially the best quality only should be planted (see page 3 of cover), as, if the best results and most profitable are wished for from a commercial orchard, we suggest that intending planters be not led astray by so-called cheap offers of fruit trees. These will always prove much more expensive, to say nothing of time and labor lost in bringing such worthless stock to fruition.

We still maintain our present high standard of Packing, which is so well and favorably known throughout the States. We are also very careful to use only new, clean straw and cases, as by this means there is no danger of intro-

BE VERY CAREFUL OF OUR ADDRESS.

ducing any diseases to the orchards. All packing material is charged for at under cost price.

All goods delivered free on rail at Darling Harbour, Hurstville or Camden, any of the Sydney wharves, or carriers, and on a receipt being obtained as delivered by us in good condition our responsibility ceases. If goods do not come to hand after allowing reasonable time for transit from date of our advise, we would ask clients to advise both railways and ourselves, so that parcel can be traced at once; most all our lines being more or less perishable, and undue delay consequently detrimental.

We shall be pleased to book orders at any time during the year, for delivery in season, and would point out that such orders placed early are reserved in first quality, picked stuff, and are sure to please, otherwise all orders are despatched in rotation. Clients' letters are acknowledged as soon as received, and in the event of no acknowledgment being received within a few days, it may be assumed that your letter has miscarried.

We specially direct our customers' attention to the advantages of sending trees at Single Package Rates by goods train, which is a large reduction on ordinary goods rate. One hundred trees would weigh about 1 cwt. When parcels are sent by passenger train we must ask customers, for their own advantage, to be specially sure and add amount of freight to their remittance, as, if this is not done, and parcel is despatched freight on, 50 per cent. additional freight is charged, and in some cases railway refuse despatch.

Our terms are cash on receipt of invoice, a discount of 2½ per cent. being allowed for remittances with order. From unknown correspondents cash with order will always be required, or a good Sydney reference.

We shall be pleased to forward this catalogue gratis on application, and would feel obliged if our clients will forward the names of any of their friends to whom a copy may be useful.

Sincerely hoping to be entrusted with your commands, and in soliciting a trial order are confident of giving utmost satisfaction and retaining your continued patronage.

F. FERGUSON & SON,

Australian Nurseries,

Tel. 58 Kogarah.

Hurstville and Camden, N.S.W.

Please Address all Communications to Hurstville.

Some of the Best Remedies for Practical Orchardists.

Owing to the provisions of the new "Insect Pest Act," more care will have to be used in future in keeping down the various pests which trouble the up-to-date orchardist. Many of these have already taken measures far beyond those required by the Act, and these were hindered to a large extent by the apathy of their neighbours, who will now be brought into line. As we are continually being asked to suggest remedies, and more especially during the busy season, when time is money, we take this opportunity of placing before our clients a few of the most successful Remedies. These are all taken from a very excellent series of leaflets issued by our Department of Agriculture, and numbered 1 to 8, and we would refer our customers to these, which may be obtained free on application to the Department, for further information.

For SCALE ON CITRUS AND OTHER EVERGREEN TREES, use Nos. 1 and 2.

For SCALE ON DECIDUOUS TREES, use No. 2.

For WOOLLY APHIS ON APPLES, use Nos. 3 and 4.

For FUNGUS DISEASES OF ALL KINDS, use Nos. 5 and 6.

For CODLIN MOTH, or INSECTS EATING FRUIT, LEAVES, or BARK, use Nos. 7 and 8.

For PEACH AND OTHER APHIS, use Nos. 4 and 9.

NO. 1.—KEROSENE EMULSION.

Directions for Preparing.—Formula: Hard soap $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., kerosene 2 gallons, boiling water (soft) 1 gallon. For use, dilute or dissolve in 7 gallons of water—winter strength; dilute or dissolve in 22 gallons of water—summer strength. Dissolve $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of hard soap in 1 gallon of boiling water, after which the vessel is removed from the neighbourhood of the fire, the kerosene is added, and the whole churned for ten minutes. One essential condition of success in making this emulsion is that the liquids should be as warm as possible. It is also necessary that the water be as soft as possible. Rain-water is best. For winter spraying of deciduous trees, use winter strength.

NO. 2.—SPECIAL RESIN WASH FOR CITRUS TREES.

Formula: Caustic soda, 70 per cent., 6lb.; resin 16lb., fish oil 3 pints, water 100 gallons. Boil 10 gallons of water and add the above, boiling the whole together from two to three hours, or until well dissolved. To facilitate dissolving the resin, it should be finely powdered and added slowly, stirring all the time. Add hot water, a little at a time, until there is not less than 20 gallons of hot solution. Keep well stirred. Dilute in the proportion of 4 gallons of hot water to 1 gallon of the hot solution, or so as to bring the whole up to 100 gallons. Never add cold water when cooking. This is the best spray the Fruit Expert knows of for scale on citrus trees, and can be applied summer or winter.

NO. 3.—LIME, SALT, AND SULPHUR WASH: WINTER WASH FOR DECIDUOUS TREES.

A good general cleanser. Directions for making.—Formula: Lime 30lb. (fresh slaked), sulphur 20lb., salt 15lb., water 60 gallons. Take 10lb. of lime and 20lb. sulphur, and boil them until thoroughly dissolved, then add the rest of the lime and the salt and water to make 60 gallons. Strain and spray when rather more than milk warm.

NO. 4.—RESIN AND SODA WASH FOR WOOLLY APHIS.

Dissolve 3lb. of washing soda and 4lb. of finely-powdered resin over a fire in about 5 pints of water; then add water to make 5 gallons; boil well till the resin is thoroughly dissolved, and the mixture if of a dark brown colour, and then take 1 gallon of the mixture to 7 gallons of water, and apply milk warm.

NO. 5.—BORDEAUX MIXTURE FOR FUNGUS DISEASES.

Directions for Preparing.—Formula: Copper sulphate (bluestone) 6lb., lime 4lb., made up with 22 or 45 gallons water, according to the season, the smaller proportion being the winter dressing.

Copper Solution: It is immaterial whether hot or cold water be used to dissolve the bluestone. If the mixture is to be made in a hurry, it is best to boil the copper sulphate in water. If there is plenty of time, use cold water; but in this case the bluestone must be suspended in a porous bag (bit of muslin or sacking) as near the surface of the water as possible. If the copper salt is thrown into the vessel, and water poured on the top of it, it will not dissolve in a week. When suspended as described, it should dissolve in about 24 hours. The sulphate of copper solution, when made, must be diluted largely before the lime solution is added to it. This is a very important point. If the copper solution is too strong, the precipitate formed is thick and heavy, and liable to clog the nozzle of the spray pump. If the copper solution is made by dissolving the bluestone in a small quantity of hot water, it should be diluted to 20 gallons before adding the lime.

NO. 6.—LATE STAGES OF FUNGUS DISEASES.

Directions for making Ammonio-carbonate of Copper.—Formula: Copper carbonate 5oz., ammonia (liquor ammoniac sp. gr. '880) 3 pints water 45 gallons. Make a paste in a wooden bucket of the carbonate of copper and a little water. Add the ammonia, which will dissolve the paste, and then dilute to 45 gallons. The first application should be made long before the leaves are half-grown.

NO. 7.—ARSENITE OF SODA WASH FOR CODLIN MOTH, Etc.

Arsenite of soda wash, which is now much used in preference to Parish green by the apple growers as being more effective, is composed of the following

materials:—White arsenic 1lb., washing soda 2lb., water 1 gallon. The materials are boiled until dissolved, which takes only a few minutes. When making up for use, add 40 to 50 gallons of water to a pint, and 4 to 6lb. of fresh slaked lime. The stock mixture can be put away if not used at once, and will keep for any length of time if corked up. Spraying for codlin moth: The first remedy is spraying with Arsenite of Soda, and this should be done as soon as the petals fall from the calyx of the young fruit, for this is then open, and the poison lodges in the cavity. In most apples, and some pears, the sepals of the calyx close up over the cavity in about ten days' time, so that after this date it is too late to spray, and some of the latest authorities say that one spraying, if thoroughly done, before the closing of the calyx (if no rain comes in the interval, when it should be repeated), is quite sufficient to destroy the first brood.

NO. 8.—ARSENATE OF LEAD WASH FOR CODLIN MOTH.

Take 3 to 5lb. of arsenate of lead, and dissolve in 100 gallons of water, when it is at once ready for use. This is now considered the simplest and most efficacious remedy for Codlin Moth, in conjunction with summer and autumn bandaging of trees.

NO. 9.—SUNLIGHT SOAP WASH FOR PEACH APHIS.

Take 1lb. of strong Sunlight Soap and boil in 10 or 12 gallons of water, and apply with either spray pump or a brush, and if aphides are not dead in an hour or two, increase the quantity of soap. Where only a limited number of trees are to be operated upon, this wash is found very efficacious and easily prepared.

We shall be pleased if our Clients will forward the names of any of their friends to whom a copy of this Catalogue may be useful.

F. FERGUSON & SON,

Postal Address: Hurstville.

Hurstville and Camden, N.S.W.

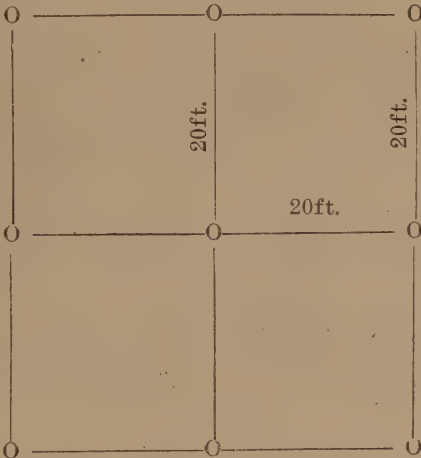
TO INTENDING PLANTERS.

ORDERING.—All orders should be clearly written on order sheets provided in this catalogue and separated from body of letter, and we would ask clients to state clearly in every case how and where they wish their goods consigned to. We frequently receive orders without either names or addresses.

FREIGHT AND PACKING CHARGES must in all cases be paid by consignee, except in the event of us giving a special quote delivered. We may mention, however, that in orders of fair magnitude it is our custom to include extra trees gratis, which in most all cases is a fair substitute for freight charges.

HANDLING TREES ON ARRIVAL.—It is necessary to unpack bundle as soon as received and “heel” in trenches thickly, where, if weather is windy or wet, or in any way unsuitable for planting, they will be perfectly safe for weeks.

ALL TREES MUST BE PRUNED WHEN PLANTED. For the convenience of our clients we append herewith table showing number of trees required to plant an acre. We specially recommend the “Septuple” method, as by reference to plan it will be noted that about 15 per cent. more trees can be planted as against the square system.

Square System.		Square System.		Septuple System.	
Dist. apart of trees.	No. of trees per acre.			Dist. apart of trees.	No. of trees per acre.
Feet.	No.			Feet.	No.
30	48			30	55
28	55			29	60
26	64			28	63
24	75			27	68
22	90			26	73
20	100			25	80
19	120			24	86
18	134			23	94
17	150			22	103
16	169			21	114
15	193			20	125
14	222			18	164
13	257			16	191
12	302			15	222
11	360			14	256
10	435			12	349
5	1742			10	503
1	43,560			5	2012
				1	50,300

ALL STOCK DESPATCHED FROM HURSTVILLE.

**STAMPED PARCELS (PREPAID) RATES.
PER PASSENGER TRAIN.**

Miles. Not exceeding	3 lb.	7 lb.	14 lb.	28 lb.	42 lb.	56 lb.	84 lb.	112 lb.	Each addi- tional 28 lb. or part thereof.
	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d	s d
25	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	0 5
50	0 3	0 3	0 5	0 9	1 1	1 5	1 11	2 5	0 7
75	0 3	0 5	0 7	1 0	1 5	1 10	2 7	3 3	0 9
100	0 4	0 7	0 9	1 3	1 9	2 3	3 3	4 0	1 0
125	0 5	0 9	0 11	1 6	2 1	2 8	3 10	4 9	1 2
150	0 6	0 10	1 1	1 9	2 5	3 1	4 5	5 6	1 4
175	0 7	0 11	1 3	2 0	2 9	3 6	5 0	6 3	1 6
200	0 8	1 0	1 5	2 3	3 1	3 11	5 6	7 0	1 9
250	0 10	1 2	1 9	2 9	3 9	4 9	6 6	8 3	2 0
300	1 0	1 4	2 0	3 3	4 3	5 3	7 3	9 3	2 3
350	1 2	1 6	2 3	3 6	4 9	5 9	7 9	9 9	2 3
400	1 4	1 8	2 3	3 9	5 3	6 3	8 3	10 3	2 6
500	1 6	2 0	2 6	4 3	6 0	7 3	9 3	11 3	2 9
600	1 8	2 0	2 6	4 9	6 6	8 3	10 3	12 3	3 0
700	1 10	2 3	2 9	5 0	7 0	9 0	11 3	13 3	3 3
850	2 0	2 6	3 6	5 6	8 0	10 0	12 9	14 6	3 6
Over 850	2 3	3 0	4 6	6 3	9 6	11 6	14 6	16 6	4 0

Parcels per Post.—To meet the convenience of our inland clients who are some distance from the railway, we can choose sturdy, specially grown trees and plants of nearly all those catalogued, which, if carefully packed in moss, will travel in perfect safety. For Fruit Trees, Roses, Dahlias, Carnations, etc., etc., this mode of transit enables our inland clients to keep abreast of the times in newly introduced varieties. A fumigation certificate accompanies each inter-State parcel, thus preventing any delay or inconvenience.

Approximate weight of 12 plants from pots, 10lbs. (medium-sized plants).

Approximate weight of 12 plants from open ground, 3 to 5lb. (medium-sized plants).

The Rate is: For any Post Office in New South Wales—For the first lb., 6d, and 3d per lb. for each lb. up to 11lb. For any other State (also New Zealand)—For the first lb., 8d, and 6d per lb. for each lb. up to 11lb.

**RATES FOR SINGLE PACKAGES BY GOODS TRAIN, AS
NOW APPLIED TO FRUIT TREES AND PLANTS.**

Miles.	Package not exceeding 60 lbs.	61 lbs. and not exceeding 90 lbs.	91 lbs. and not exceeding 112 lbs.	113 lbs. and not exceeding 140 lbs.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Up to 50	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
51 to 100	1 0	1 0	1 3	1 6
101 to 200	1 3	1 9	2 3	2 6
201 to 300	1 6	2 3	2 9	3 3
301 to 400	1 9	2 6	3 3	3 9
401 to 500	2 0	2 9	3 6	4 3
501 to 600	2 3	3 0	3 9	4 6
Each Additional 100 miles	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 3

All Nursery Stocks can now be sent by single package, goods rate, which is far cheaper than stamped parcels rates.

FRUIT TREES.

GENERAL LIST.

APPLES.

Worked on Blight-proof Stocks.

WE would again draw attention to the fact that working Apples on Blight-Proof Stock does not insure the freedom of the upper part of the tree from the Woolly Aphis. All that is claimed is that the whole of the tree below the graft will never blight. On this account, it is necessary to see that they are grafted on STOCK, say, at least six inches above the ground, and not merely on PIECES of Blight-proof ROOT. Apples so worked are, of course, cheaper than those on Stocks, but as the scion almost invariably roots below ground, and is almost certain to blight, the object of blight-proof stock is defeated.

Price 1s Each, 10s 6d Dozen. Special Quotations for 100 or 1000.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Allsopp's Early.—An extremely early variety, ripening long before Lord Nelson. A showy fruit, mainly cooking.

Astrachan Red.—Fruit fairly large, roundish, covered with deep crimson; flesh quite white, juicy, with a rich acid flavor; an exquisitely beautiful Apple.

Beauty of Bath.—Fruit medium size, skin yellowish green, beautifully striped and spotted with crimson in the sun; flesh slightly yellowish, with a brisk, rich flavor.

Cardinal (syn. Peter the Great).—An apple from the Crimea; bears abundantly, and makes a pretty fruitful pyramid; flesh sprightly, sweet, and transparent; color of the fruit yellow, flecked with red; early.

Carpenter.—(See Gravenstein).

Carolina Red June.—Fruit medium, oval, or conical; skin nearly covered with deep red, almost purple in the sun; flesh very white, tender, very juicy.

Carrington.—Fruit medium, roundish; skin pale yellow; clear light red in the sun; flesh white, very tender; has the reputation thoroughly blight-proof.

Climax.—Blight-proof; skin yellow, streaked with red; flesh yellow, crisp, and juicy, and very sweet; ripens fairly early, and should be a very useful home and market variety.

Coldstream Guard.—A first-class early summer dessert apple, size medium to large, smooth, round, of bright color, and very taking appearance; cannot be too highly recommended for market.

Devonshire Quarrendon.—Fruit medium size, roundish, a little flattened; skin pale crimson in the shade, rich crimson in the sun; flesh whitish, crisp, juicy.

Duchess of Oldenburgh.—Fruit medium, streaked with red on a golden or yellow ground; flesh whitish, with a brisk, sprightly flavor; almost blight-proof.

Gravenstein.—Fruit large, roundish, but a little irregular; skin rich yellow, streaked with bright red; flesh whitish yellow, crisp, with an abundance of rich vinous juice; perhaps the best Early Apple; blight-proof. Known also as Carpenter.

Gannon Grove.—For planting in the warm districts, it will be found invaluable; somewhat resembles a well-grown Carpenter; a perfect dessert, and good for culinary purposes; tree an early cropper.

Hoary Morning.—An early variety, and specially recommended by the Manager Bathurst Orchards as doing well with him.

Irish Peach.—Fruit medium size, oblong in shape; skin clear yellow, handsomely striped with bright red; flesh yellowish white, tender, very juicy; quite blight-proof.

Jewell.—A N.S.W. variety, apparently a cross between Trevett's Seedling and Jonathan; fruit somewhat resembling Trevett's, but with a distinct Jonathan flavor, being juicy, sweet, and very tender; in season it ripens with Carrington, and appears to be blight-proof.

Keswick Codlin.—Fruit large, skin greenish-yellow, with a faint blush; a grand cooking apple, lasting all through summer; tree sturdy and productive.

Lady Sudeley.—A good early apple, large pale yellow, marked with crimson streaks, very pretty upright habit, and productive.

Lord Nelson.—Fruit of enormous size; skin clear lemon yellow, shaded and splashed with a clear bright red; a cooking apple, stewing down to a smooth jelly.

Lord Suffield.—Fruit very large, rather conical, with several blunt angles at its sides; color pale greenish yellow. One of the very finest early cooking apples.

Maiden's Blush.—Fruit medium size, of a delicate waxen color in the shade, and a brilliant crimson in the sun; flesh white, tender, with a pleasant sub-acid flavor.

Marjorie Hay.—A very early dessert apple; fruit large, conical, striped and mottled with lovely red; flesh white, tender, juicy, and very crisp; blight-proof.

Rivers' Early Peach.—A variety of well known Irish Peach Apple, specially recommended for early trade, being two weeks before Irish Peach.

Santa Clara King.—Large, roundish, deep yellow, covered with red on sunny side, ripens fairly early; one of the most profitable for local market.

Scarlet Pearmain (True).—Fruit medium size, rather conical; skin deep yellow in the shade, rich crimson in the sun; flesh white, with tinge of pink. A showy dessert.

Sharpe's Early.—Medium size, roundish; skin deep golden yellow, beautifully striped and mottled with brilliant red and carmine; blight-proof.

Summer King.—A valuable early variety; fruit large, beautifully striped crimson, red and orange; flesh tender, crisp, and very juicy; a prolific cropper.

Trivett's Seedling.—Fruit medium size, skin yellow, streaked and splashed with

broken crimson stripes; a showy apple, and a good market variety; blight-proof.

Williams' Favorite.—A very handsome dessert apple, of very fine flavor; in appearance bright red, in shape similar to Pearmain. One of the best earlies. 1/6.

Yorkshire Beauty.—A large green cooking Apple, of the very best quality for that purpose; fit for use some weeks before it is fully ripe; blight-proof.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Alexander.—Very large, regularly formed; skin greenish yellow, faintly streaked with red in the sun; a grand cooking apple; tree very vigorous and a regular cropper.

American Golden Russet.—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin dull yellow, sprinkled with a very thin russet; flesh yellowish, very tender, with a rich, spicy flavor.

Allington Pippin.—A variety of Cox's Orange Pippin, medium sized, oval and conical; skin clear yellow, flaked with crimson; flesh white, firm, and crisp.

Beauty of Kent.—Fruit very large, roundish; skin greenish-yellow, covered with broad, purplish stripes; one of the best cooking apples.

Betty Geeson.—Fruit large, flattened; skin greenish yellow, with a brown red cheek in the sun; a fine culinary variety; tree an enormous bearer.

Bismarck.—Fruit large, roundish, but flattened; skin yellow, completely covered with broken crimson stripes and blotches; quite blight-proof, and a heavy and early bearer; cooking.

Blondin.—A fair-sized, very showy Apple, ripening fairly late. Has a favorable reputation at the Bathurst Orchard.

Caldwel's Keeper.—Fruit large; skin deep yellow, covered with deep red in the sun; flesh yellowish, very rich and aromatic; a very showy dessert apple.

Cox's Orange Pippin.—Fruit medium size, round, very regular; skin greenish yellow, with a dark red cheek; flesh yellow, crisp, with a rich, aromatic flavor.

Charles Ross.—A seedling of Cox's Orange Pippin, crossed with Peasgood's Nonsuch; fruit of the shape of Cox's Orange Pippin; flesh fine, delicious, highly colored.

Esopus Spitzenberg.—A very handsome dessert apple, large, round, rather long; skin clear lemon yellow, with a beautiful carmine cheek; rich and aromatic.

Foster.—Is of a most beautiful color, and of very fine flavor. Coming into use in February, it will fill up a gap in the market between the very early

- apples and "Jonathan," when good dessert apples are scarce.
- John Sharp.**—An improved Pomme de Neige, perfectly blight-proof, and very productive; fruit is equally as handsome as its parent.
- King of Pippins.**—Fruit of medium size, roundish; skin pale yellow, with a fine red cheek; flesh yellowish, firm, rich. Recommended as a good export apple.
- Ligne Tillisch.**—Fruit enormous size, and very showy; good quality; considered to be perhaps the heaviest cropping apple extant.
- Lincolnshire Triumph.**—Medium sized, round, handsomely shaped; skin of a deep bright crimson, yellow where shaded, flesh juicy, tender, white stained with red; a good dessert apple; medium.
- Mobbs' Royal.**—Fruit very large, a little flattened; skin grass green, covered with brown red in the sun; flesh white, juicy, sub-acid. A grand cooking fruit.
- Mala Carle.**—Fruit medium size, pale lemon yellow in the shade, and a brilliant crimson cheek in the sun; flesh white, with a delicate flavor.
- Marchales Red.**—Fruit very large, oblong, quality very good, slightly acid in flavor, extremely heavy cropper, very popular in California.
- McIntosh's Red.**—Is a greatly improved Fanny or Pomme de Neige, having the same snow-white flesh of Fanny, but is far more highly colored and richly flavored. In color it is a deep glowing crimson. Our stock is the genuine variety, being worked from trees fruiting under our notice at Camden.
- Nelson Codlin.**—A variety doing well at the Bathurst Orchard. With us it appears rather of dwarf habit.
- Peasegood Nonsuch.**—In most respects similar to Gravenstein, quite as handsome, and of equal flavor, but twice as large, and a little later.
- Prince of Pippins.**—Fruit medium size, a little tapering; skin deep yellow in the shade, rich red in the sun; flesh yellow, crisp; very rich and good.
- Pomme de Neige.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, a little flattened; skin yellow, tinged with red in the shade, deep red in the sun; flesh very white, juicy, and good; known as Fameuse Snowy and Fanny.
- Reinette Lithuanienne.**—Fruit medium sized, flesh white, juicy, and of excellent quality, bears early, and is extremely productive.
- Ribstone Pippin.**—Fruit medium size; skin dull yellow, patched, and streaked with dark and pale red; flesh crisp, with a most agreeable high flavor.
- Ruby Gem.**—A medium sized fruit, of very handsome appearance; skin brilliant red all over; flesh white, crisp, and juicy; tree a strong grower; blight-proof.
- Sandringham.**—A new English dessert apple, having a splendid reputation of high spicy flavor, and heavy and constant bearing qualities.
- Twenty-Ounce.**—Fruit very large, roundish; skin greenish yellow, boldly splashed and marked with stripes of purplish red; very handsome cooking apple; blight-proof.
- Willie Sharp.**—Another quite blight-proof apple, pale yellow color, with very strong aroma; heavy cropper; invaluable for dessert or kitchen; ripe end of February. 1/6.
- Worcester Pearmain.**—Fruit medium size, skin almost covered with dark red stripes and marblings of crimson. A very handsome dessert apple.

WINTER VARIETIES.

- Adam's Pearmain.**—Fruit medium sized, rather oblong; skin yellow, splashed with red; a grand dessert fruit, sent to Sydney from Tasmania as Dutch Mig-nonne.
- Alfriston.**—Fruit large, roundish, a little ribbed; skin pale greenish yellow, flesh white, firm, sub-acid; a noted old English cooking apple.
- American Beauty.**—A very large, showy cooking apple; skin yellow, almost covered with very deep red.
- Annie Elizabeth.**—Fruit large, roundish, ribbed; skin pale yellow, with faint streaks in the shade, but bright red in the sun; tree a remarkably vigorous grower.
- Apple of Commerce.**—Fruit beautifully colored, largest size, and nearly round; sound, hard, will cling to a tree during heaviest gale; said to be moth-proof.
- Barry.**—Fruit large, somewhat conical; flesh firm, crisp, juicy, and of best quality; skin yellow, with carmine; tree hardy and productive; very late keeper.
- Baldwin.**—Fruit large, roundish, ribbed; skin yellow, covered with stripes of crimson; flesh yellowish, crisp; strongly recommended for the cool districts.
- Baxter's Pearmain.**—Fruit large, elongated, skin pale green, with streaks of red; flesh yellowish, sub-acid; valuable for both cooking and dessert.
- Blenheim Orange Pippin.**—Fruit large, roundish, oblate; skin deep orange, dull and dark red stripes; flesh yellow, breaking very sweet and juicy.
- Ben Davis.**—Fruit medium to large size; skin yellow, almost covered with splashes of two shades of red; flesh white, tender, fairly juicy and aromatic.
- Boston Russet.**—Fruit medium to large size, roundish; skin dull green, almost

- covered with brownish yellow russet; in cool districts keeps till spring.
- Buncombe (Red Winter Pearmain).**—Fruit medium size, oblong, conical; skin yellowish white, mostly shaded with maroon. A very regular bearer.
- Black Ben Davis.**—Seedling of that well known apple, Ben Davis; better quality and keeper, and a much more certain cropper. So far it shows no blight.
- Calville Blanche.**—A very showy pale yellow variety, slightly tinged red; size above medium; very crisp and tender; of pleasant, sub-acid flavor.
- Cannon's Pearmain.**—Fruit medium size; roundish conic; skin yellow, striped and marbled with red; flesh yellow, firm, with a very rich sub-acid flavor.
- Canada Reinette.**—Fruit largest size; skin a little brown in the sun, with many dots and russet patches; flesh nearly white; Triomphe de Luxembourg is identical.
- Carlton.**—Blight-proof; a strong, thrifty grower, and most prolific bearer; fruit very large, yellow striped, and suffused with carmine; flesh crisp, juicy.
- Champion.**—In America is considered one of their best shipping varieties, being very late and firm; skin deep golden yellow, covered with scarlet stripes. An early cropper, and not liable to blight.
- Chicago.**—Fruit small, oblong, rich, warm yellow ground, with a vermilion cheek, crisp, sprightly, sub-acid. Quality equal to Jonathan; late.
- Claygate Pearmain.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, conical; skin greenish yellow, nearly covered with brownish red; flesh yellow, tender, very rich.
- Cleopatra.**—Fruit medium to large size, oblong to conical; skin a fine clear lemon yellow; flesh white, very juicy and rich; a grand dessert apple.
- Coronation.**—A new apple, above medium size, skin pale yellow, striped and spotted with red, flesh firm, of a very nice flavor; late.
- Creases (Frampton's).**—Fruit large size, roundish; skin almost covered with bright red; flesh very juicy and rich; a fine cooking or dessert apple, and quite blight-proof.
- Delicious.**—In color like Jonathan, of most exquisite Ribston flavor. One of the best late-keeping apples. Should be a grand thing for our cool districts.
- Dumelow's Seedling (Wellington).**—Fruit large, roundish, flattened; skin pale yellow, a light red cheek, and a little russet; late cooking, of grand quality.
- Edward VII.**—A cross from Blenheim Orange and Golden Noble, skin yellow, marked brown, dark red on the sunny side; flavor of Blenheim Orange; one of the very best late kitchen and table apples; very prolific.
- Edward Ippiat.**—Large, roundish, sometimes oblate, even and regular in outline; skin yellow, streaked with lively crimson; flesh white, crisp, juicy, and sweet, with a fine aromatic perfume, and exceedingly rich flavor. Tree vigorous, heavy and early bearer; a dessert apple of highest excellence; late.
- England's Glory (Gascoigne Scarlet).**—A very handsome, red-cheeked apple from Kent; free grower, and a great bearer; a first-class dessert apple.
- Fall Pippin.**—One of the finest flavored dessert apples in cultivation. A good cropper and hardy. Tree appears blight-proof. Sure to become popular; late.
- Five Crown Pippin (London Pippin).**—Fruit large, roundish; skin pale yellow, with, in some districts, a dark red cheek. A grand all-round apple, drying well.
- French Crab.**—Fruit medium size, globular; skin dark green; the very best keeping apple, keeping easily for a year. Largely grown for export in Tasmania.
- Golden Russet.**—Fruit medium size; skin rough, dull yellow, covered with russet; flesh whitish yellow, very sprightly; recommended for export.
- Grange's Pearmain.**—Fruit large, roundish, conical; skin yellow, with broken stripes of red; flesh yellowish white, tender, juicy, brisk, pleasant, acid.
- Grime's Golden Pippin.**—Fruit medium size, roundish oblate; skin rich golden yellow, with a few grey dots; flesh yellow, crisp, rich, with a spicy aroma.
- Gloria Mundii.**—Fruit very large, roundish, oblate; ribbed skin, greenish yellow; flesh rather coarse-grained, juicy, with a pleasant acid flavour. Good culinary.
- Gooseberry.**—Fruit large, roundish, with blunt ribs; skin deep green, becoming yellow when stored; with a brownish red cheek. One of the latest cooking.
- Granny Smith.**—A very heavy bearer, and when grown in such districts as Orange will keep for the whole year. Strongly recommended for export.
- Glowing Coal.**—A most imposing apple, and its name exactly describes its color. Is inclined to overcrop, and should be thinned. Will always bring good prices.
- Green Sweet.**—Large green cooking variety, of first quality, ripening very late in season; flesh snow-white, tender and juicy, with a lovely flavor.
- Hawthornden.**—Fruit large size, roundish, flattened; skin smooth, fine green in the shade, rich red in the sun; flesh whitish, firm, juicy, sub-acid.
- Hoover.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, slightly oblique; skin yellowish, covered, splashed, and striped with two shades of red; flesh yellowish.

- Horn.**—Fruit small to medium, tree hardy, and an immense cropper; a dessert apple of exceptional quality; good keeper. 1/6.
- Jonathan.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, conical; skin light yellow, almost covered with light and dark red or purple in the sun; flesh whitish, a little pinkish; very tender and juicy, with a sprightly, vinous flavor. Highly recommended for shipping.
- Kentucky Redstreak.**—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin greenish yellow, shaded with dull purplish red, flesh whitish, tender, juicy, mild, sub-acid.
- Kentish Fillbasket** (Imported).—Fruit very large, frequently $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, round, slightly ribbed; skin pale yellow, brownish red in the sun.
- King's Acre Pippin.**—A splendid late dessert apple; the fruit resembles the Ribston Pippin in shape, but is a little flatter; a valuable market apple; late.
- King David.**—A rich dark red apple, with yellowish flesh; flavor good, juicy and rich; indeed, the quality is of the very best; the apple is supposed to be a cross between Jonathan and Arkansas Blk., and adds the quality of the former to the fine appearance of the latter. "King David" has been exhibited at a number of horticultural meetings, and several years ago was awarded the premium by the Illinois (U.S.A.) State Horticultural Society for the best new apple. Tree is hardy and vigorous, and great things are expected from this new variety. Price 1/6 each.
- Lady Hopetoun.**—In appearance it very much resembles "Jonathan"; the raiser says the tree is perfectly blight-proof, that the fruit hangs well until the end of April.
- Lane's Prince Albert.**—Fruit large, conical; skin clear grass green, with broken streaks of crimson; a very showy and profitable culinary variety.
- Lamb Abbey Pearmain.**—Fruit medium, roundish; skin deep yellow, shaded, splashed and striped with red; flesh whitish. A dessert apple, rich and spicy.
- Late Wine.**—Fruit medium size; skin shaded with light and dark crimson. A grand dessert fruit, identical with Crow's Egg.
- Lady's Sweet.**—Large, yellowish-green, with crimson stripes; tender, juicy, and crisp; flesh greenish white, very sweet; good late dessert variety.
- Lemon Pippin.**—Fruit medium size, oval; skin entirely lemon yellow; flesh firm, brisk, sub-acid. A fine early winter dessert.
- Lippiatt's Seedling.**—Sent to us from New Zealand, as the best dessert apple grown in N.Z. Tree vigorous; heavy and constant cropper. 1/6.
- Lord Wolseley.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, conical; skin clear, rich yellow; flesh very firm, juicy, sub-acid, brisk. Tree a constant bearer, and quite blight-proof.
- Loy.**—Is one of the largest and showiest apples in cultivation, rivalling that well known variety, "Gloria Mundi"; ripens in April.
- Magg's Seedling.**—Fruit above medium size, roundish, a little flattened; skin yellow, striped and splashed with rich red; long keeper, and blight-proof.
- Mannington Pearmain.**—Fruit below medium size, conical or truncated; skin yellow, splashed with red; flesh yellowish, tender; first quality dessert.
- Munroe's Favorite.**—Fruit largest size, roundish, but tapering; skin clear yellow, with a reddish-brown cheek. A late keeping apple of first quality.
- Missouri Pp.**—Received from America as one of their very best shipping apples, and was in the Sydney markets this spring from Canada in grand condition.
- Mrs. H. E. Sharp.**—Roundish oblate; skin smooth, clear pale waxen yellow, streaked and dotted with lively crimson.
- Nickajack.**—Fruit large, roundish, oblate; skin yellowish, striped, shaded, and splashed with two shades of red; flesh yellowish, firm; enormous bearer.
- Northern Spy.**—Fruit large, oblate, conical; skin pale yellow, with light and dark purple stripes; flesh yellowish; tree a very strong grower, blight-proof.
- New York Pippin.**—(See Cleopatra).
- Newtown Pippin.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, ribbed; skin olive green, with a faint dull brownish blush; flesh juicy and crisp, with rich flavor.
- Newton Wonder.**—A large, well colored apple of splendid cooking quality. Tree vigorous and very productive. One of the best late apples.
- Perfection.**—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin yellow, but deep rich red in the sun; flesh whitish, crisp, very rich; does well in the colder districts.
- Prince Alfred.**—Fruit large, elongated, conical; skin yellow, striped with clear red; flesh yellowish, firm, juicy, and rich. A grand export apple.
- Purity.**—A very large American cooking apple, very firm in texture, a heavy bearer, and quite blight-proof.
- Paragon.**—Fruit large, roundish, somewhat flattened, dark red; flesh firm, yellow, crisp, aromatic, sub-acid, and juicy; late keeper, excellent quality.
- Parlin's Beauty.**—Fruit large, roundish, conical, skin smooth, greenish yellow, covered with a delicate bloom; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, juicy and sweet.
- Royal Late Cooking.**—Late keeping culinary apple. Fruit of largest size, flesh pale yellow, exceedingly rich and juicy; tree extremely hardy and productive.

- Rokewood.**—Fruit medium size, slightly conic, skin rich crimson, a little russet; flesh whitish, very firm, crisp; a most prolific bearer, and, from its keeping qualities in cool districts, a most profitable variety.
- Red Majestic.**—Described as an Improved Munroe's Favorite, fully half the fruit being covered with glowing red and pink; should become very popular.
- Reine Louise de Danemark.**—A valuable late-keeping, medium sized, dessert apple, of highest excellence; flesh white, firm, crisp and juicy; skin slight yellow, flushed dark red on sunny side.
- Rome Beauty.**—Fruit large, skin greenish yellow, mottled and shaded with light red and streaks of darker red. Owing to its late blooming, it escapes late frosts.
- Rymer.**—Fruit large, roundish, flattened; skin greenish yellow; a few streaks of pale red in the shade, deep red in the sun; a good quality culinary apple.
- Royal Russet.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, oblate; skin yellowish green, mostly covered with brownish russet; flesh greenish white, firm; a rich acid.
- Salome.**—A splendid late-keeping apple of American origin; fruit medium size, skin pale yellow, striped, shaded, and splashed with light and dark red.
- Scarlet Nonpareil.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, oblate; sage green, striped and shaded with deep red; flesh yellowish white, very firm, juicy, rich and spicy.
- Schroeders.**—One of the best apples of recent introduction, invaluable either for cooking or dessert; late. 1/6.
- Sharpe's Late Red.**—Fruit large, skin is bright red, striped, on a yellow ground; flesh yellow, red beneath the skin; in season June to September.
- Shockley.**—Fruit below medium size, roundish, conical; skin pale yellow, overspread with red, with a few dots; flesh crisp, juicy; grand dessert; good keeper.
- Stansill.**—Fruit medium, roundish; skin yellowish green, sometimes a blush in the sun; flesh yellowish, firm, rich. Comes into bearing very early; splendid keeper.
- Sturmer Pippin.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, oblate; skin a fine yellow, almost covered with brownish-red; flesh firm, crisp, and very rich; grown largely in Tasmania.
- Stewart's Seedling (Ballarat Seedling).**—Fruit of largest size, roundish, flattened; skin pale yellow, with a brown-red cheek; flesh white, firm, and solid.
- Swaar.**—Fruit large, regular, roundish; skin a fine dead gold color, with numerous distinct brown specks; flesh yellowish, fine-grained, tender.
- Stone Pippin.**—(See Winter Pearmain.)
- Senator.**—Fruit not too large, and more brilliant than Pomme de Neige. Tree a vigorous grower and regular cropper.
- Stayman Winesap.**—Said to be a great improvement on old Winesap; a variety largely exported from America to Australia. This variety we would specially bring under the notice of growers of apples for shipping.
- Thomas Rivers** (syn. "Rivers' Codlin").—This apple is a cooking variety of singularly rich flavor, large and brilliant color; flesh very firm in texture; ready for use in the middle of April, and lasts until July; the tree is very healthy.
- Wealthy.**—Fruit medium size, oblate; skin whitish yellow, broken stripes in the shade, deep rich crimson in the sun; flesh white, a little stained with red.
- William Anderson.**—Fruit of large size, roundish, slightly conical; skin greenish yellow, brilliant red in the sun; flesh firm, very rich and spicy; a heavy and constant cropper.
- Winter Magetin.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, skin dark green, covered with brown red in the sun; flesh whitish, with a brisk, sub-acid flavor; blight-proof.
- Welcome (Black Coal).**—In size medium to large, roundish, conical; dark black red; flesh very crisp and juicy; white, stained with red; sub-acid flavor. Recommended as one of the best; fairly late.
- Winter Pearmain.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, inclined to be conical; skin pale yellow, with a red cheek; flesh crisp, very juicy; splendid cooking.
- Winter Peach.**—Fruit medium, cream color, flesh very tender and juicy, with fine acidity; a valuable cooking apple, and good keeper; late. 1/6.
- Winesap.**—Fruit medium size, roundish oblong; skin smooth, a fine dark red in the sun, a little yellow in the shade; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, a rich flavor.
- Winterstein.**—A late variety of Gravenstein or Carpenter, raised by Luther Burbank, who describes it as a clean grower and heavy cropper, and a perfect dessert variety.
- Wright's Perfection.**—A seedling from Jonathan; the tree can almost be considered blight-proof, and is of very dwarf and sturdy habit. This apple is one of the heaviest croppers, and comes into bearing sooner than any other; in season from March to May.
- Yates.**—Fruit small, conic; skin whitish yellow, splashed with shades of red; flesh white, stained next the skin; an enormous bearer; blight-proof.
- York Imperial.**—Medium oblong; angular; yellow, shaded red; flesh yellow, firm, juicy; an excellent shipping variety; always commanding good prices.

Dwarf Apple Trees.

THESE TREES are most suitable for filling spaces along walks, or in places where there is not sufficient room for standard trees. They produce the finest samples of fruit, are remarkably heavy bearers, are easily gathered, and less liable to be blown off. The following varieties have been selected as best adapted to this mode of culture:—

Price, 2s each; 21s per dozen.

Carrington

Emp. Alexander

Five Crown Pippin

Gravenstein

Granny Smith

Irish Peach

Jonathan

Lord Nelson

Lord Suffield

McIntosh Red

Northern Spy

Prince Bismarck

Ribston Pippin

Rome Beauty

Twenty-Ounce

Cider Apples.

WE OFFER VARIETIES, specially as the best apples for producing Cider. These are the most profitable varieties where the making of cider is an enormous industry. All worked on blight-proof stocks.

Price 2s each.

SPECIALLY imported by us, as being the most profitable Cider Apples in cultivation in Great Britain.

Cherry Pearmain.—Roundish, occasionally somewhat conical, skin entirely covered with brilliant crimson, and broken streaks of darker color; flesh yellowish, stained with red at eye and core; choice.

Eggleton Styre.—Skin rich yellow, golden in the sun, and covered with patches and traces of russet; medium size, roundish and obtusely ribbed; flesh yellowish, tender, juicy.

Fox Whelp.—Fruit medium size roundish, inclining to ovate; skin beautifully striped with deep bright crimson and yellow, darker crimson in sun; flesh yellow, tender, acid flavor. One of best, although in cultivation for 300 years.

Kingston Black.—Skin pale yellow, strip-

ed red on shaded side, and shaded purple in sun; abundant cropper. The best cider apple grown in Somersetshire.

Red Streak.—Skin deep clear yellow, streaked with red on shady side, deeper red in sun; surface spotted with russet; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, briskly acid, medium size.

Skyrme's Kernel.—Skin smooth and shining, almost covered with streaks of brilliant crimson on a pale crimson cheek; flesh yellowish, crisp, sub-acid; from Herefordshire; quite in first rank.

White Norman.—Skin perfectly white, with a few large russet dots, distantly sprinkled over surface; flesh snow-white soft and spongy; smallish; excellent for cider.

CUSTARD APPLE (Cherimoyer).

THIS delicious fruit is well worth a trial in the warm inland districts, as, when established, it is much more hardy than is generally supposed.

Price 1s 3d each; 12s per dozen.

Rough Fruited.—Only differs from other variety in having a rough skin.

ALL TREES FUMIGATED BEFORE SENDING OUT.

APRICOTS.

WE now work our Apricots on three stocks. First on Apricot Seedlings, which we consider, in nearly all situations, the most suitable. We also use largely the Seedling Peach Stock, which stock is largely in demand in Queensland and coastal districts of this State. We also raise a quantity on the Plum Stock, to supply the demand of New Zealand and our own moister districts.

Price 1s each, 10s 6d doz.; Special Quotations per 100 or 1000.

- Alexis.**—A Russian apricot; very hardy and prolific bearer; yellow, with red-streaked cheek; large to very large, slightly acid, rich and luscious.
- Alsace.**—Fruit large, roundish; skin deep rich yellow, shaded with brownish red; flesh deep yellow, very rich. Of Moorpark type. Ripe first week in January.
- Angoumois Hative.**—A fine apricot, ripening first week in January. Fruit medium size, deep yellow, dark brown in the sun. Flesh deep yellow, rich.
- Blenheim (Shipley's).**—One of our very best apricots. Fruit largest, a little pointed; skin clear yellow, bright red cheek; flesh deep orange.
- Bobby Allen.**—A second early apricot, succeeding Masculine by ten days. Fruit large, conical, of good color, known as Allen's Early.
- Busche Pêche.**—Fruit medium size; skin pale yellow, but bright red in the sun; flesh deep yellow, rich and sugary; ripe last week in December.
- Belle de Toulouse.**—Fruit very large, rather pale, but rich and juicy; a constant cropper, of good size. Ripens 10th December. Is a good carrier.
- Bruchet.**—Oval; skin fine, orange yellow, very dark carmine on the sunny side; flesh firm, lemon-yellow, fine, melting, well perfumed; early.
- Brugarta.**—This is considered a most valuable variety; fruit large; flesh bright orange, and of delicious flavor; tree symmetrical, upright and vigorous grower; very productive.
- Bungombe.**—Very early, rather small, juicy, of good flavor; comes in before any other apricot.
- Campbellfield's Seedling.**—Fruit very large; skin rich orange, with large red blotches; flesh deep orange, very rich, juicy; this is one of our very best.
- Camden Pale Superb.**—Fruit very large, oval; skin pale yellow, bright red in the sun; flesh pale, very meaty; ripe first week December.
- Carrington.**—A colonial variety, must be heavily thinned; fruit large; skin brownish in the sun; flesh rich and vinous; ripe after Christmas.
- Californian Royal.**—An American form of the famous Royal; fruit medium size, round; skin rich orange, not spotted; very rich, juicy; ripe December.
- Dundonald.**—A very favorite variety in Victoria and Tasmania; fruit very large, skin deep orange; a fine variety, ripening with Moorpark.
- Defarges.**—A French variety; medium to large, golden orange with purple cheek, flesh firm, sugary and juicy, deep orange yellow. Ripens December.
- D Chancellor.**—Large, of excellent quality, deep orange yellow, high flavor; heavy and constant cropper, and considered one of the best varieties.
- Denham Court.**—A variety received by us from Denham Court. Described as a most profitable market variety, being of large size, very showy.
- Elruge.**—Fruit always large; skin clear, deep yellow, dark red in the sun; flesh firm, with an abundance of rich, luscious juice; first week in December.
- Early Moorpark.**—A very fine apricot, ripe here second week in December; very large; deep, rich orange in skin and flesh; very rich, vinous juice.
- Early Golden.**—A little known variety, ripening a little after Masculine, but much larger; skin and flesh deep orange. A really first-rate sort.
- Gourlay.**—A Californian variety, largely grown there for canning.
- Harris.**—A new American variety with the very highest reputation; fruit of largest size, roundish; skin deep golden yellow, bearing constantly.
- Hemskirke.**—Fruit largest size, roundish, flattened on both sides; skin deep orange, bright red in the sun; flesh deep yellow; ripe middle of December.
- Hative d'Auverne.**—An enormous fruit; in shape long, conical. The tree needs the knife in summer, but very little in winter; ripe second week December.
- Kaisha.**—Very strongly resembles Pineapple; ripe here third week in December; its size and appearance will recommend it to planters for market.
- Large Early.**—A variety with a high reputation. Tree very vigorous, and

- must be pruned lightly in winter; said to ripen two weeks after Masculine.
- Large Orange.**—A most profitable apricot, bearing every year an enormous crop of large, very highly colored fruit; the flavor, when fully ripe, is first-rate.
- Moorpark (Temple's).**—Fruit very large, round, one-sided; skin deep reddish orange, with an abundance of rich juice; needs good cultivation; ripe end December.
- Mansfield Seedling.**—Very large, somewhat like Moorpark; skin deep orange, with a few red dots; a heavy bearer, ready to gather at Christmas.
- Montgamet.**—Fruit only medium; skin pale yellow, a little red next the sun; flesh yellowish; a clingstone.
- Mauger.**—Is a seedling of the Peach Apricot, ripening earlier, and far superior quality. Same size and form as peach, but more juicy and sugary.
- Newcastle Early.**—Ripens third week November, or 14 days after Red Masculine; a larger fruit, of fine yellow color, and a heavy bearer.
- Oullin's Early.**—Fruit large; skin deep rich yellow, flesh orange, very rich; ripe third week December, and is eagerly purchased by canners.
- Oullin's Improved.**—Fruit very large, deep rich yellow; very sweet, of true "Moorpark" flavor; a heavy and constant cropper.
- Pine Apple.**—A fine apricot, which, in our experience, never fails to bear a crop; fruit large, roundish; skin bright yellow; very clean; ripe Christmas week.
- Peach.**—Is of Moorpark type, and does well all over Riverina; recommended by our Agricultural Department as a canner especially.
- Royal.**—Fruit large, roundish, oval; skin deep yellow, tinged with beautiful red in the sun; flesh deep yellow, with an abundance of rich, vinous juice. Ripe third week in December.
- Red Masculine.**—The earliest apricot we have, ripening here November 9; fruit small, round; skin yellow, beautifully red in the sun.
- Roman.**—Probably the very hardest apricot; fruit large, roundish, oval; skin fine yellow, with a pale red cheek; fairly juicy. Ripe first week in January.
- Riverside.**—A fruit larger than Moorpark; skin tinged red where exposed; flesh deep orange yellow, and very luscious; ripens after Oullin's.
- River's Large Red.**—A most prolific bearer, fairly large, round; bright red in the sun; flesh orange, very rich and vinous; ripe third week in December.
- Royal George.**—A good fruit, hanging till New Year here; of good size, and fine flavor. Its fault is want of colour; but its season makes it valuable.
- St. Ambroise.**—Fruit large, roundish, deep yellow, rich red in the sun, very clean and smooth; flesh deep yellow. Should ripen end November.
- Sunrise.**—Described as the largest of early apricots, coming in with Newcastle; fruit deep orange, covered with minute red dots, tender and juicy.
- Smyrna.**—Fruit large to very large, resembling Hemskirke, sweet and juicy, parts freely from the stone; remarkable on account of the kernel, being free from the prussic-acid flavour, and is in Smyrna used as an almond.
- Sparks' Mammoth.**—Extra large size, pale yellow, flesh clear yellow, very juicy and sweet.
- Superbe.**—A variety highly recommended by Continental Pomological Societies, being of specially fine quality, and very sugary, ripening fairly late.
- Tilton.**—A new Californian seedling; fruit very large, rich apricot colour; high flavour; uniform ripening; productive, with frost resisting qualities.
- Turkey.**—Fruit medium, round, smooth; skin fine deep orange, brownish red in the sun; flesh yellow, firm, juicy; ripe last week December.
- Warwick.**—Fruit very large, oval; deep orange, with brilliant red in the sun; flesh orange, very firm, rich and vinous. Its size and appearance will always sell it. Ripe third week in December.

BANANAS.

ALTHOUGH, strictly speaking, a tropical fruit, the Banana will bear well in many parts of the State, especially in the interior. Of course, a sheltered situation must be chosen.

- Cavendishii.**—The well known dwarf banana, producing immense bunches of large, delicious fruit, with a delicious flavour. Price 2s each.
- Lady's Finger.**—A splendid flavoured variety, fruit long and slender, produced in enormous bunches. Very hardy, and of finest flavor. 1/6 each.
- Plantain.**—The hardest of the tribe, ripening its fruit even in this locality. Price, 1s 6d each.
- Sapientum.**—The common banana, very hardy, and, although not so rich as the preceding, of good flavor. Price 1/6.
- Giant Sugar.**—Fruit small, but produced in immense bunches; flavour particularly rich and delicious. Price 2/6 each.

CHERRIES.

Worked on Seedling Mazzard Stock, and so avoiding the Suckering so troublesome where the common suckers are used.

THE CHERRY requires a deep, warm, dry soil, with special regard to drainage. If these conditions are observed, there is no more prolific fruit crop.

Price 1s each; 10s 6d doz.; Special Quotations per 100 and 1000. . . .

- Archduke.**—Fruit large, skin bright red, becoming very dark when mature; flesh half melting, juicy, with rich sub-acid flavor; ripens after May Duke.
- Bedford Prolific.**—Fruit large, roundish, skin dull brownish black; flesh tender and rich; a fine cherry, and a heavy and constant cropper; early.
- Belle de Orleans.**—Fruit above medium size, roundish; skin yellow, half covered with pale red; an enormous cropper, ripening just after Early Purple Gean.
- Bigarreau Rockport.**—Skin a beautiful bright red; flesh firm, juicy, sweet, and rich. Ripens a few days before May Duke.
- Bigarreau Gaucher.**—New early cherry. Fruit very large, nearly round; skin brownish red; flesh reddish, firm, juicy, and good. After E. P. Gean.
- Belle de Montreuil.**—Fruit very large, round, marbled with red; flesh firm, deep red. Sugary, perfumed. An early variety, and hardy.
- Bela di Pistoia.**—An early variety. Fruit very large, round, dark red; flesh soft, sweet, and very perfumed. 1s 6d.
- Bigarreau Pellsier.**—Beautiful large fruit, often measuring one inch in diameter; skin dark glossy red; flesh rosy, firm and crisp; valuable early cherry.
- Bigarreau Abel.**—Fruit very large, heart-shaped; black flesh, firm, juicy, highly flavoured; tree very productive; late.
- Bigarreau Elton.**—A variety specially selected by Continental growers as being one of the earliest and most profitable; should ripen early in November.
- Bigarreau M. Goucher.**—Fruit very large, nice red colour, heart-shaped, firm, juicy, delicious; ripening late in season; tree very vigorous and prolific.
- Bigarreau Riverchon.**—Large, almost black, flesh firm and good.
- Bigarreau Twyford.**—Fruit large, obtuse heart-shaped; skin a bright shining red; strongly recommended for growing for market, on account of its earliness.
- Bigarreau Noir de Guben.**—Large and good; very lustrous in colour, and a prolific cropper.
- Bigarreau Noir de Schmidt.**—A very large black cherry, rich and good; medium.
- Bigarreau Napoleon.**—Fruit of the largest size, regularly heart-shaped; skin amber in the shade, with a fine crimson cheek; flesh firm and crackling; juicy.
- Bigarreau Black.**—Fruit very large, heart-shaped, skin smooth and even; jet black; like St. Margaret, but appears to succeed in a warmer climate; late.
- Bigarreau Monstreux de Mezel.**—A very large, handsome cherry of excellent quality; medium.
- Black Eagle.**—Fruit above medium size; borne in pairs and three; skin almost black; flesh deep purple; superior to Black Heart, with which it ripens.
- Black Republican (Lewelling)**—A hybrid of Napoleon and Black Tartarian; fruit of large size, deep shining black. Ripens latest.
- Black Tartarian.**—Fruit of largest size, heart-shaped; skin glossy, purplish black; flesh purplish, half tender; a superb fruit, ripening after May Duke.
- Bigarreau Jabourlay.**—Described as the earliest Bigarreau Cherry, fruit large; dark red, rich flavour; very highly spoken of on the Continent.
- Bleeding Heart.**—Fruit medium size, quite heart-shaped; skin dark, dull red; flesh firm, but juicy, of fair flavour; a heavy cropper. Mid-season.
- Burgdoff's Seedling.**—A magnificent large dark red, very early variety, ripening just after Early Purple Guigne, and, in our opinion, is going to supersede this variety.
- California Advance.**—A seedling from Early Purple Guigne; ripens one week earlier; much larger, and a heavier cropper; dark purple; firm fleshed.
- Chapman.**—A seedling of Black Tartarian, larger and finer, a better bearer, and ripens immediately after Purple Guigne.
- Claremont.**—Finest Early pale cherry, ripening early in November. Fruit large, a little flattened; skin waxen white, clear, rich vermilion in the sun; firm.
- Centennial.**—A seedling from that fine cherry, Napoleon Bigarreau. It excels its parent in size considerably. Highly recommended.



Valencia Late, on Orange,



Block of Citrus Trees (60,000).

- Downton.**—Fruit large, rather blunt; skin pale cream, splashed with light red; flesh white throughout, tender, with a delicious rich flavor.
- Early Brown Bigarreau.**—Fruit large, distinctly heart-shaped; skin liver colour; flesh brownish; very rich and good. Mid-season.
- Early Lyons.**—Fruit very large; skin deep red in the sun; flesh red, very juicy, firm, and very solid. A grand market variety, ripening a week after Early Purple Gean.
- Early Purple Gean.**—Fruit medium in size, roundish, heart-shaped; skin smooth, rich purple; flesh purple, tender.
- Early Rivers.**—Fruit large size; skin purplish black; flesh rich and agreeably perfumed; ripening a week after Purple Gean. An enormous cropper.
- Elton.**—Fruit large, rather pointed; skin pale yellow in the shade; flesh fairly firm, with a delicate flavour; ripens a little after May Duke.
- Empress Eugenie.**—Fruit large; skin dark purplish black; flesh purple, of a rich luscious flavor; similar in appearance to May Duke, but ripening earlier.
- Florence.**—Fruit large, roundish, heart-shaped; skin pale amber, nearly covered with bright red; flesh amber, very firm, with a rich sweet flavor; a favorite fruit for market on account of its lateness.
- Fruhurst du Mark.**—Another very early cherry received from Continent; medium size; dark red in both skin and flesh; very sweet; good market sort.
- Guigne Annonay.**—Fruit very large, dark black, somewhat resembling Early Rivers, but is 8 to 10 days earlier, and firm fleshed; free, vigorous grower.
- Governor Wood.**—Fruit large, roundish, heart-shaped; skin yellow, marbled with bright red; juicy, sweet, rich and delicious.
- Great Biggareau.**—Very large, dark red to black, firm, yet juicy; strong grower and very productive; late.
- Heart of Midlothian.**—A fine, mid-season cherry, but liable to overbear; fruit large, obtuse heart-shaped; skin black; flesh purplish black; very juicy, rich.
- Late Duke.**—Fruit large, heart-shaped, but flattened; skin a rich, dark red; flesh yellowish, similar to May Duke in appearance, but a month later.
- Merville de Langsur.**—A fairly late variety; fruit very large, oval; skin dark red, very juicy, of a sweet acidulous flavor; tree prolific, upright growth.
- May Duke.**—Fruit medium, skin rich dark red; flesh reddish, tender, and melting; the most popular of the early cherries.
- Morello.**—Fruit medium; skin dark red; flesh dark purplish red, full of a rich, purple juice; the favorite cooking and preserving cherry.
- Noble.**—Very large, dark red, flesh firm, good flavor; tree hardy and prolific; reputed to be the best dark cherry grown, and will become a great favorite. 1/6.
- Ohio Beauty.**—Fruit large, obtuse heart-shaped; skin light yellow, almost covered with fine red; flesh whitish, tender, very juicy.
- Pontiac.**—Fruit large, purplish black, late. This variety is reported as being one of the hardiest and best croppers in Wagga district.
- Precoce de Boppard.**—The earliest cherry known, ripening September or October, before Early Purple Gean; fruit dark glossy red, striped and spotted; a good grower and constant cropper.
- Reine Hortense.**—Fruit very large, roundish, elongated; skin a bright lively red, a little mottled; flesh tender, very juicy, slightly sub-acid.
- Ramen Olivar.**—Dark glossy red; flesh firm and sweet; very large, measuring up to 1½ inch in diameter; growth of tree a good deal resembles Early Lyons.
- St. Margaret.**—Fruit very large, roundish heart-shaped; skin shining black; flesh purple, very juicy, with a strong brisk flavor; a grand cherry, ripening with Florence, and always commanding high prices.
- Werder's Early Black.**—Fruit large, heart shaped; skin black; flesh purplish, tender, very rich; perhaps the most profitable variety for market culture.
- White Heart.**—This is only Bigarreau under another perhaps better known name,

We shall be pleased if our Clients will forward the names of any of their friends to whom a copy of this Catalogue may be useful.

F. FERGUSON and SON,

Hurstville and Camden, N.S.W.

Postal Address: Hurstville.

CITRUS FRUITS.

FOR the reason, among others, that it has really no dormant period, the Citrus tribe require a little more care than most fruits. Being a very shallow rooter, it suffers in time of drought, and must be mulched—anything will do, dead weeds, or grass, rotten sawdust, or manure. Further, it will not stand excess of moisture, or cold, but both these can easily be avoided in selecting a site.

Price 1s 6d each, 15s doz. Special Quotations per 100 and 1000.

ORANGES.

WORKED ON SEEDLING ORANGE OR LEMON STOCKS.

Bahia, or Navel.—Fruit very large, round, skin thin, very juicy and rich; the very best of oranges, but, unfortunately, not a very heavy bearer.

Blood (Maltese).—Fruit medium size, flattened; skin deep red; filled with abundance of deep red juice; tree a free grower, and the fruit ripens early.

Buckeye Navel.—Another improved Washington Navel from America; a true Navel orange, ripening early in season; distinct and delicious flavor, and is a good cropper. Price 2/6.

Golden Nugget Navel.—A variety from California, superior to Washington Navel; fruit very smooth, solid, and thin skinned; of very fine texture; color strong gold; tree of pendulous habit of growth, and is a regular and even cropper. Price 2/6.

Holdfast.—A colonial seedling; valuable chiefly on account of the remarkable way in which it hangs to the tree; fruit large, roundish; skin pale yellow.

Homasassa.—Fruit medium size, somewhat flattened; skin very smooth and thin; a splendid Californian variety, where it is ranked as best for shipping.

Jaffa.—Imported from California, and there considered to be “unsurpassed by any other variety”; tree a strong, vigorous grower, very productive.

Joppa.—Fruit large size, oblong; skin particularly thin, smooth and bright; pulp very juicy, rich and sugary, and without any seeds; tree a vigorous, upright grower, quite thornless; a constant and early bearer.

Mediterranean Sweet.—Its great value consists in its being an early, prolific, and continuous bearer; absolutely thornless, medium size, slightly oblong.

Mexicana.—Fruit large size, roundish oval; skin smooth, very thin; very juicy, of good quality; a free grower, and hardy.

The Navelencia.—A cross between the popular Valencia and Washington Navel; retains the good qualities of Washington, together with hardiness and lateness of Valencia. A valuable variety for citrus growers. 2/6.

Parramatta.—Fruit large size, round; skin deep yellow; when the trees attain a little age, of splendid quality.

Queen.—Fruit medium to large, flattened; skin deep yellow, and with age remarkably thin; very juicy, of fair flavor; tree a very sturdy grower.

Rio.—Fruit large size; skin deep yellow, fairly thin; flesh very juicy, of good flavor; a very heavy and constant cropper; tree very vigorous and very hardy.

Siletta.—Fruit of largest size, roundish; skin pale yellow, very smooth and thin; abounding in juice. An enormous bearer, and perhaps the hardest.

St. Michael.—Fruit of largest size, roundish; skin deep yellow, smooth and thin; very juicy, and but few seeds; the most profitable for market. Bears carriage.

Thompson's Improved Navel.—A distinct improvement on Washington Navel; fruit equal in every way to its parent, but is earlier, and is a good, even, consistent cropper. Price 2/- each.

Valencia, Late.—One of the best varieties grown. Fruit very large, oblong; very firm and solid; pulp fine grained, with a high, rich flavor. The very latest to ripen. 2/- each.

Washington Navel.—A splendid orange; fruit very large, very even, of perfect shape and color; pulp very fine-grained, remarkably juicy; rich, racy flavor. 2/-

White Siletta.—One of the earliest oranges to ripen; skin very fine and thin, pulp rich and very juicy; will usually ripen before the frosts come.

MANDARINS.

Beauty of Glen Retreat.—A Queensland variety, of noble size and appearance; most luscious flavor; an enormous cropper; is doing well in this State.

Ellendale Beauty.—Pale color, very fine skin, flavor not equal to Jacobs', but on account of its huge size and favorite color, will always sell.

Parker's Special.—Larger size and equal in quality to Beauty of Glen Retreat. The fruit ripens earlier in Queensland than any other.

Canton.—Similar to Scarlet; described below.

Emperor.—The largest of the Mandarins; skin almost red, and loosely attached; flesh very juicy, not so highly flavored as Thorny; tree spreading. The most profitable for market.

Fewtrell's Early Shipping.—Skin and flavor like an orange, but peels and quarters like a mandarin; very robust, and heavy cropper. Should be an acquisition.

Jacobs' Improved Thorny.—Very fine skin, juicy and highly colored; splendid free grower, and good cropper; flavor between Thorny and Scarlet.

Scarlet.—Fruit very large in size, skin almost scarlet; flesh very juicy, but not of best flavor. Very productive, and very handsome.

Oonshi (Japanese).—A very hardy tree, said to stand frost well; pendulous habit; no seeds; flesh firm, thin skin.

Thorny.—The best flavored of the mandarins; fruit medium sized, quite flat, with a very high flavor. The tree requires to have the wood thinned.

PRESERVING VARIETIES

Cumquat.—Fruit very small, round; skin deep yellow; only used for preserving; tree a vigorous grower, heavy bearer.

Poorman's (True).—Fruit very large; skin rather thick; very hardy; an enormous cropper; fair flavor.

Seville (Round).—Fruit large size, roundish, rather flattened, very solid; the best variety for marmalade.

Seville (Flat).—Similar to preceding, except in shape. Considered more valuable for marmalade by the factories.

LEMONS.

Belair.—Introduced by us with the idea of giving growers an opportunity of placing the identical variety on the market as the cured lemons reaching here from the Mediterranean.

Common.—A very hardy lemon, bearing when the finer varieties do not.

Genoa.—Fruit medium size, oval, with a very thin rind, and a strong, pleasant, acid flavor. Tree remarkably early bearer.

Lisbon.—A splendid old variety, which is too well known to need description.

Lisbon Variegated.—Similar to Lisbon, but fruit and foliage variegated; a little coarser than Lisbon. A very vigorous grower, and good bearer.

Lisbon Thornless.—Fruit larger than Lisbon, a little coarser; tree a spreading, vigorous grower.

Messina.—This is the lemon which has been so largely in evidence in Sydney during the present season, and which commanded such fabulous prices.

Sicily.—A lemon of splendid quality, almost destitute of rag, and with an abundance of richly acid juice; of medium size; thin, smooth, very tough.

Sweet Rind.—The best of all lemons, being above medium size, and very even. Sells very freely in the markets.

Villa Franca.—Introduced as a summer bearing lemon; tree a strong vigorous grower, with very few thorns; pulp very rich in acid.

LIMES.

East Indian.—Fruit of large size, very juicy; tree a free grower, very prolific.

Persian.—Fruit small, very sweet and juicy; very productive.

Tahiti.—Fruit very large, with an exceedingly thin rind and few seeds; very juicy; does well in Queensland.

West Indian.—Fruit small, of excellent flavor; makes the best lime juice; free bearer.

SHADDOCKS.

Common.—Fruit of large size; an abundance of highly acid juice.

Blood.—Fruit enormous size; very solid flesh, with a sweet juice.

Manilla.—Fruit small; juice rich and sweet; the best of its class.

CITRONS.

Bengal.—Fruit large, round; a grand preserving variety.

Giant.—Fruit of large size, roundish; skin rough.

Knight's.—Fruit large, oblong; skin rough; the best for candied peel.

Dwarf.—Similar to Knight's, except the tree is dwarfy; very prolific.

For New Grape Fruit, see colored pages.

FIGS.

Price 1/- each, 10/6 dozen.

- Adam.**—Fruit of very large size, long; very blunt; skin pale brown; an enormous early fig; not equal to some in flavor, but always selling readily.
- Angelique Bordeaux.**—Medium size, roundish; skin pale greenish yellow, with light-colored dots; flesh white, a little rose-colored in the centre; good cropper.
- Black Genoa.**—Fruit very large, long, ovate; skin dark purple, almost black, with a blue bloom; flesh bright red, juicy, very rich and saccharine.
- Blue Ischia.**—Fruit medium size; skin very dark purple, almost black when ripe; flesh deep red, sweet and luscious. An excellent bearer.
- Blue Provence.**—Fruit small, roundish; skin purple; flesh deep red, very rich and juicy. An enormous bearer, fruiting nearly all the season.
- Brown Turkey.**—The very best and hardest of figs; succeeding everywhere, and bearing two and, in favored localities, three crops annually. Fruit large.
- Brown Ischia.**—Fruit large, roundish, obovate; skin chestnut colored; flesh purple, very sweet and rich; a splendid fig.
- Brunswick.**—Fruit largest size, pyriform in shape; skin fine violet, brown in the sun, dotted with pale brown specks; flesh reddish brown, pinkish.
- Castle Kennedy.**—Fruit large, short, and thick; skin deep reddish brown; flesh pink, very rich and sugary; early; a constant and heavy cropper.
- De l'Archipel.**—Fruit very large, pear-shaped; skin pale brown, with stripes of dark brown; flesh deep red, almost transparent, quite syrupy; early.
- Early Violet.**—Fruit small, roundish; skin brownish red, covered with blue bloom; flesh red, of good flavor, though small this is a fine fig.
- Green Ischia.**—One of the hardiest light-colored figs in cultivation; fruit large, roundish; skin covered with a pale brown tinge in the sun; flesh purple.
- Marseilles (White Genoa).**—Fruit above medium size, quite round; skin pale yellowish green; flesh white, exceedingly rich and sugary; a splendid fig.
- White Adriatic.**—Fruit of large size; skin white, thin, but tough; flesh red, very rich, turning amber color when dried.

GRAPE VINES.

GROWN OUTSIDE PHYLLOXERA-INFESTED AREAS.

Price 6d Each, 4/- per Dozen; 20/- per Hundred. Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

- Almeria or Daria.**—Bunches very large; berries largest size, roundish; skin very tough, of a beautiful light amber color. Will keep for weeks.
- Black Hambro.**—Bunches large; berries large, roundish; skin deep black; a very heavy and regular cropper.
- Barbarossa.**—Bunches long, tapering; berries large, round; skin purple or grizly; will thrive in the cooler districts.
- Black Frontignac (Black Muscatel).**—Bunch medium, berries small, thickly set, with a rich, muscat flavor. Sometimes called Jura Muscat.
- Black Damascus.**—Bunches large, rather loose; berries large, roundish; skin deep black; flesh rich and sugary; a fine late table grape.
- Black Champion.**—Bunch and berry large; deep shining black; ripens fairly early.
- Black Prince.**—A noble looking grape; bunches long; berries largest size, oval, rather thinly set; skin thick, deep black; very rich and sugary; late.
- Black St. Peter's or Black Alicante.**—Bunches large, shouldered; berries very large, oval; skin tough, rather thick, jet black, with a blue bloom.
- Black Monukka.**—One of the very few seedless grapes; bunch and berry of largest size; skin deep, shining black; very rich; late. 1/- each.
- Bowood Muscat.**—A seedling of Muscat of Alexandria; equally rich in Muscat flavor; a large berry, and a much better setter; ripens all March.

- Black Tokay.**—This is the grape marketed from Howlong, in the month of May. Has fruited in this district, and gives promise of becoming one of the most popular varieties for market. 1/- each.
- Buckland's Sweetwater.**—A very early grape, of good quality; bunch and berry large, pale amber; very heavy cropper.
- Baxter's Sherry, or Camden Sherry.**—Largely grown in this district; hangs uninjured all March, becoming a deep golden color, with a reddish bloom.
- Black Lady's Finger.**—Same shape and flavor as Lady's Finger, but skin a deep shining black; more hardy, and not susceptible to black spot. 1/- each.
- Black Malaga.**—Bunches large and tapering; berries very large, oval; skin deep black, very thick; a valuable grape, on account of its lateness; good carrier.
- Cannonhall Muscat.**—A large, deep yellow Muscat. Berries roundish. Sets well in this district. Rich muscat flavor.
- Champion Muscat.**—A grape of recent introduction; berry very large, round; skin tough, deep rich red; flesh very rich, with high muscat flavor. 1/- each.
- Chasselas Vibert.**—Bunches very long and tapering; berries large, round, deep amber; very juicy, rich; medium season.
- Chasselas Rose.**—A new and promising grape; berries large, of a pinkish color.
- Crystal.**—This is the grape so largely grown in Adelaide for market, reaching Sydney when grapes are all but over; berry large, round, clear, pale amber.
- Centennial.**—Berries enormous, closely set in correspondingly large bunches; in color a rich, deep amber, and with a most delicious flavor; as a market grape it is unsurpassed, its gigantic size and wonderful beauty always selling it at fabulous prices. 1/- each.
- Doradillo.**—Grown largely in South Australia for the Sydney markets, where it arrives towards the end of March, in grand condition; berry large, rich amber.
- Duke of Buccleugh.**—A grape of truly enormous size; splendid quality; will command fancy prices for its size alone.
- Early Sherry.**—A profitable, early White Grape, largely grown for market in this district.
- Emperor.**—Strong, vigorous grower, leaves very large, bunches large; berries dull purple, oval, and very firm; good shipping grape.
- Ferdinand de Lesseps.**—A very distinctly flavored grape; like none other that we know; a very strong grower; berries fairly large, closely set; pale yellow.
- Fewarra.**—A fine late grape, remarkable for its tough skin; will hang weeks; does well in our warmer districts; deep, shining black.
- Flame Tokay.**—A very late ripening variety, which is doing well with us here; bunches rather loosely set, which is a decided advantage in a late grape. 1/-.
- Golden Champion.**—Berries of largest size, round; skin tender, deep golden; a very grand grape, but does not stand the wet; fairly early.
- Golden Hambro.**—Berries large, rather oval; skin tender, deep amber, very rich in flavor, and requires good cultivation; later than Golden Champion.
- Golden Chasselas, or Royal Muscadine.**—Bunch and berry medium size; round; skin fairly tough; deep golden; very juicy and good; hardy; early.
- Gros Colman.**—Berries very large, round; skin tough, deep purplish black, with a heavy bloom. A very fine late grape, very free bearer, and bears when young.
- Gros Maroc.**—A large, late black grape, berries larger and better flavored than Gros Colman, and colors better. Price 1/- each.
- Gordo Blanco.**—An improvement on Muscat of Alexandria, in that it sets the fruit much better; in flavor, size, resembles Muscat Alexandria.
- Green Gascoigne.**—A very hardy, free-bearing grape, but as yet little known; bunch and berry large, roundish; skin greenish yellow, very tough.
- Lady Downes.**—Bunches long, rather loose; berries large, roundish, oval; skin thick; reddish purple, becoming quite black; flesh firm, sweet, and very rich.
- Lady Hampden.**—A Muscat of New South Wales origin; seems likely to prove extra good. 1/- each.
- Lady's Finger, or Cornichon.**—Bunches very large; berries largest size, peculiarly pointed; skin very tough, deep yellow, beautifully tinged with pink.
- Mudgee Black Sherry.**—Largely grown in Mudgee district, reaching Sydney market up to Easter, being a firm, tough berry it will withstand moist weather, and is splendid for shipping.
- Mrs. Pearson's Golden Queen.**—Berries large, roundish, oval, deep golden color, forms a handsome bunch; firm, juicy, rich; does well in hot climate. 1/- each.
- Muscat of Alexandria.**—The standard of flavor for all White Muscats; it sets its berries rather loosely.
- Muscat-Hambro (Snow's).**—Bunches very large; berries very large, rather oval, sometimes almost round; skin deep purple; flesh very juicy, with a rich and distinct muscat flavor. Perhaps the best of black muscats. Ripens during all March.
- Mrs. Prince's Black Muscat.**—A really splendid late Black Muscat; berries largest size, deep shining black; skin thin, very tough; very rich in muscat.
- Madresfield Court Black Muscat.**—Equally rich in muscat with the foregoing; berries very large, and thickly set; a very heavy and constant cropper; late.

- Morillion.**—This is a comparatively new grape in this colony, and from our experience identical with Doradillo.
- Mrs. Hall's Perfection.**—A muscat raised in New South Wales. It comes to us with a high reputation, but has not yet fruited with us. 1/- each.
- Oelliade, or Blue Imperial.**—A most handsome grape, and for market hard to excel; berries very large, thickly set; skin blackish purple; medium.
- Princess Alexandria.**—A new Red Muscat, which appears to do well in the County of Cumberland; a good bearer, with a high, rich flavor. 1/- each.
- Raisin des Dames.**—Berries largest size, closely set; skin tough; a beautiful yellow; flesh tender, of most exquisite flavor; mid-season.
- Royal Ascot.**—Berries very large, of a deep purple color; flesh tender, with a rich and distinct flavor; a grand grape, especially if grown in a warm situation.
- Red Prince.**—Berries very large, quite round, of a deep red color; sets closely, not like Black Prince. A noble grape, but requires a warm situation.
- Red Hanneport.**—A valuable market variety; a copper-colored grape, with a rich strong muscat flavor; hangs until middle of March. 1/- each.
- Rose of Pera.**—A grape strongly recommended by our Agricultural Department as very suitable for our warm districts. A heavy cropper; hardy.
- Red Malaga.**—Identical with Black Malaga, except in color, which is coppery red. A noble looking grape, revelling in heat.
- Sweetwater.**—A grape strongly resembling Royal Muscadine in size, shape, and color; not so good as that variety, except that it ripens a fortnight earlier.
- Sultana.**—Bunches medium size, long; berries medium size, oval; skin pale yellow; flesh without seeds; chiefly valuable for raisin-making. 1/- each.
- Sabalskowski.**—A very large grape, the berries tapering; skin a deep pinky red; a splendid looking grape; does well in hot climates. 1/- each.
- Syrian.**—A truly superb variety, some bunches having reached the enormous weight of 19 lbs.; berries large, oval; skin thick, becoming tawny at maturity; flesh firm and solid; will hang remarkably late.
- Santa Paula.**—A most peculiar grape, of Lady's Finger type; berries cylindrical, nearly 1* inches long; flavor fairly good. Price 1/- each.
- Tokay.**—Berries large, roundish; skin clear, transparent yellow; flesh white, very juicy, with a delicate rosewater flavor; a very fine table grape.
- Trentham Black.**—Bunches large, tapering and shouldered; berries above medium, oval; skin tough, jet black, covered with a thin bloom; flesh melting.
- Thompson's Seedless.**—This is said to be an improved Sultana, in that it is a far heavier cropper, and berries set better. 1/- each.
- Terret.**—A grape much resembling Black Hambro, but larger; largely used for jam-making, owing to its few seeds; a most healthy variety.
- Wantage.**—Bunches large; berries large, roundish; skin thin, of a handsome, bright red. A most striking grape; requires a warm climate; very late.
- Wax.**—A noble looking grape, being almost transparent; berries large, oval, quite white; flesh tender, very juicy and rich; will not stand wet; late.
- Wortley Hall.**—Bunches large, well shouldered; berries very large, oval; skin thick, deep purple, with a heavy bloom; a most handsome grape; late.
- Waltham Cross.**—Bunches very large, berries very large, round; skin thin, but tough, clear amber; a magnificent grape; suited to the warmer districts; late.
- White Hanneport.**—A new White Muscat, introduced from S. Africa. Has fruited in this district, and appears to be an improvement on Gordo. Price 1/- each.
- Zante Currant.**—The dried currents sold in shops are made from this grape, and as the process of manufacture is simplicity itself, it is a most profitable crop to grow. The vine requires to be long pruned. Quite seedless.

American Varieties.

These are splendid vines for trellising, being strong, vigorous growers. They all possess, in some degree, the peculiar foxy flavor which is so appreciated by some.

Price, 1/- Each.

- Anna.**—Berries large for this class; skin a shining pink.
- Bell's Seedling.**—Of the Isabella type, but larger berries; skin deep, blackish purple.
- Catawba.**—Bunch and berry fairly large; skin deep red, with a thin lilac bloom.
- Clinton.**—Berries small; skin black; flavor brisk; should be allowed to hang till frost.

Concord.—A fine looking, large sized grape; skin black; ripens ten days before Isabella.

Dr. Hindley.—An improvement on the usual type of American grapes, in that the berries are larger; a strong grower, with the usual flavor.

Duc de Magenta.—A newly introduced grape from Canada, with a good reputation and a distinct flavor; black.

Elsinberg.—Valuable on account of its flesh being melting and not pulpy, like most of this class; berries small, round; quite black.

Isabella.—A well known variety; berries large, black; a very strong grower.

Israella.—Fruit rather larger than Isabella, not so pulpy; skin black.

Perkins.—Received by us from Hugh Dixon, Esq., who considers this the best American grape, with a peculiar raspberry flavor; pink.

Pierce.—A very large berried grape, with heavy foliage; very strong aroma.

Pocklington.—Berries medium size, jetty black; a heavy bearer.

Miles.—Berry small, round, black; ripens about the first of American grapes.

Salem.—Berries large, round, a shade deeper in color than Catawba.

Wilder.—Berry large, round, black, slight bloom; the berries adhere well to the stalk.

French Varieties.

The following were introduced by our Agricultural Department, as being the best of the French Chasselas Grapes. They have now fruited here, and can be recommended to those who prefer the Chasselas type. Price 1/- each. Quotations when required for large quantities.

Chasselas Duhamel.—Big, round berries, golden yellow; about a week earlier than ordinary Chasselas.

Chasselas Vrai Musque.—Bunch short, cylinder shaped; compact berries, light but fine; muscat flavor; it hangs well.

Chasselas Blanc (Chasselas De Fontainbleau, Chasselas Fendant Roux).—Medium sized bunch, tapering, sometimes shouldered; berries not compact, round, medium sized; skin thin, but firm, white, turning to light yellow, and often to a golden pink on the side exposed to the sun; juicy; ripens early.

Chasselas Fendant.—Medium sized bunches, tapering, compact; medium berries of a greenish colour; flesh sweet, juicy.

Chasselas Fendant Blanc.—Bunch small and loose; medium sized berries; skin tough and firm; juicy.

Chasselas Bouches du Rhone.—Small bunches and compact; berries medium size; tough skin, white; flesh firm.

Chasselas Fendant Vert.—Medium sized bunches, tapering, compact; berries rather small; thin skin; white, sweet, juicy.

Chasselas de Jesus.—Medium sized bunches, medium berries, loose, round; rather tough skin; not so early as other Chasselas.

Chasselas de Juillet.—Rather small bunches; compact; berries of medium size, round; skin thin, but firm; white flesh; firm and juicy.

Chasselas de Montauban.—Big round berries; skin rather tough, golden yellow; fruit sometimes does not set well.

Chasselas Rose.—Same as Chasselas Rose Royal; medium sized bunches, tapering, often shouldered, loose; berries rather big, light pink; firm flesh and juicy.

Chasselas Napoleon.—Bunches medium size; berries large, mixed with others of smaller size; skin tough, white; flesh firm, sweet, juicy.

GRAPES ON RESISTANT STOCKS.

GROWN OUTSIDE PHYLLOXERA INFESTED AREAS.

These are now an assured success in N.S.W., young vines, 2 years grafted, bearing 20 lbs. to the vine. All should give them a trial.

We beg to offer the following varieties grafted on this Stock, and can supply in large quantities in the leading varieties.

It is becoming recognised that, owing to the spread of Phylloxera, Commercial Vineyards in the future must be planted on these Stocks. The adaptability of either Riparia or Rupestris is now definitely settled, as flourishing vineyards are

now scattered throughout New South Wales, and perhaps no better object lesson could be found than the district immediately surrounding our Camden Nursery, where vineyards planted in stiff clay, in white sand, and in red sandy loam, both on the hills and on the flats, may be found. Some of these have so impressed the officers of our Agricultural Department as to induce them to take photographs for reproduction in the "Gazette."

Owing to their extraordinary vigor, we recommend planting at a greatly increased distance, which enables the cultivation to be done by horse power, and, of course, economy in working.

Those marked * can be supplied in large quantities.

Price 1/- Each, 10/- per Dozen (except where otherwise priced). Special Quotations for large quantities.

Black Lady's Finger	Gros Maroc, 1/6.
Black Alicante	Isabella
*Black Hambro	Lady's Finger
*Bowood Muscat	Lady Downs
Black Prince	Lady Hampden, 1/6.
Black Malaga	*Muscat Hambro
Black Tokay, 1/6.	Mudgee Black Sherry
*Champion Muscat, 1/6.	Mrs. Hall's Perfection, 1/6.
Crystal	Madresfield Court Muscat
Chasselas Vibert	Monukka
*Camden Sherry	Mrs. Pince's Muscat.
*Centennial, 1/6.	Mrs. Pearson's Golden Queen, 1/6.
*Dariadel Almeria	*Red Hanneport, 1/6.
Duke of Buccleuch	Rose of Peru.
*Emperor	Syrian
Early Sherry	Sabalskowski, 2/-.
Fewarra	Sultana
Flame Tokay, 1/6.	Suphonia
Gordo Blanco	*Waltham Cross
Gros Colman	Zante
Golden Champion	

ALL SPECIALLY STRONG STUFF.

GUAVAS.

A MOST excellent fruit, either for dessert or preserving. The purple variety is thoroughly hardy, and will stand pretty severe winters.

Price 1/6 Each, 15/- per Dozen.

Purple.—The hardiest variety; fruit small, but borne in immense crops. Sometimes called Strawberry Guava, from its flavor resembling that of the Strawberry.
Parker's Hybrid.—An enormous fruit, twice the size of the ordinary yellow Guava. Requires a warm locality.
Yellow.—Fruit as large as a hen's egg, semi-transparent; splendid for dessert, and makes a grand jelly.

LOQUATS.

A MOST useful fruit, coming in before any other fruit is ripe. Many worthless seedlings are grown, and the fruit is little more than seeds.

California Advance.—A variety claimed in California to supersede anything yet raised in loquats. Fruit large, deep golden yellow, being nearly all pulp, flavor distinct and delicious. Stock limited. Price 3/6 each.

Mammoth.—An extremely large variety, with very thick flesh and a single small seed. Flavor very rich and good; very juicy. Grafted plants 1/6 each.

Gigantea.—A Japanese variety, bearing fruit of prodigious size. A regular and very heavy cropper. Grafted plants 1/6 each.

Common.—Grown from selected seed, and with fair treatment producing enormous crops of large and very juicy fruit. A profitable shelter tree. Price 1/- each.

Early Golden.—A variety from South Australia, not quite so large as Mammoth, but much earlier. Worked plants 1/6 each.

Herd's Large.—This variety is of enormous size, and when thinned and annually manured, is the size of a hen's egg. Our stock is from the original trees. Budded plants 1/6 each.

One-Seeded.—A variety of large size, a free bearer, with usually only one seed. Worked plants 1/6 each.

Quick's Early.—A very early and most prolific variety; ripens when there is practically no fresh fruit on the market. Worked plants 1/6 each.

MULBERRIES.

SOME of the free-growing varieties are very suitable for planting for shelter for trees.

Price 1/6 Each, 15/- per Dozen.

Black English.—The best variety, very long-lived, and makes a handsome tree. 2/- each.

Cape.—A fast growing tree, useful for shelter, and the fruit useful for culinary purposes.

Downing's Ever-bearing.—Full, large, measuring 1¼ inch long, juicy, with an agreeable flavor. Ripens its fruit

gradually during some weeks; enormous cropper.

Hick's Fancy.—Produces its fruit continuously during three months. Fruit of large size, very juicy, fine acidulous flavor.

Alba.—The Silkworm Mulberry.

Multicaulis.—This variety is used for the early feeding of silkworms. We can offer both these in large quantities.

MEDLARS.

THIS delicious fruit is hardly grown in this country, and, except to persons from the other side of the world, hardly known. The fruit must be gathered as soon as ripe, and stored inside till it becomes quite soft, when it is most delicious.

Price 1/6 Each, 15/- Doz.

Dutch.—One of the best. Fruit not large. A heavy bearer.

Nottingham.—Fruit medium size, but of fine flavor.

Monstreaux.—The largest of the medlars. Tree with a peculiar crooked growth.

Royal.—A variety highly esteemed in England for its flavor and productiveness.

NUTS, FILBERTS, &C.

THE cultivation of the different varieties of Nut-bearing trees is an industry which should have a great future in New South Wales. During the present season, green almonds brought 8d per lb. in the Melbourne market, and the supply was unequal to the demand. The importations of the various Nuts from abroad are annually enormous, the whole of which may be secured by growers of Nuts in New South Wales, as in this country they very soon come into bearing, and are mostly long-lived, and very beautiful trees.

Almonds.

WORKED ON SEEDLING ALMOND
AND PEACH STOCKS.

Price 1/- Each, 10/6 per Doz.; £4 per 100;
50 at 100 Rates.

Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

Brande's Jordan.—An upright-growing variety, bearing large, sweet nuts, of the paper shell class, and, parting readily from the husk, is easily prepared for market.

Burbank's Seedling.—Tree extremely hardy, and a great bearer; recommended as one of the best for this climate, and flowers much later than other sorts.

Golden State.—Originated in California; described as a great and regular bearer; large, with a full, smooth-skinned kernel, and a soft shell.

Grosse Tendre.—A new almond, very large, thin-shelled, good grower and heavy bearer. 1/6.

Hatch's Nonpareil.—A very fine almond, large kernel, and very thin shell. The shell of this almond is the thinnest we know of. 1/6.

I.X.L.—A sturdy, upright grower, with large foliage; nuts large, with, as a rule, single kernels; soft shell.

Large Papershell.—A variety of common Papershell, but much larger; shell very tender, easily broken between the finger and thumb; kernel large, white, and sweet.

Nonpareil.—Of weeping habit of growth, but forms a beautiful tree; an extraordinarily heavy and regular cropper, with very thin shell of Papershell type.

Ne Plus Ultra.—Extremely prolific, producing its nuts in bunches all over the twigs; nut large and long, almost invariably one kernel; of fine flavor; hulls readily.

Princess.—The finest of all Papershell type; nuts 1½ inch long, with large, richly flavored kernels; flowering much later than the other varieties.

Riverside Peerless.—Nut somewhat resembling Brande's Jordan, but if anything a trifle larger, and is far more

highly flavored; husk soft, being easily broken between finger and thumb; a valuable variety to plant alternately with Brande's Jordan for fertilisation.

Sultana.—A tender shell almond of excellent quality. Fruit rather smaller than Papershell, and narrower, but of superior flavor. The tree is of slender growth.

White Nonpareil.—The tree is a strong grower, of spreading habit; nuts very large, with white shell; a far heavier bearer than "Brande's Jordan." 1/6.

Caryas or Hickories,

Price 2/- Each.

Peccan Nut (*Carya Oliviferous*)—A quick growing tree, being in full bearing at eight years old. Fruit 1½ inches long, borne very abundantly. Most delicious of all Walnuts.

Chestnuts.

Price 1/- to 2/- Each.

Spanish.—The well-known Sweet Chestnut, bearing its fruit in burrs; a splendid shade tree, attaining a great age and enormous size; the chestnuts form an important item in the food of many nations of Southern Europe; comes into full bearing about the sixth season of planting.

Japanese Giant Chestnut.—As its name implies, a large Chestnut from Japan, bearing fruit three times the size of the Spanish, and coming into bearing at a very early age; tree thoroughly hardy, and makes a handsome shade tree. 2/-

Filberts.

Price 1/6.

Gosford.—Nut large, oblong, husk hairy, shell remarkably thin; kernel of excellent flavour.

Frizzled.—Nut of medium size, oval, compressed, husk hairy, deeply cut, shell thick, kernel sweet and good.

Red.—Remarkable for the crimson skin of its kernel. Nut of medium size, ovate, shell thick, kernel with a peculiar excellent flavor.

White. — Resembles the foregoing, but with a light yellow or white skin. Nut ovate. Husk long and tubular.

Webb's Prize Cob Filbert

Webb's Prize Daviana

Webb's Prize Exhibition

Webb's Prize Red-skinned

Webb's Prize White Skin Filbert

Victorian varieties of proved merit, and there considered to be far in advance of the older varieties.

Walnuts.

Chaberte.—A large variety of French origin; very productive; excellent dessert. The tree develops its leaves and bloom late in the spring. 2/6 each.

Juglans Regia.—The English or Persian Walnut; a most handsome shade tree, and deserves planting on that account, apart from its value as a nut producer; there is an idea that our climate is too warm to make walnut growing a commercial success, but in California, with a similar climate, a walnut plantation is considered the most valuable form of orchard. Price 1/- to 2/-.

Juglans Nigra.—The American Black Walnut; perhaps a little quicker growing than Regia, and nuts not so large. Price 2/- each.

Juglans Seiboldii.—A Japanese variety, very hardy, and a very handsome tree; bears while young; nuts produced in clusters of from fifteen to twenty in each.

Juglans Cordiformis.—Also of Japanese origin. The nut is flat, or heart-shaped, something like a chestnut; shell very thin, smooth, not furrowed; kernel deliciously sweet, and easily extracted whole when the shell is cracked. 2/-.

Macadamia Ternifolia (Queensland Nut).

A valuable tree, either for shade or for fruit. Hardy as far south as Melbourne, attaining a height of 60ft., and a fairly quick grower. Reaches the nut-bearing stage in seven years. In flavor the nut resembles the Hazel. 1/6 each.

NECTARINES.

THIS fruit, being so closely allied to the Peach, requires a similar soil and treatment to that fruit.

Price 1/- each, 10/6 per Dozen. Special Quotations for 100 and 1000; 50 at 100 Rates.

Albert Victor.—Fruit very large, skin yellowish white, with a carmine blush; flesh greenish white, very juicy; a freestone, ripening here first week in January.

Ansenne.—The fruit is of largest size, and very highly colored; flesh tender, melting, rich, juicy, and altogether a most delicious flavor; tree extremely hardy and productive; very regular cropper. Should be in every collection. Price 2/-.

Balgowan.—Fruit large, roundish, rather pointed; skin pale green, deep red in the sun; flesh greenish, very rich and melting. Ripe third week in January. Freestone.

Boston.—Fruit very large and handsome, roundish, oval; skin bright yellow, with a very deep, bright red cheek; flesh

quite yellow; freestone; ripens early January.

Camden Superb.—Originated at Camden Park, from, we think, Stanwick, which variety it strongly resembles, but excels it in size, and is almost free from the cracking. Freestone.

Cardinal.—A valuable very early nectarine; very brilliant color, and ripening ten to twelve days ahead of Early Rivers; very prolific.

Darwin.—A new late nectarine from Rivers (England). Fruit fair size, very brilliant red and yellow skin; flesh yellow, of delicious flavor; fairly late.

Downton.—A nectarine of the very largest size and most beautiful appearance, skin greenish white with a deep-red bloom; ripens early in February. Freestone.

- Elruge.**—Fruit largest, roundish; skin greenish, dotted with red in the shade; flesh fine grained, rich, and very juicy. A freestone, ripening early in January.
- Eugenie.**—Fruit medium size, round, with a nipple; skin yellowish, striped with brownish-red; flesh greenish white, juicy; ripens last January; clingstone.
- Early Rivers.**—Fruit very large, weighing 8oz.; skin rich crimson in the sun, light yellow, marked with red in the shade; flesh tender, juicy; a freestone.
- Goldmine.**—Size enormous, measures $9\frac{3}{4}$ inches by $7\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Skin nearly all covered with bright, bronzy red; flesh beautiful cream color, juicy, melting and sugary; a freestone, with a particularly small stone.
- Grand Admiral.**—Probably the latest nectarine known. Fruit fairly large, even, and well colored, and should be an acquisition to the orchards.
- Goldonii.**—A fine dark colored variety of excellent quality.
- Hardwicke.**—Fruit large, roundish, inclining to oval; skin pale green, with a deep violet red cheek; flesh pale green; a freestone, ripening end of January.
- Horton's Seedling.**—The largest Nectarine in cultivation, being larger than a well grown Elberta peach. Fruit dark red in color, a perfect freestone, ripening well into March. For exhibition and market purposes is sure to be much sought after. 2/-.
- Hunt's Tawny.**—Fruit large, round; skin yellowish, with a deep purple cheek; flesh orange; particularly rich and juicy; a freestone, ripening early in January.
- Humboldt.**—A new variety, of largest size; deep yellow skin, with a very dark crimson cheek; flesh deep orange, very rich and good. Ripens after Elruge.
- Irrewarra.**—Fruit above medium, very highly colored, and of a splendid flavor; a freestone, and which last year ripened on the 7th November.
- Judd's Seedling.**—Fruit very large, roundish, deep purplish, red skin with rich yellow flesh; ripens first and second week in March, when good nectarines are scarce.
- Konstanze.**—Beautiful fruit, of dark blood red color, flavor distinct, and very agreeable. Stands cold weather better than any other variety. Early.
- Lusted's Xmas.**—As its name implies, is a variety ripening Christmas week. In color and appearance it much resembles Lord Napier, and may possibly be a seedling.
- Lady Carrington.**—A large and very showy variety; a clingstone, with a thick, juicy flesh, and therefore splendid for market; ripe first and second weeks in January.
- Lord Napier.**—Fruit largest size; skin yellowish, covered with vermilion; flesh whitish, very juicy, a little red at the stone; a freestone, ripening early in January.
- Lee's Seedling.**—A variety raised in Victoria; fruit large, handsome, and richly flavored; described as thoroughly hardy.
- Lily Baltet.**—Medium size, peculiar and exquisite flavor; flesh nearly white, melting, very juicy, and fine quality. Tree vigorous and very prolific.
- Lippiatt's Prolific.**—Large, highly colored, rich and sweet; tree of upright growth, hardy, and prolific; early. 1/6.
- Madame de la Bastie.**—Medium size, skin purple red, darker on the sunny side; flesh yellowish white, red near the stone; firm, melting, very juicy, sweet, well perfumed, of first quality; freestone; medium.
- Monicourt Vinous.**—Very highly flavored, juicy, and luscious; tree vigorous and thrifty, heavy and constant cropper; fruit large, good. 1/6.
- Mrs. Dr. Chisholm.**—A valuable nectarine, whether for size, color, or season; fruit globular, covered with bright red; flesh whitish, very juicy and rich; freestone.
- Napoleon.**—Fruit large, round, rather long; skin greenish, covered with stripes of dull red in the shade; flesh greenish white; a freestone, ripening second week in February.
- Newington.**—A fine clingstone nectarine, of the largest size, quite round; skin whitish green, covered with brightest red in the sun; ripens second week in January.
- New Boy.**—Largest size, very handsome, covered with brilliant crimson; flesh white, juicy, and sugary; good flavor; ripening end of February.
- Oldham Hill.**—Is evidently a seedling of Stanwick; resembles that variety in flavor, but is almost twice its size, and ripens fully one month later.
- Oldenburg.**—Fruit large, perfectly round, skin dull green in the shade, with stripes of dull red; flesh greenish, juicy; a freestone, ripening second week in January.
- Precoce de Croncels.**—A new nectarine from France, described as one of the earliest, ripening before all others; fruit large, yellowish, with dark plum color.
- Rivers' Orange.**—Fruit medium; skin rich orange yellow, with a brown red cheek; flesh deep yellow; a freestone, ripening third week in January.
- Stanwick.**—A well known variety; fruit of the largest size; flesh greenish white, very juicy, with a rich, high flavor; a freestone, ripening middle of February.

Sydney Market.—A showy nectarine, always sells well; fruit large, rather pointed; skin deep purplish red; flesh white; a clingstone, ripe third week in January.

Stanwick Seedling.—A seedling from old Stanwick, which it strongly resembles. It is, however, not so liable to crack.

Spenser.—A new variety from Rivers, of England, but which has not yet fruited with us.

Sharpe's Early.—A variety raised by Mr. Sharpe, of Ingleburn; of large size, very highly colored; a splendid early variety, and a profitable market sort.

Violette Hative.—Fruit large, pale yellowish-green in the shade, the sunny side covered with deep purplish red; flesh white, very melting and rich; end of January.

Weeping.—A highly ornamental variety,

the branches drooping nearly to the ground. Fruit of good quality.

W. C. Fripp.—Fruit very large, dark yellow, with a bronzy red cheek; flesh pale yellow; a clingstone, ripening end of February, when nectarines are valuable.

Wilkinson's Free.—A remarkably early nectarine, ripening in Baulkham Hills district early in December; in Sydney market it realises up to 8s per ½-case.

Wilkinson's Cling.—Another variety from the same raiser as foregoing, who speaks of it as earlier than Lady Carrington; better color and equally as heavy cropper.

Zealandia.—Fruit very large, rich red in color, and is classed as one of the very finest and absolutely the largest nectarine grown in N.Z. Tree vigorous and spreading; cannot be too highly recommended; medium. Price 2/-.

OLIVES.

THE following varieties are the most noted in Europe, either for their oil-producing qualities, or as being especially suitable for pickling.

Price, Grafted Plants, 2/- Each.

Bouquettier.—Fruit medium size, an enormous bearer, and produces a great yield of oil.

Blanquette.—Chiefly valuable for its oil, but is also suitable for pickling.

Blanquette, Late.—Very similar to the preceding, but ripens much later.

Black Italian.—The best variety for pickling, on account of its large size and good flavor.

Gros Redownow.—A very large-fruited variety, and very highly esteemed for pickling. It also makes a splendid oil, but is not a heavy yielder.

Large Fruited.—The fruit of this variety

is of the very largest size, and is very similar to that sold in bottles under the name of large Spanish.

Lucca.—From this variety the famous Lucca oil is made; an enormous cropper, and gives a very high percentage of oil.

Picholine.—The very hardiest variety, doing well in any soil; fruit oblong, not large; an enormous cropper; considered one of the best for pickling.

Salome.—A very fine variety, fruit large, very highly esteemed for pickling.

Verdale.—An oil variety, producing a large quantity of good quality oil.

Newly-Introduced Olives

FOR OIL MAKING.

Price, 2/- Each.

Recommended by the Department of Agriculture as the most profitable for oil production. The yields are in each case from 6lb. of fruit.

	Date of Gathering.	No. to lb.	Weight of Oil.
Pigale	June 10	90	11 oz.
Correggiola	June 28	132	14
Pleureur	June 8	160	14
Boutillane	July 3	200	11¼

WRITE FOR SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.

PEACHES.

WORKED ON SEEDLING PEACH STOCKS.

THIS beautiful and most profitable fruit succeeds best on a deep open loam, thoroughly drained, and with a moderately warm climate. The season of ripening is for Camden district, each variety having fruited with us.

Price 1/- Each, 10/6 per Dozen. Special Quotations per 100 and 1000. 50 at hundred rates.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

Alexander's.—Fruit large size, nearly globular; skin greenish white, purple in the sun; flesh greenish white, half-melting, juicy; freestone; ripe 14th December.

Admiral Dewey.—An early yellow-fleshed freestone, coming in with Briggs' Red May; fruit of most handsome appearance, deep rich yellow, almost covered with purplish crimson; flesh yellow.

Amsden's June.—Fruit very large, roundish; skin greenish, rich deep red in the sun, a little mottled; flesh greenish white, juicy; a freestone; ripe with Briggs'.

Bell's November.—Ripening 7th to 12th November. In appearance it resembles Briggs' Red May. Like all early peaches, it is a partial slipstone. Its main recommendation is that it is so remarkably early, being the first peach of the season; in some time before Queensland Flat China, and nearly three weeks before Briggs'.

Briggs' Red May.—The standard of extra early peaches; fruit not largest, roundish; skin whitish green, bright red in the sun; flesh tender; freestone.

Champion.—Large size, high flavor, and claimed to be the best shipper of early varieties; a perfect freestone, creamy white, with bright red cheek.

Downing.—Fruit large size, round; skin pale green, almost entirely covered with purplish crimson; flesh greenish, tender, juicy, with a high flavor; freestone; it ripens 10th December.

Duchess of Cornwall.—An early peach, ripening with "Alexander," medium size, freestone, skin creamy yellow with a red striped cheek; melting and delicious.

Early Imperial.—A variety ripening with "Triumph," of larger size, and more highly coloured, and a perfect freestone; should be an acquisition to early peaches, being ripe before fruit fly makes its appearance.

Edward VII.—Another remarkably early peach, said to ripen early in November, but has not yet fruited with us.

Flat China.—This peach is now almost superseded by the American varieties in all but the districts near the coast. Fruit flat. Skin pale yellowish white, pink cheek.

Governor Rawson.—Another remarkably early peach, coming on the market early in November. It is a perfect freestone, fairly large in size, and of a deep red colour.

Governor Garland.—Fruit large; skin pale greenish white, almost covered with rosy red; flesh whitish, fairly firm, very juicy, rich vinous.

High's Early Canada.—Ripens a week before Briggs', and is in every respect superior to it; fruit very large; skin yellowish white, with broken stripes and markings of crimson.

Sneed.—This peach comes to us from America, with the reputation of ripening a fortnight before Briggs'.

Surpasse Amsdens.—Large, roundish, deep glowing red colour; a perfect freestone, ripening a few days in advance of Amsden's June.

Triumph.—It bears a strong resemblance to a good specimen of Crawford, same large size, handsome appearance, and rich flavour. Added to this, it ripens within a day or two of Briggs'. We very strongly recommend this fine peach.

Ulati.—A white-fleshed peach, coming in before Hales' Early and after Briggs'. Colour bright red. Perfect freestone; good carrier.

Waterloo.—Fruit large; pale yellow, covered with purplish red; ripens the last week in November, but, occasionally varying very much in its season of ripening.

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES.

Braddock's.—Fruit large; skin brownish red nearly all over; flesh yellowish white, very juicy; its season—just succeeding Briggs'—will always get it top prices; an enormous bearer.

Camden Superb (Devlin's Red).—This peach is the very earliest cling we have; a most profitable market sort;

- skin almost covered with deep red; ripe by Christmas.
- Early Beatrice.**—Fruit medium size; straw-colored, with marbled-red cheek; flesh very rich, fine vinous flavor; a freestone, ripening at Christmas.
- Early Newington.**—Fruit large size, round; skin light yellow, covered with deep purple in the sun; flesh firm, very juicy. A clingstone, ripening end of December.
- Early Rivers.**—A most handsome peach; skin a waxen white, with a clear carmine cheek; flesh whitish; third week in December; freestone.
- Hales' Early.**—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin pale yellowish white, deep red in the sun; flesh tender, very juicy; freestone, ripens with Early Rivers.
- Lady Ingold.**—Yellow-fleshed peach, ripening immediately after Hales' Early; fruit of large size, very even; skin rich yellow, crimson in the sun; a freestone.
- Ruby Red.**—A clingstone, ripe early in January; a heavy and constant cropper, and in the market realises 50 per cent. over other peaches in at same time.
- Wiggins.**—A fine peach, ripening here Christmas. Always of good size, fair amount of red. Valuable for its season; freestone.
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- MID-SEASON VARIETIES.**
- Amelia Berta.**—Equal in size and appearance to Elberta, and ripens between Hales' Early and Crawford. Yellow freestone, exquisite flavor.
- Bellegarde.**—Fruit large, roundish; skin pale yellowish green, almost covered with deep purple; flesh rather firm and rich; freestone. Ripens third week in January.
- Camden Excellent.**—Fruit large, round; skin pale yellow in the shade, deep red in the sun; flesh tender, with a rich flavor; freestone, ripening end of January.
- Crimson Galande.**—Fruit medium to large, roundish; skin yellowish white, covered with blackish purple in the sun; freestone, ripening 15th January.
- Christiana.**—Fruit of large size; skin pale yellow, with a rich red in the sun; flesh yellowish, juicy, with a most delicious flavor; succeeds Elberta.
- Dr. Hogg.**—Fruit large, globular; skin pale lemon color, dotted and splashed with deep crimson; freestone, ripening first week in January. The tree is liable to overbear.
- Duke of Edinburgh.**—Fruit large; skin whitish yellow, with a rich red cheek; flesh tinged with yellow, with a brisk flavor; a freestone; ripe early in January.
- Early Albert.**—Similar to Early Rivers, but a fortnight later. Flesh white to the stone, of delicious flavor; invaluable for home use. Ripe second week in January.
- Early Crawford.**—Fruit very large, oblong; skin rich yellow, with a fine red cheek; flesh yellow; a freestone; ripe third week in January.
- Elberta.**—This still remains the very best peach of its season, its great beauty and size commanding top prices; freestone; ripens end of January.
- Foster.**—Fruit large size, sides flattened; skin a deep orange red; flesh yellow, very rich and pleasant; grand freestone, ripening a few days after Crawford.
- Grand Admirable.**—Fruit very large, roundish; skin a fine rich orange, with a rich red cheek in the sun; a very fine clingstone, ripening last week January.
- George IV.**—Fruit large size, quite round, skin pale lemon color in the shade, carmine in the sun; flesh whitish yellow; a freestone, ripe first week in January.
- Haines' Early.**—Fruit large size, roundish; skin brownish yellow, deep crimson in the sun; flesh whitish, very juicy; a freestone, ripening 20th Jan.
- Kia-Ora.**—A seedling from Elberta. Identical in size and general appearance of the fruit, but of superior flavor; a much better cropper, and hardier tree.
- Louis Groquet.**—A variety specially recommended to come in after Hales' Early; fruit large and highly colored; flesh white, fine, sugary; freestone.
- Leopold 1st.**—Fruit large size, roundish; skin pale yellow, splashed with carmine; light red in the sun; flesh pale yellow; freestone; ripening third week in January.
- Maltese.**—Fruit large size, round; skin yellowish, covered with fine red in the sun; freestone, ripening 10th January.
- Mountain Rose.**—Fruit of largest size; skin whitish yellow, almost entirely covered with clear, bright red; flesh whitish, tender, and very rich; splendid freestone, ripens second week in January.
- Muir.**—Introduced from America as the very best drying peach; contains much sugar and very little water; freestone; ripening about a week after Lemon Cling.
- Newington.**—Fruit largest size, quite round; skin pale yellowish white, covered with deep crimson in the sun; flesh yellowish white, firm, of grand flavor.
- Paragon.**—A seedling from Elberta, medium size; deep yellow, mottled with red when thoroughly ripe; very juicy and rich; clingstone.
- Princess of Wales.**—Fruit medium size, distinctly pointed; skin straw color,

and a rich red cheek; a freestone, and one of the most highly flavored peaches.

Powell's Beauty.—A splendid peach, of Elberta type. In some sections it is considered an even better all-round peach than Elberta.

Riverside Red Elberta.—A sport from the well known Elberta. The fruit is large, oblong; skin almost smooth, and brilliantly colored (far higher color than Elberta). It is an easy tree to prune, and is less subject to curl leaf than Elberta; a good cropper.

Royal George.—Fruit of large size, quite round and even; skin pale yellowish white, almost covered with fine rich red, with a total absence of down; flesh whitish, very tender and juicy; a freestone, ripening end of January.

Royal George Cling.—Fruit large size, quite round; skin light yellow in the shade, almost covered with fine red in the sun; flesh whitish, firm, but melting, with a rich vinous flavor; a clingstone, ripening 20th January.

Royal Charlotte.—Fruit large; skin pale greenish white, with a deep marbled red cheek; flesh whitish, pale red at the stone; freestone, ripening end of January.

Robert Stewart.—Fruit large size, round, a little pointed; skin whitish yellow, with a brilliant red cheek; flesh very tender, with a rich, spicy flavor; ripe end January.

Reine des Verger's.—Fruit medium, quite round; almost entirely covered with purplish crimson; flesh white, deep red at the stone; freestone, last of January.

Schlosser's Early.—Sent to us by N.Z. Government Pomologist as a very choice, heavy and constant cropping second early, being now largely planted in that country. Price, 2/-.

Shanghai.—Fruit frequently weighing eight ounces, oblong; skin creamy white, with a light crimson cheek; a clingstone, ripening 3rd week January.

Stark.—A variety from America, where it is claimed to be an improved Elberta in every way. Being very firm fleshed, it can be packed to travel almost any distance. 1/6.

Shanghai Seedling, or Red Shanghai.—A splendid form of Shanghai, showing a beautiful red cheek. The tree is not dwarf like Shanghai, and is simply an enormous bearer. Ripens same time as Shanghai.

Shanghai Freestone.—A most valuable seedling of Old Shanghai. It is a perfect freestone, splashed and washed with brilliant bright red. A most striking variety for market.

Stieme's Seedling.—Fruit of large size, oval; skin creamy white, faintly streaked with red; flesh yellowish-white; freestone.

Up-to-Date.—The flesh is fine grained, and of most delicious flavour. It has little or no colour next to the stone, a point much sought after by canning factories.

Wheatland.—A magnificent yellow-fleshed peach, after the type of Elberta, rather round; ripens end January.

LATE VARIETIES.

Comprising all those ripening after 1st February.

Baldwin's Late.—Fruit large size, oblong; skin greenish, with dull red cheek in the sun; flesh firm, juicy; and, for so late a peach, of good flavour; a freestone.

Bilveus Late.—Fruit of large size, roundish; skin white, with a bright red cheek; flesh white, firm, very rich and juicy. Comes in about the end of Feb.

Barrington.—Fruit large; skin a fine clear white, with a rich crimson cheek; flesh yellowish white; ripens middle of February; a constant, but not a heavy bearer.

Baltet.—Fruit large, deep color; tree vigorous and prolific; specially recommended from European sources as the best of all late sorts.

Beauty of Taupaki.—A reliable, heavy bearer and a hardy grower; fruit large, very showy, flesh yellow, with red at the stone; flavour rich, luscious and juicy; perfect freestone.

Bokhara.—A most handsome, firm, white fleshed peach, red at stone; a very good cropper and vigorous grower; excellent variety; should be in every collection. 1/6.

Bonanza.—Fruit of large size, round and even; skin almost white in the shade, with a fine carmine cheek; flesh white; ripens first week in March.

Brandywine.—A splendid yellow flesh freestone, strongly resembling Early Crawford; ripening, however, is at least three weeks later than Crawford.

Chair's Choice.—A very large, late, yellow-fleshed freestone peach, of the very finest quality; flesh deep orange. A splendid peach, ripening second week February.

Camden Golden.—Fruit of largest size; skin clear golden color with a bright red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, but melting. Ripens end March. One of the best late freestones.

California.—An enormous yellow-fleshed clingstone, rivaling that favourite, "McDevitt's Cling." California is a heavy and constant cropper, and sure to be a prize-taker wherever exhibited. Fruit very large, round, having heavy purplish cheek where exposed; flesh deep rich yellow, of exquisite flavour. Splendid for bottling.



Peach Trees, One Year Old, showing Root Growth.



Orange Trees, One Year Old.—Note Root Growth.

- COMET.**—Fruit of largest size, round, with a slight point; skin a fine yellow, covered with deep dark red in the sun; flesh deep yellow; a freestone, ripening last two weeks in March.
- Delicious.**—An exceedingly handsome Peach, skin yellow, with minute carmine dots, red all over towards the sun; flesh yellow, stone small; flavour can only be described as "delicious"; ripens a week before Crosby, and is the finest dessert peach of its season; a sure cropper, and invaluable for small gardens.
- Emma.**—Said to be superior to Elberta, and should ripen in this State first or second week in February. Perfect freestone, highly colored.
- Emert's Late.**—A magnificent freestone, ripening end of February; of handsome appearance, and ripening at a time when good peaches are scarce.
- Fulton.**—Fruit large size, roundish; skin very pale yellow, covered with a deep red bloom; flesh white, firm, rich and juicy; ripening early in March.
- Globe.**—Fruit very large, quite round, skin a bright gold color, with a deep crimson cheek in the sun; flesh tender and melting, with a rich and spicy flavour; a freestone, almost as good as Elberta, and ten days later.
- Gold Dust.**—It is a large, solid, yellow-fleshed cling, of very handsome appearance, coming in, say, a week before Lord Palmerston. Gold Dust we can recommend.
- Golden Eagle.**—It is a heavy cropper, above medium size; good color; yellow-fleshed. Ripe second week in February. Freestone.
- Hawkesbury Champion.**—A valuable fruit for its season, ripening as it does at the end of March. Inclined to be small in dry seasons.
- Henrietta.**—This is the peach which takes in America the place Yellow Italian does with us; it is a heavier bearer than Italian, but not quite so large.
- Heath.**—Fruit very large, oblong; skin cream color, with a faint blush; flesh greenish white, with most luscious flavour. A clingstone, ripening first week in March.
- Jubilee.**—A very fine showy peach, clingstone, coming to us from N.Z., the raiser speaking in glowing terms of this novelty, both as to productiveness and quality, and stated particularly that it is practically impossible for the fruit to be blown off by heavy winds. 1/6.
- Kalamazoo.**—Fruit large, round, handsome appearance; flesh bright yellow, and deliciously flavoured. An invaluable variety for all purposes. Comes in at a good season, ripening after "Sea Eagle."
- La France.**—Fruit very large, dark carmine red; flesh white, melting, juicy, and of excellent flavor; should ripen during February.
- Lady Palmerston.**—Fruit medium to large size, quite round; skin greenish yellow, with a deep red cheek; flesh pale yellow, tender; a freestone, ripening February.
- Lord Palmerston (Pavie de Pomponne).**—Fruit of very large size, quite round, skin creamy white, with a rose red cheek; flesh white; a clingstone.
- Late Admirable.**—Fruit very large, roundish oval; skin pale yellowish green, with a pale red cheek; flesh greenish white; a clingstone; ripening in March.
- Late Crawford.**—Fruit above medium size, roundish; skin deep yellow, mottled with dark red; flesh pale yellow. A good peach to fill the gap in February. Clingstone.
- Lemon Cling.**—Fruit medium to large, oblong; skin clear lemon yellow; a tinge of red in the sun; flesh clear yellow; a clingstone, ripening first week in February.
- Lovell.**—Largest size, perfectly round; yellow freestone, of very rich flavour, valued for table or bottling; ripe during February; a good cropper.
- Lemon Freestone.**—Large, pale yellow; in season from 20th March. Tree very productive; flesh rich clear yellow, without any red at the stone. A perfect freestone and good canner.
- Lippiatt's Late Red.**—Another fine peach, ripe first week in April; color creamy, mottled, striped and overspread with dark red; fine flavour; tree a fine grower and an immense bearer.
- Maoriland.**—A seedling of largish size and showy appearance; a perfect freestone, ripe middle March; flesh pale; invaluable to meet the February-March market.
- Mahuta.**—A fruit of largest size, and most handsome appearance; a perfect freestone, ripening February and March; deep golden yellow flesh.
- McDevitt's Late Cling.**—The finest peach of its class yet introduced. Its size is enormous, good even shape, and in colour is beyond anything we have seen, being rich yellow, almost entirely covered with dark purple, almost black. It is in perfection about third week in February, when good peaches are not to be had.
- Nicholl's Orange.**—Fruit of large size, quite round; skin deep orange, with a red cheek in the sun; flesh deep yellow, rather firm; a favorite canning peach. A clingstone; ripe 20th February.
- Osceola.**—Large golden yellow, with red cheek; flesh orange yellow; sugary and

- buttery, with flavor of apricot; a grand variety; ripening February.
- Orange Free.**—A freestone variety, much resembling its namesake, Orange Cling, and ripening about same season. Very highly recommended by American Pomologists.
- Peregrine.**—A distinct mid-season variety, distinguished by its good constitution and productiveness. The fruit is large and handsome, with a brilliant crimson skin; the flesh rich, highly flavored and parting readily from the stone.
- Phillip Cling.**—A variety coming to us from America with a great reputation, but so far has not fruited with us at Camden. Described as an enormous yellow-fleshed cling, coming in when practically all other clings are over, and consequently in great demand by factories, realising enormous prices; good grower, and regular cropper. Stock limited. Price, 2/6.
- Prince of Wales.**—Fruit very large; skin very downy, green in shade, but deep red in the sun; flesh greenish white; a freestone, ripening first week in March.
- Princess Royal.**—Fruit very large size, round, a little pointed; skin creamy white in the shade, deep red in the sun; a clingstone, ripening February.
- Prize.**—A large yellow-fleshed peach of type of Brandywine; very highly colored, and, coming in first and second week in February, should be a valuable variety.
- Picquet's Free.**—Large to very large, round, yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, sweet, rich and fragrant; freestone; ripens second and third week in February.
- Pullar Cling.**—This very fine canning peach was raised at Ardmona (Vic.); it is a very large, highly-colored clingstone, and preferred by canning factories above all others; good grower; heavy cropper and regular bearer. 2/-.
- Red June.**—Fruit large size, a little inclined to oval; skin almost covered with fine, dark red; flesh greenish white, firm; moderately juicy; clingstone; ripening April.
- Red Italian.**—Free; fruit very large, round, with a very slight point; skin rich yellow in the shade, deep crimson in the sun; flesh deep yellow, fine grained, very tender, luscious; juicy, with a very rich flavor; a freestone, ripening 10th March.
- Reeves' Late.**—A yellow-fleshed peach with a very red cheek; altogether a most handsome and striking appearance; ripens March, when good peaches are at a discount. 1/6.
- Red Italian Cling.**—A variety of Old Yellow Italian, ripening with that variety, but differs from its parent in that it is rounder; its color is a deep, rich red.
- Roser.**—One of the hardiest and best late peaches ever introduced; a perfect freestone of the best quality; the fruit is large and somewhat oblong.
- Ruding's Late.**—White, with bright, red cheek, juicy, and highly flavored; very productive; a regular and heavy bearer; ripen third week in February.
- Runyon's Orange.**—Fruit of largest size; blackish crimson in the sun; flesh deep orange, with that absence of red at the stone so necessary in a canning peach; a clingstone, ripening February.
- Salway.**—Fruit medium size, round, skin yellow, fine-red in the sun; flesh fine yellow; firm, juicy; one of the best for bottling or canning; freestone; ripening second week in March.
- Shipley's Late Red.**—Ripens end of February; a heavy and regular cropper; fruit large size, roundish; skin yellowish white, with a blush-red cheek; flesh whitish.
- Stump the World.**—Fruit of enormous size, inclining to oblong; skin greenish white in the shade, dark red in the sun; a splendid preserving peach; a clingstone.
- Sea Eagle Improved.**—An improvement of the well known Sea Eagle. It is rather more highly coloured than the old form, and, from our experience of both, a much heavier cropper.
- Sellar's Cling.**—Very large, rich golden yellow, clingstone; ripe with Late Crawford; fine appearance; good flavour; one of the best. Price, 1/6.
- Susquehana.**—Fruit large in size, very handsome; skin deep yellow, almost covered with rich red; flesh deep yellow; a freestone, ripening second week in February.
- Wonderful.**—Fruit of largest size, rather oblong; skin golden yellow, with a brilliant carmine cheek; flesh yellow to the stone; a splendid freestone, ripening March.
- Yellow Italian Cling.**—Fruit of largest size, oblong; skin deep orange, with a rich red cheek; flesh deep yellow; ripens here middle of March, and will hang for two weeks.

PEARS.

THE demand for Pears is a growing one, and, although longer in coming into bearing than most trees, the high prices which are always obtained for good samples, and the great age to which the trees attain, combine to make them the most profitable crop grown. A deep rich soil, or a well-worked clay, is essential for the finest fruit, and some shelter from prevailing winds, otherwise the pear needs less attention than most fruits. Worked on Seedling Pears.

Price, 1s. Each; 10s. 6d. Dozen. Special Quotations per 100 and 1000; 50 at Hundred Rates.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Beurre d'Amanlis.—Fruit large, obovate; skin dull yellowish green, with a pale, brown-red cheek; flesh yellowish, buttery, melting and rich; ripe end of January.

Beurre de l'Assumption.—Fruit large, irregular in shape; skin fine yellow, marbled with red in the sun; flesh white, melting, juicy; ripens December.

Citron des Carmes (Madeline).—Fruit medium, obovate, tapering; skin yellowish green; flesh white, with a delicate perfumed flavour. The earliest.

Clapp's Favourite.—Fruit very large, obtuse pyriform, strongly resembling Bartlett in shape, but without the strong flavour of that variety; a very handsome early pear.

Dempsey.—Fruit large, skin yellow, tinted with brown on the sunny side; flesh white, fine grained, tender, buttery, with a rich, sweet and delicious flavour; medium.

Doyenne d'Ete.—Fruit small, roundish obovate; skin yellow, shaded with bright red; flesh white, melting, juicy, An early bearer, ripening middle of December.

Jargonelle (English).—Fruit large, pyriform; skin smooth, greenish yellow, brown in the sun; flesh yellowish white; tree a pendulous grower, is not liable to decay.

Jargonelle (French).—Similar to the preceding, except that it requires to be gathered early, otherwise it will decay at the core; tree a strong, upright, vigorous grower.

Lawson (Comet).—Fruit largest, obtuse pyriform; skin bright yellow; flesh juicy, and very rich; should become very popular in the warmer districts.

Rousselet Stuttgart.—Small to medium, skin yellow with bright red cheek, very juicy and sugary; can be allowed to ripen on the tree.

Red October.—A very superior variety of "Beurre de Capiaumont"; bright brown, tinged with orange red; flesh

delicate, smooth and rich; an abundant bearer.

Williams' Bon Chretien (Bartlett).—This pear is too well known to need any description, and is being largely planted for canning, marketing in a green state, and home use. The most popular pear we have.

Windsor.—Fruit large, bell-shaped; skin lemon yellow, with a tinge of red; flesh yellowish white, rather coarse; ripe at Christmas.

Wilder.—Perhaps the earliest pear. Fruit medium size, bell-shaped, skin pale yellow, with a brown red cheek; flesh tender, fine-grained, juicy, vigorous grower.

MIDSEASON VARIETIES.

Beurre du Bisson.—Shape is obtuse, pyriform, colour of skin pale greenish yellow on the shaded side, sometimes marked with red, covered with russet spots and veinings.

Beurre Fongueray.—Large and handsome, of very best quality, heavy cropper. First-class certificate from Royal Horticultural Society.

Beurre Bosc.—Fruit large, pyriform; skin smooth, dark yellow, covered with streaks of cinnamon russet, flesh white, melting very buttery.

Beurre Diel.—Fruit large; skin lemon yellow, with marblings of russet; flesh yellowish white, rich sugary, half-melting; a very regular cropper.

Beurre De Capiaumont.—Fruit medium size, long, turbinate; skin smooth, clear yellow, with a light cinnamon-red cheek; flesh fine-grained; ripe early autumn.

Beurre Hardy.—Fruit large, skin greenish, covered with light russet; flesh buttery, melting, juicy; a fine, free-growing, productive pear; ripening all autumn.

Beurre Baltet Pere.—A pear received by us from Belgium. It comes with the very highest recommendations as a mid-season, medium-sized dessert pear.

- Beurre Golden.**—A valuable mid-season variety, doing remarkably well on the coastal lands of this State; very highly colored, and good flavor.
- Beurre Superfine.**—Large and delicious melting pear; one of the best for dessert; tree hardy, and prolific bearer.
- Brockworth Park.**—Fruit large, obtuse, pyriform; skin smooth, pale yellow flushed with red in the sun; flesh white, buttery, melting; very juicy, vinous and rich.
- China (Sand) Pear.**—Fruit very large; skin clear lemon yellow, with a little red in the sun; tree a vigorous and very healthy grower, and an early bearer. Cooking.
- Compte De Lamy.**—Fruit medium, oblate pyriform; skin clear yellow, with a brownish red cheek and patches of russet; very good, ripening end March.
- Directeur Hardy.**—This is one of the handsomest pears known; a great and early cropper and of excellent quality; medium.
- Dona's Hovey (Winter Seckle).**—Medium size; greenish yellow, with russet and brown dots; flesh yellow and rich, sugary, aromatic flavor; mid-season.
- Doyenne Du Comice.**—Large, rich, and melting; fruit medium, oblong or pyriform; skin clear yellow, covered with a deep rich red in the sun.
- Doyenne Boussock.**—Large, handsome and melting; bears profusely on quince stock, and is highly recommended.
- Duchesse d' Afrique.**—An enormously large pear of good keeping quality; tree so far appears to be dwarf, growing with very short thick wood.
- Fertility.**—Ripens same time as Louis Bonne of Jersey; large fruit, of brilliant color and high flavor; the tree is a vigorous and healthy grower, and most valuable for market.
- Flemish Beauty.**—Fruit very large, obtuse, pyriform; skin pale yellow, covered with reddish brown in the sun; flesh yellowish, juicy, melting; requires to be gathered before it parts readily from the tree.
- Garber's Hybrid.**—Enormously productive, bears at three years from the nursery, and they average half-a-pound each; it took eighty of them to make a heaped bushel.
- Gregoire Bordillon.**—Large fruit, somewhat resembling Duchesse d'Angoulême; first quality, hard, and prolific.
- Howell.**—Fruit large, light waxen yellow; heavy bearer, following "Williams' Bon Chretien," a first-class market pear, and should be largely grown.
- Keiffer's Hybrid.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, oval; skin yellow, orange in the sun; flesh whitish, a little coarse; an enormous and early bearer; ripens April.
- Idaho.**—Fruit is very large and handsome; skin golden yellow, strewed with russet spots; flesh melting, juicy, with a sprightly vinous, delicious flavor.
- Le Lectier.**—A cross between Bartlett and Bergamont Fortune. Fruit of large size; true pyriform; skin grass-green, mottled with dark-green; very juicy; ripens April.
- Le Conte.**—A pear of recent introduction, but which has already fruited with us. Of fairly large size; skin very smooth and clean, of a clear lemon yellow.
- Laffer's Bergamot.**—It is a first-class Bergamot, medium to large size; good flavor, rich, melting, juicy; ripe in March. 1/6.
- Louise Bonne of Jersey.**—Fruit large, oblong, pyriform; skin glossy pale-green in the shade covered with brown red in the sun; excellent flavor; ripens end March.
- Lucy Grieve.**—Fruit medium, oblong, obtuse, pyriform; skin clear, deep lemon yellow; few russet dots; flesh moderately firm; tender, juicy; ripens in April.
- Marguerite Marillat.**—A Continental variety, which proves a grand addition. Fruit large, showy, with sugary, aromatic, luscious flavor; ripens in February.
- Magnate.**—Raised by T. F. Rivers, England. Fruit very large; skin rich yellow in the shade, bright crimson in the sun; flesh yellow, very fine, tender, melting.
- Marie Louise.**—Fruit medium, oblong, pyriform; skin fine deep yellow, sprinkled with russet in the sun; flesh white, exceedingly buttery and melting; one of the finest.
- Madame Treyve.**—Fruit medium size; skin pale yellow, with a red cheek in the sun; dotted with minute brown dots; flesh tender, melting; ripens in March.
- Marie Marguerite.**—From France, where it is strongly recommended as a high-class and very profitable dessert fruit, and, when ripe, of a lovely clear, gold color.
- Orange Bergamot.**—Largely sold in Sydney, and which comes from Tasmania, where it is considered their best autumn pear; very handsome.
- Packham's Triumph.**—A greatly improved W. B. Chretien, coming in after that variety is over. Has proved successful for shipping to England. Fruit similar to W.B.C., more even in outline, and superior in flavor; is being very largely planted, and cannot be too highly recommended either commercially or for private use. If planting only one pear, let it be a "Triumph." 1/6 each.

Poire Du Berriays.—Medium roundish, obovate; skin golden yellow, flesh melting and juicy; good market variety.

Pitmaston Duchesse.—Fruit very large; skin fine yellow, with light russet near the stalk; flesh yellowish white, melting, buttery, and juicy; ripens late autumn.

Souv. De President Carnot.—A new French pear. Fruit large and handsome; flesh very fine, juicy, delicious flavor; in season March and April.

Seckle.—Fruit small, skin dull, yellowish green, with a lively russet-red cheek; flesh whitish, very buttery; considered in America the richest flavoured pear.

Triomphe De Vienne.—Large; skin russety; good flavor; free bearer.

Urbaniste.—Fruit large; skin smooth, pale yellowish, with grey dots and a few russet streaks; flesh white, buttery, very melting and rich; ripens in March.

Victor Hugo.—Fruit large, pyriform, and very showy; flesh tender, melting, juicy, and richly flavored; tree remarkable for its robust, hardy, and symmetrical growth.

White Doyenne.—Fruit almost large; skin smooth; sometimes a fine, red cheek; flesh white, fine-grained, very buttery, melting, rich and delicious.

WINTER VARIETIES.

Bailey's Bergamot.—Fruit medium size, in shape like Gansell's, but a month later, and more certain cropper; more profitable than Gansell's; ripens end of April.

Bergamot Esperance.—Fruit large, obovate; skin deep clear yellow, with rich crimson in the sun; flesh firm, yellowish white, rich and vinous; a noble pear.

Bergamot (Gansell's).—Fruit large, roundish, obovate, flattened; skin yellowish brown, much covered with russet; flesh granular, white; rich, aromatic juice.

Belle Guerandaise.—Very large, oblong, attaining one foot in circumference; flesh fine, juicy, melting, of very good flavour. In season April to May.

Beurre Picquet.—Medium size, of peculiar yet exquisite flavour; flesh nearly white, melting, juicy, and very fine quality; tree vigorous and prolific.

Bon Chretien Bonnamour.—Fruit large, skin smooth, and slightly tinted on sunny side; flesh fine, melting, juicy, sugary; tree vigorous and prolific bearer.

Broompark.—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin smooth, clear yellow, with a brown red in the sun; flesh whitish, very melting, rich and vinous; ripens April to May.

Bourre Clairgeau.—Fruit largest, with unequal sides, skin warm yellow, shaded with orange and crimson, thickly covered with russet dots; flesh yellowish, a little granular, buttery, with sugary, perfumed, vinous flavour; ripens March to June.

Beurre Easter.—Fruit very large, somewhat square in shape; skin greenish yellow, with sometimes a brownish red cheek; one of the very best late pears.

Bergamot Renee.—Fruit very good and large, rounded, skin smooth and brown; flesh juicy, sugary, fine, melting, peeling like a peach when ripe. Price 1/6.

Bountiful.—Fruit of largest size, immense cropper; tree vigorous and thrifty; fine flavour, melting, rich and aromatic. Specially recommended. Autumn. Price 1/6.

Beurre d'Anjou.—Large, melting and juicy. One of our best export varieties.

Catillac.—Fruit very large, broadly turbinate; skin yellow, with a brownish red cheek; flesh firm and only fit for cooking; sometimes called Flat Baking.

Chaumontel.—Fruit large pyriform; skin a little rough, yellowish in the shade, rich deep red in the sun, with many russet dots; flesh buttery and melting.

Conference.—Fruit large, pyriform; skin very smooth and shining, with occasionally a sprinkling of russet; flesh a most beautiful shade of salmon pink; very juicy and melting, with a high vinous flavour.

Directeur Varenne.—Large, or very large, form and color of Easter Beurre, flesh extra fine, juicy, and of agreeable flavour; late.

Doyenne de Merville.—Fruit medium, roundish; skin a greyish yellow; flesh white, fine-grained, very buttery, melting, rich and delicious.

Dr. Nelis.—Fruit medium size, roundish, pyriform; skin greenish yellow, a little red in the sun, with a little russet; flesh whitish, juicy, melting, slightly vinous.

Durandau.—Fruit medium, elongated, narrowing to the stalk; skin dull green, with a slight brown-red cheek; flesh firm, whitish, very rich; ripens early winter.

Elizabeth Cole.—Fruit above medium; skin green, partly covered with yellow; flesh very tender, buttery, with a rich and honeyed sweetness; ripens about April.

Fame.—A constant cropper; largest size, fine russety brown; is often quite seedless, and when stored is very juicy, melting and rich.

Forelle or Trout Pear.—Medium sized, handsomely speckled, melting, and good; colour of skin most attractive.

- Glou Morceau.**—Large obovate; skin yellow; flesh buttery, melting, and very juicy, of best dessert quality.
- Josephine des Malines.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, oblate; skin pale greenish yellow, netted and patched with russet; flesh pinkish white, juicy, melting, sweet, with a delicate aroma; in perfection if kept inside till July.
- Japanese Golden Russet.**—A cooking pear, remarkable for early bearing.
- Knight's Monarch.**—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin yellowish green, with many brown and grey russet specks; flesh yellowish, melting, rich and juicy.
- l'Inconnue.**—Fruit medium; skin light yellow, netted with russet; flesh whitish, juicy, melting, very sweet. A fine very late pear, ripening end of July.
- Madame Baltet.**—A handsome golden yellow fruit of excellent quality; flesh fine, melting, very juicy, with a rich and delicious flavour; tree exceedingly hardy and productive.
- Mount Vernon.**—Large, nearly globular; color rich cinnamon russet; flesh juicy, melting, with a spicy vinous flavour which is peculiar and distinct from that of any other known sort, tree is vigorous grower, and comes into bearing early; late.
- Madame Cole.**—Fruit medium size, obtuse, pyriform, skin yellow, almost covered with brown russet; a dessert pear of the highest excellence, ripening from May to July.
- Packham's Late.**—Another variety from Mr. Packham, who speaks in glowing terms of this, his latest production. Fruit fairly large; heavy cropper, and promises to rival Triumph. Price 2s.
- P. Barry.**—Fruit very large, elongated, pyriform; skin deep yellow, nearly covered with a rich golden yellow; flesh whitish, fine, melting; ripens middle of June.
- Princess.**—A seedling from Louise Bonne of Jersey; much excels its excellent parent; the flesh is melting, with a rich, refreshing flavour, and will easily keep till July.
- President d'Osmandville.**—A new French pear of considerable merit. In flavour and general appearance strongly resembling that fine pear, White Doyenne.
- Uvedales St. Germain's (Large Baking).**—An enormous pear, sometimes weighing three pounds. Valuable for its cooking qualities. Will keep all winter.
- Vermont Beauty.**—A beautiful new pear of very striking appearance, the fruit being of medium size, roundish; skin yellow, almost covered with carmine; altogether a most handsome and delicious pear of highest excellence, which we strongly recommend. Tree very healthy, hardy and productive. 1/6.
- Vicar of Winkfield.**—Fruit large size, long, pyriform; skin smooth, pale yellow, with occasionally a brown red cheek; flesh greenish white, juicy, sometimes buttery.
- Winter Cole.**—Fruit medium size, almost round; skin pale yellow, with a little russet; flesh yellowish, fine-grained, buttery; one of the finest and richest pears.
- Winter Bartlett (True).**—We are now offering trees of this variety from wood procured from the raiser in California. All know the famed "Williams" pear, and in the above we have a duplicate of the old favourite, but ripening at least three months later. No further recommendation is necessary. Price 2s.
- Winter Nelis.**—Fruit medium size; skin yellowish green, covered with russet in the sun; flesh yellowish; in perfection in May.

Dwarf Pears on Quince Stock.

HAVING imported the variety of Quince used in England as a stock for dwarfing, we are offering a selection of those Pears which succeed as dwarfs.

Dwarf Pears are in full bearing at the fourth year, and, although not so long lived as when worked on seedling pears, the quality of the fruit is in many varieties much improved. We offer the following varieties as those which do best on the Quince.

Price, 1s. 6d Each.

Bartlett.

Louise Bonne of Jersey.

Winter Cole.

Beurre Bosc.

Winter Nelis.

Doyenne d'Bussock.

PERSIMMONS.



OUR own raising, as we have discarded the importations from Japan for several years. Our plants will move as well as any ordinary fruit trees. In fact, our soil seems admirably adapted to produce fine fibrous roots in the Persimmon.

Price, 1s. 3d. Each; 12s. per Doz.

- Among.**—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin light orange; flesh brownish; an early variety, which is edible from the tree.
- Carrington.**—A New South Wales seedling, of a very large size. A popular variety for market.
- Dai Dai Maru.**—Fruit of the largest size, square, or four-sided, rather flattened, skin deep orange; flesh yellow, almost seedless; a fine variety, fairly early.
- Haychi Ya.**—Fruit very large, oblong; rather pointed; skin light red, russety at the point, and turning black towards the tip when quite ripe; an excellent and high-flavoured variety, with very few seeds.
- Hayakume.**—Fruit very large, round, covered at the end with heavy russet; skin vermilion, flesh brown, rich and luscious; should be allowed to hang till touched by frosts, and then placed inside till soft; few seeds.
- Jubilee.**—A colonial variety, and a good one. In shape rather flattened or square. Very large, and needs ripening inside.
- Kurokumo.**—Fruit medium size, almost round; skin yellowish red; flesh orange, with very few seeds; and of the highest flavoured varieties, and may be eaten from the tree.
- Okame.**—A little known variety, of the favourite square shape; very large, rather flattened; skin reddish orange, and almost seedless.
- Sugarloaf.**—A long conical variety. Colour rich dark red, very few seeds. Will hang until frosts come, and must be ripened inside.
- Tanenashi.**—This is a seedless variety, and is largely grown for market under that name. Fruit of the largest, conical; skin bright yellow, flesh yellow; when thoroughly ripe and soft, is a very fine variety.
- Yeddo-Ichii.**—Fruit medium size, round, rather pointed, skin light yellow, russety; flesh amber, with rather many seeds. A late variety, and perhaps the best, if allowed to become soft.
- Yemon.**—Fruit large, rounded, rather flattened, with distinct ribs; skin clear deep yellow, with little russet; flesh orange, with no seeds.
- Zenji-Marui.**—Fruit small, round, very russety; skin deep orange, black at the end. Flesh brownish, with a good few seeds. May be eaten from the tree, but is improved by hanging till frosts.

PLUMS.

Worked on Seedling Myrobolan, Marianna, also Peach Stocks.

Price, 1s. Each; 10s. 6d. Dozen; 50 Trees at 100 Rates. Special Quotations per 100 and 1000.

EARLY VARIETIES.

- Angelina Burdett.**—Fruit above medium size, round, skin thick, dark purple; flesh yellowish, very juicy and rich. A freestone; enormous cropper.
- Alexandria.**—Fruit resembles "Diamond." Fruit is of largest size, skin dark purple, flesh yellow. A valuable variety for all purposes, which we recommend with the greatest confidence. Price, 1s 6d.

- Blue Rock.**—Raised by Mr. Rivers, England; large and very rich; one of the very best dessert plums.
- Belgian Purple.**—Fruit large, roundish, oval; skin deep brownish purple, covered with a blue bloom; flesh greenish, juicy, rich and sugary. A clingstone.
- Black Cluster.**—A heavy and constant cropper. Fruit medium size, roundish; skin almost black, with a thick blue

- bloom; flesh greenish, juicy, and sugary.
- Cherry, or Early South American.**—Fruit small, round; skin a fine lively red; flesh greenish yellow, very juicy, with a pleasant lively flavour.
- Columbia.**—Fruit of the largest size; skin brownish purple; flesh orange, very rich, sugary and excellent. A freestone, with a remarkably small stone.
- Clyman.**—Fruit of large size, round; skin a dark purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh yellowish, firm, juicy, of a rich, delicious flavour. Requires to be thinned.
- Dennistoun Superb.**—A seedling of the Green Gage, fruit round, a little flattened; skin yellowish green; flesh very thick, with a rich flavour; a perfect free.
- Diamond.**—Fruit oval; skin black, covered with a blue bloom; flesh deep yellow; a splendid preserving variety, ripening mid-season.
- Diapre Rouge.**—Fruit large, almost round; skin pale red, with a lilac bloom; flesh greenish yellow; a very heavy and constant cropper, ripening with Diamond.
- Early Orleans.**—Fruit medium size, oval; skin dark red, purple in the sun; flesh yellowish green; richer than Old Orleans, and ripening ten days earlier; a freestone.
- Evans' Early.**—A splendid, very early plum; fruit medium size, roundish, oval; skin deep purple; flesh greenish, very juicy; an enormous cropper.
- Goliath.**—Fruit very large, roundish, oblong, a little one-sided; skin a fine deep red, almost purple; flesh yellow; juicy, with a brisk and sprightly flavour; a clingstone.
- Green Gage.**—The highest flavoured and most delicious of all dessert plums; fruit of medium size, round; skin yellowish green; flesh pale green, very juicy and melting.
- Lincoln.**—Fruit very large, said to be 6½ inches in circumference; deep reddish purple, the earliest large European plum; a heavy annual cropper.
- October Green Gage.**—A decided improvement in every way on the old Green Gage, being equally highly flavoured and luscious, at least twice its size, and earlier; also, it appears to do remarkably well in warm climates, which could never be claimed of old Green Gage.
- Oullin's Golden Gage.**—Fruit large, roundish oblong; skin rich yellow; flesh yellow, very tender, juicy, and sugary. Most productive, large and showy. A clingstone.
- Prince Englebert.**—Fruit large; skin very deep purple; flesh yellowish; a freestone, and, on account of its early and constant bearing, a most profitable plum.
- President.**—We consider this the best acquisition to this class of fruit. The fruit is large, oblong shaped, over two inches long, beautiful purple colour, pretty bloom, and covered with white minute dots, flesh firm and sweet, and fruit perfect freestone; will prove a great acquisition as a market variety on account of its good keeping quality after having coloured on the trees.
- Precious.**—A N.S.W. variety sported from Cherry Plum, which it resembles very much in growth. Fruit is very much larger, and better in every respect; skin thin but very tough; color red, covered with a light purple bloom; delicious flavour and most handsome appearance. One of the best carriers ever introduced. Abundant cropper, four year old tree pulling three gin cases. A money-maker, which we unhesitatingly place before the public. Price, 1/6.
- Princess Alexander.**—Fruit of largest size, splendid flavour and quality; skin deep glowing red; heavy and constant cropper. Specially recommended. Medium. 1/6.
- Rivers' Early Prolific.**—Fruit medium size, roundish oval; skin reddish purple, with a full blue bloom; flesh yellowish, juicy, rich, and very good. A freestone.
- The Czar.**—Fruit large, oval; skin quite black; flesh yellow, tender, and of excellent flavour; bears fruit in clusters, and is improved by thinning.
- Washington.**—Fruit of the largest size, roundish oval; skin dull yellow, with a pale crimson blush; flesh yellow, firm, very sweet and delicious. A freestone.
- Yellow Diamond (English).**—A sport of the "Diamond" plum; instead of dark purple, it is of a clear yellow colour.
- Yellow Gage.**—Fruit medium size, round; skin pale yellowish green, with a few reddish dots and a good deal of bloom; flesh pale yellow, sweet, and juicy; freestone.

LATE VARIETIES.

- Admiral.**—Fruit closely resembles "Monarch," somewhat later; the tree has, however, quite a different habit, a close grower, forming abundant spurs, bears profusely; a most valuable late kitchen and market plum.
- American Damson or Frost Plum.**—Fruit medium oval; skin deep purple, flesh greenish yellow, juicy, sweet, and rich. A splendid very late plum; a clingstone.

- Belle de September.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, inclining to oval; skin reddish purple, with a blue bloom; flesh orange yellow, juicy, sweet; a clingstone.
- Bradshaw.**—Fruit large, oval; reddish purple, with a light blue bloom; flesh yellowish, rather coarse, but juicy, rich, and pleasant. Not quite a freestone.
- Bryanstone Gage.**—Fruit medium size, oval; skin dull pale yellow, with a bronze cheek; a very thin bloom; flesh yellow; a partial clingstone.
- Coe's Golden Drop.**—Fruit of very large size, oval; skin light yellow, with a few dark spots; flesh firm, not extra juicy, rich, sweet and delicious. A grand plum for both warm and cold districts, and making a splendid prune when dried.
- Coe's Late Red.**—Fruit of medium size, nearly round; skin light purplish red, with a thin, blue bloom; flesh yellowish, rather firm, juicy, rich and vinous; a freestone.
- Crittenden's Damson.**—The very best of the Damsons, bearing more fruit than leaves; fruit large for a Damson, oblong; skin deep purple.
- Denbeigh.**—Fruit large, roundish, oval; skin clear, shining red; flesh yellowish, very firm, rich, and juicy; a most handsome plum, and a good culinary variety.
- Denyer's Victoria.**—Fruit large, roundish oval; skin light yellow, with lilac shadings; flesh golden yellow, rich and vinous. A freestone.
- Duane's Purple.**—Fruit very large, roundish, oval, or oblong; skin reddish purple in the sun, pale red in the shade; flesh rich amber; adheres partially to the stone.
- French Damson.**—A good Damson, with fewer spines than any other. An enormous cropper, with a much more delicate flavour than the ordinary Damson.
- Golden Transparent.**—Fruit large, bright golden when ripe; a most delicious late plum; first class certificate Royal Horticultural Society, England. See Late Transparent.
- Gloire de Epinay.**—Fruit large, round; black red; flesh yellow, firm and melting; tree extraordinarily prolific.
- Grand Duke.**—One of the very finest late plums. Fruit large, almost oval; skin purplish black, with a heavy bloom; flesh deep yellow, firm, very rich and juicy. This plum is a valuable acquisition.
- Imperial de Milan.**—Fruit large, roundish, oval, a little one-sided; skin deep purple, with a thick blue bloom; flesh greenish, juicy, very rich and sugary; a clingstone.
- Jefferson.**—Fruit largest size, oval; skin golden yellow, with a purplish red cheek; flesh deep orange, very rich, juicy, and luscious. Best plum of its season.
- Kirkes.**—Fruit medium size, roundish, oblong; skin dark purple, a few golden dots and an unusually heavy blue bloom; flesh firm, and very rich. A freestone.
- King Damsons.**—Fruit of largest size, exceptional quality and striking appearance; tree very productive; medium; specially recommended. 1/6.
- Late Black Orleans.**—Fruit medium size, nearly round; skin deep black, a thick blue bloom, and many brown dots; flesh deep yellow, juicy; a clingstone.
- Late Orange.**—Skin bright orange, covered with a heavy bloom; very rich flavour; good cropper; tree vigorous; one of the best of recent introduction. 1/6.
- Late Transparent.**—Fruit large, round, greenish yellow, changing to purple, according to exposure to sun; flesh firm, juicy and fully equal to the Green Gage; stone very small. Tree of dwarf habit, and an abundant bearer.
- Louthborough.**—Fruit large, roundish oval; skin almost black, with a deep violet bloom; flesh yellowish, firm, not very juicy, and highly esteemed for its enormous crops.
- Magnum Bonum (Red).**—Fruit large, oval, a little swollen on one side; skin pale in the shade, deep red in the sun; flesh greenish, rather firm, juicy; a freestone.
- Magnum Bonum (White Egg).**—Fruit very large, frequently six inches in circumference, oval; skin a deep golden; flesh yellow. A clingstone.
- Mirabelle Gloire de Louveciennes.**—Described as somewhat similar in size and shape as Mirabelle de Nancy, but three times as large; very fine.
- Monarch.**—Fruit very large, roundish, oval; skin dark purplish blue. Will hang for weeks after ripening. A valuable addition to the very late plums.
- Pond's Seedling.**—Fruit very large, oval; skin yellowish, nearly covered with carmine; flesh yellowish, juicy, and sugary; a beautiful plum.
- Prince of Wales.**—Fruit large, inclining to oblong; skin reddish purple, with brownish dots; flesh greenish yellow; a partial freestone.
- Purple Gage.**—Fruit medium size, roundish; skin violet, dotted with pale yellow; flesh greenish yellow, very highly flavoured.
- Reine Claude Tardive de Chambourcy.**—Size and aspect of Green Gage; free; very vigorous and prolific.

Reine Claude de Bavay.—Fruit large, roundish; skin greenish yellow; flesh yellow, with a sugary rich flavour; one of the very best plums; a free-stone.

Reine Claude d' Althan.—A very fine late red plum; freestone; an excellent dessert; classed as a Gage (T. F. Rivers' description).

Shropshire Damson.—The well known English Damson; an enormous cropper; the fruit and juice when cooked are of a rich purple.

Sultan.—Fruit medium, round; skin dark purplish red, dotted with minute brown specks; flesh greenish. A partial clingstone.

Superb (English).—Large round purple plum of excellent flavour; a heavy and constant bearer; cannot be excelled for either dessert or culinary use.

Takapuna Drop.—A sport from Coe's Golden Drop; yellow marked with purple; a large dessert plum and a good cropper; comes in late; splendid carrier and keeps well; good. 1/6.

PRUNES.

On Myrobolan Stocks.

THIS FRUIT presents great possibilities in Australia, as the value of Prunes annually is enormous. The process of manufacture is very simple, very little plant being required; in fact, in California they are simply sun-dried, and in that form realise a higher price than those dried in evaporators.

Our list comprises all the newest, as well as the best of all the old varieties, and as we anticipate Prune-drying is likely to enormously develop, we are raising them by thousands.

Price 1s. each; 10s 6d per dozen; Special Quotations per 100 and 1000. .50 Trees at 100 Rates.

Bulgarian.—Fruit of largest size, roundish oblong; skin deep purple, with a thick, heavy blue bloom.

Clairac Mammoth D'ente.—A very large and fine prune; colour reddish-purple, fifteen days earlier than French prune, and has a thinner skin. Dries with good weight and color.

Fellemborg or Italian Prune.—Fruit medium to large size, long, oval; skin dark purple; flesh rich yellow, dries with less loss of weight than any prune; a clingstone.

Golden Prune.—Fruit very large, roundish oval; skin thin, tough, of a beautiful golden colour. Dries beautifully, 24 dried prunes weighing sixteen ounces; a perfect free-stone.

Giant.—Fruit of very largest size, deep purple; a heavy cropper. Makes a splendid market fruit from its size and appearance, apart altogether from its value as a prune.

Hungarian or Pond's Seedling.—Fruit largest size, oval; skin yellowish, nearly covered with bright red or carmine; flesh yellowish, very thick.

Oregon Silver.—A seedling of the famous Golden Drop, same shape, same huge size, but will bear heavily in warm dis-

tricts. Professor Wickson, of California, states that there, Silver Prune bears on an average four times as much as Golden Drop; a clingstone.

Pacific.—The noblest of the plum family, larger than Diamond, of a deep maroon colour. As a drying plum it is unsurpassed, being firm, very meaty.

Prune d'Agen (French Prune).—This is the prune almost exclusively used in France for drying. Although small as compared with some of the new varieties it is of such high sugar contents, that for commercial purposes it is unrivalled. Fruit medium size, oval, with a neck; skin violet purple, with a thick bloom; flesh greenish yellow.

Pearl.—Another of Burbank's productions, a seedling of d'Agen; white, semi-transparent, with a heavy bloom; makes a splendid prune.

Robe De Sergeant.—Very similar to d'Agen in shape and colour, but larger; and what makes it valuable is that it ripens ten days before that variety.

Sugar.—Fruit even in size, and very large, averaging 13 or 15 to the pound. Very rich in sugar (hence its name), and is being extensively planted in California.

St. Martin's Quetsche.—Fruit medium size; skin thin, pale yellow, with a white bloom; flesh pale yellow, separating easily from the pit.

St. Catherine.—Fruit medium size; skin thin, a very pale yellow. In France used to produce the highest class of table prunes.

Splendor.—Unlike d'Agen, Splendor is a perfect freestone; like it, it is productive to a fault; ripens ten days before d'Agen.

Tragedy.—Fruit quite large, oblong, pointed; skin thick, deep purple; flesh yellow, rich in sugar, with a rich vinous juice; a freestone.

Tennent.—Large, dark purple; parts freely from the stone; exceedingly rich; dries well.

Waikato Prune.—A sport from French Prune, raised in New Zealand; a very heavy cropper and first-class quality. Specially recommended. 1/6.

JAPANESE PLUMS.

 WING to their adaptability to nearly all situations, their great beauty and enormous bearing qualities, Japanese Plums are now very largely planted.

Worked on Plum and Peach Stocks.

Price 1s each; 10s 6d per dozen. .Special Quotations per 100 and 1000; 50 at 100 Rates.

Admiral Togo.—Fruit round and handsome, skin bright crimson; flesh solid, yellow, rich and juicy. Tree vigorous grower and prolific bearer. Ripe just after the cherry plum.

Abundance (Botan).—Fruit fair to large size; skin brilliant carmine; flesh thick yellow, very juicy, of fair flavor; ripe ten days before Burbank; clingstone.

Alpha.—The earliest of all Japanese or English plums, ripens twelve days in advance of cherry plum or E.S. American. Fruit at least twice the size of a cherry plum; deep, dark red; flesh yellowish, juicy, and very sweet, of good flavour; can be picked when first showing colour, and will keep for fourteen days without discolouring. Being so remarkably early, it is not likely to sun-scald, as in many of the Japs., and being the first plum on the market, we predict a big future for this sterling novelty.

Apple (Hybrid Plum).—It bore fruit during the past summer, and was of large size and striking appearance; fruit ripens soon after Burbank.

America (Hybrid Plum).—The result of cross between Robinson and Botan; fruit is of large size; colour glossy coral red; flesh yellow, and delicious.

Akarana.—Fruit much resembles Botan; a vigorous grower, having luxuriant foliage, which should be a safeguard against sun-scald so prevalent in Japanese plums. It is said to ripen with the Cherry Plum.

Bartlett.—Fruit medium size; skin mottled with red on a red ground; flesh yellow,

low, with a rich, piquant flavor; tree a very handsome, sturdy grower.

Botankin.—A very handsome plum; skin clear yellow, nearly covered with reddish purple; flesh deep orange, very juicy, with a high, racy flavour.

Burbank.—Fruit largest size, round; skin deep yellow, cherry red in the sun, with a hazy lilac bloom; flesh deep orange, in flavour more nearly the best English plums than any of this section; should be thinned. Ripe second week January; clingstone.

Climax.—Raised by Luther Burbank, who says: "The most wonderful early plum ever grown, and one that will change the whole business of early fruit shipping. A new king amongst fruit. Fruit as large as Wickson, heart-shaped, and more highly colored; delicious flavour; ripens very early. Tree vigorous, upright growth, leaves very large."

Combination.—Raised by Burbank, and pronounced as "the best plum ever tasted." Fruit large, globular, very uniform in size, straw colour, extremely sweet.

Chalco.—Large, and like a tomato, deep reddish purple, with very sweet, fragrant yellow flesh. The fruit can be gathered when quite green, and kept for a month.

Chabot.—Fruit large, heart-shaped, or oval; skin clear, bright red, with a rich purple bloom; flesh yellow, juicy, of good flavour; a close clingstone; ripe end January.

- Delaware.**—A blood plum of drooping habit; fruit large, very rich and juicy; ripens after Satsuma.
- Doris.**—The earliest of the Japs.; fruit of fair size, bright red, juicy but firm; to be recommended for the early markets.
- Federation.**—A cross between "Burbank" and "Wickson." The fruit, in size, shape and colour, resembles the "Wickson," and in growth the tree is like an upright-growing "Burbank." It is quite as productive as "Burbank." Ripe second week in February.
- First.**—Said to be the earliest, largest, handsomest, and most prolific of all early plums; fruit large for an early plum; pale amber, faint bluish on sunny side, half transparent.
- Gold.**—In appearance a marvel of beauty, the golden globes being borne all along the limbs, not in clusters, but singly; in colour, clear, deep golden; flesh very firm, juicy.
- Hale.**—A beautiful plum, of a clear golden colour; ripe after "Burbank"; fruit rich and juicy; a very heavy cropper.
- Hattankin.**—Fruit large, varies in shape, usually quite round; skin bright, clear yellow, no red; flesh pale yellow, firm; a clingstone; ripe end December.
- Hay's Seedling.**—Tree hardy and a good grower; fruit round, skin dark purple, flesh yellow, firm, rich, juicy, and of exquisite flavour; ripens a week after "Burbank."
- Kelsey.**—Fruit very large, heart-shaped; skin fine, clear yellow, covered with red in the sun; flesh deep yellow; a partial clingstone; ripens second week in March.
- Large Red.**—Of largest size, up to eight inches round, weighing $5\frac{1}{2}$ ounces, oval; skin brilliant red; flesh yellowish, juicy, of fair flavour; ripe last December.
- Maynard.**—Is oval, large to very large; colour deep clear purplish crimson, thin blue bloom; flesh light yellow, marbled with red, firm, delicious, highly-flavoured; unusually strong grower, with large broad leaves like an apricot; ripens just after "Climax." 1/6.
- Mikado.**—Fruit exceptionally showy, medium size; skin brilliant carmine, flesh thick yellow, very juicy and good flavour; an improvement on that well-known and popular variety "Abundance (Botan)." Price 2/-.
- Moyola.**—Identical with Chabot.
- Ogon (Large Yellow).**—Large size, quite round; skin rich, deep amber all over; flesh yellow, almost transparent; a clingstone.
- October Purple.**—Fruit large, quite round; skin deep purple, almost black; flesh yellow, very thick, juicy, with a distinct and quite new flavour.
- Ogden.**—Fruit large, round; flesh firm, light golden color; very productive.
- Okki Smomo.**—Fruit very large, long in shape; skin deep dark red, equal in appearance to "Burbank."
- Prunus Pessardii.**—The leaves of a red, bronze colour; the young wood purple; fruit small, red from the time the blossoms fall; ripens earlier than any plum.
- Prunus Simonii.**—Fruit very large, flat; skin deep crimson; flesh yellow, firm, with a delicious flavour and aroma. In some localities not a heavy bearer.
- Shipper.**—A firm-fleshed plum which may be handled like apples; flesh wine-coloured; skin blackish purple; will hang for weeks uninjured; a good cropper.
- Sultan.**—Of huge size, oval, deep purplish crimson; flesh firm, solid, sweet, and dark crimson in color; very productive; ripe a week before "Burbank."
- Purple Monster.**—From our experience, we consider this identical with "Kelsey."
- Red June.**—Fruit medium size, round; skin brilliant red all over; flesh pale yellow, firm and solid; ripens here second week December.
- Shiro.**—First produced in profusion, medium to large, uniform in size; clear, light yellow, with thin white bloom; clingstone; ripens two weeks after "Burbank."
- Satsuma (Blood).**—Fruit medium size, round; skin deep purplish red, distinctly mottled under the skin, flesh dark red, right to the stone; of a pendulous habit.
- Cyca Smomo.**—The upright blood plum, and identical with the preceding except in its habit of growth and its season of ripening, which is first week in January.
- Superbe (Jap.).**—Fruit of immense size, and most delicious flavour; colour yellow, covered with small green specks; in shape, round and flattened, partaking of its parent Simonii. An ideal shipping plum, being very firm, and does not scald. Ripens a little in advance of Burbank.
- Wickson.**—Now so well and favourably known as to hardly need description; an enormous bearer; does well everywhere; sells as well green as ripe.
- Wright's Early.**—Very similar to the famous "Burbank," but is at least four to six weeks earlier. The raiser claims it is the best early plum; a heavy and constant cropper.
- Wright's Late.**—The fruit is of large size, with deep red flesh, and the stone is no larger than that of a cherry. Tree is a wonderful cropper; late keeper, and will hang on the tree until March. Raised in New Zealand.

QUINCES.

UNDoubtedly the most hardy of all fruit trees, enduring the extremes of drought and flood, and still bearing heavy crops annually. If fairly treated, cut back every year, and the fruit thinned, will produce enormous crops of large, showy, marketable fruit.

Price, 1s. Each; 10s. 6d. per Dozen. Special Quotations per 100 or 1000.

- Apple-shaped.**—Fruit large, roundish, like an apple. For stewing it is unrivalled, becoming quite tender; of excellent flavour; in colour, a fine deep gold.
- Bereckzi.**—Recommended to us as a fruit of enormous size; flesh sweet; skin glossy golden yellow, smooth; very prolific, even on young trees.
- Bourgeat.**—Fruit very large, rich golden yellow; smooth, velvety skin; beautiful large foliage; quite distinct.
- Champion.**—A splendid new American variety; fruit very large and handsome; flesh tender, with a very delicate flavour; a splendid keeper, and carries well.
- De Vranja.**—New introduction from Serbia, recommended for its prolific qualities; fruit enormous, weighing nearly 3lbs.; very agreeable flavour.
- Fuller.**—A new variety from Europe, described as a regular bearer and strong grower; fruit ripens early, large size, bright lemon yellow, highly flavoured.
- Giant of Lescovaz.**—A new quince imported from France, the fruits often attaining up to 3½ lb.; flesh white; does not turn red when cooked; tree very prolific.
- Large Orange.**—Somewhat resembles apple-shaped, but uniformly large, and with a slight neck.
- Meech's Prolific.**—Fruit large, of a lovely orange, of great beauty and delightful fragrance; tree a strong, vigorous grower, and immensely productive.
- Master's Early.**—A large variety, resembling Champion in appearance, but much earlier; tree a regular and constant bearer.
- Missouri Mammoth.**—Fruit enormous size, of very even outline, mild, pleasant flavour and unsurpassed for cooking; a grand exhibition variety.
- Pineapple.**—Raised by Luther Burbank, and described by him as a long effort to secure a quince that would cook like an apple.
- Pear-shaped.**—Fruit of medium size, oblong; skin pale yellow; flesh very firm in texture, perhaps the hardest, longest keeper of any of the quinces.
- Portugal.**—For stewing, it is unrivalled, turning a rich crimson; fruit of largest size, oblong; skin paler yellow than any other; tree a particularly strong grower.
- Reas Mammoth.**—Of similar appearance to the Orange Quince, but averaging one-third larger; fruit round, very smooth and handsome; a very early bearer.
- Van Deman.**—We have this variety fruiting, and can recommend it; as good as Portugal, but, unlike that variety, a heavy cropper.
- Zucker (Sugar).**—Introduced from Asia; fruit very sweet; excellent when preserved.

RHUBARB.

- Early Albert (Imported).**—A very fine variety, valuable on account of its extreme earliness; stems long, but not very thick, of a bright, lively red; cooks without any fibre, of a most delicious flavour. Price, 1s each; 9s doz.
- Hogan's Shillelah.**—A truly magnificent variety, raised in Victoria, stems of immense size, very thick; a very hardy and free-growing rhubarb. Price, 1s each; 9s doz.
- Myatt's Linnaeus (Imported).**—Very early and wonderfully prolific; one of the largest and best in cultivation. Price, 1s each, 9s doz.
- Myatt's Victoria (Imported).**—A well known variety, perhaps the hardest for warm districts; stems very large; of excellent flavor and color. Price, 1s each, 9s doz.
- Johnstone's St. Martin's (New).**—A variety with the reputation of immense size, high flavour, and great hardiness. Price, 1s.

Topp's Winter.—A most extraordinary variety, being in use during the months from May to August; stalks long, rather slender, borne in the greatest profusion; in colour a vivid red; flesh very tender, stewing to a pulp, without a sign of fibre. Price, 1s each, 9s doz.

Webb's Buninyong.—Of large size, and extra length; of splendid quality; very hardy and prolific. Succeeds Early Albert; a first-rate variety for market purposes. Price, 1s each.

Giant.—The well known old favourite variety, stem of larger size, but not of best flavour; very hardy and prolific. Seedlings, 4s to 6s per doz.

Improved Topp's Winter.—Similar to its parent in respect of season, but of much better habit of growth, being more erect; the stalks are longer, and of better colour; a decided improvement on the original. Price, 1s each, 9s doz.

Small Fruits or Berry Fruits.

THE cultivation of Berry Fruits has been much neglected in the past in New South Wales, and, with such large areas of suitable land as may be found all along the Eastern Highland, is a cause of surprise. The large quantities of Gooseberries, Raspberries, and Currants imported yearly from Tasmania and Victoria can be produced at least as well within fifty miles of Sydney.

CURRANTS.

In order to produce very large Red and White Currants, the plants should be cut in closely, i.e., the young wood should be shortened every year to six or nine inches, so that the plants, when pruned, are like the stool in an osier bed. Black Currants do not require this treatment, bearing freely on the young wood.

Price, 7s. per Doz.; 35s. per 100.

RED AND WHITE CURRANTS.

Cherry.—A strong-growing variety, with very large fruit, not of finer flavour than others, but valuable for market on account of its size; early.

La Fertile.—Fruit large, dark red, bunches of medium length, tapering.

La Versailles.—A very free-growing, productive variety, of the finest flavour; fruit of the largest size, deep red, bunches long, tapering and very thickly set.

Red Dutch.—An old standard variety; very hardy and productive; fruit large, deep red, rich, acid flavor; bunches two or three inches long.

Mammoth.—Fruit large, a little more acid than Red Dutch.

Red Imperial.—A new variety of great merit; fruit large, bright, clear red; bunches long; bush very robust and most productive.

White Dutch.—Similar to Red Dutch in habit; fruit larger, of a fine yellowish white color, almost transparent, very slightly acid; very productive.

White Transparent.—Fruit very large; yellowish white; very clear; very hardy.

White Imperial.—A fine, new variety; fruit as large as White Dutch, clearer; the bunches six inches long, regularly set and richly flavoured; bush robust.

BLACK CURRANTS.

Black Naples.—A beautiful fruit; berries nearly three-quarters of an inch in diameter; a late variety, bearing its fruit in very large clusters.

Carter's Black Champion.—A great improvement in Black Currants, the berries being nearly three-quarters of an inch in diameter, and very richly flavoured.

Kentish Hero.—Fruit large; bunches short, thickly set; the best for preserving.

Lee's Prolific.—A most abundant bearer; bunches large; fine berries, of a high flavour.

Ogden's (Black Grape).—A particularly strong and vigorous grower; resembles Black Naples, but is earlier.

BLACKBERRIES, &c.

Price, 1s. Each.

American.—Large black, of good flavour.
English.—Medium size, black; one of the best flavoured.

Himalayan.—Very large; black, round; foliage very handsome; a robust grower. 1s 6d each.

Italian.—Large, black, and of good flavor.

Lawton.—Medium size, black; early; habit upright.

Mammoth.—This is without doubt the very best thing in the way of Blackberries we have ever seen; ripens October, November, and right on to March, in clusters of magnificent dark-red berries, of most luscious flavour. Another point in its favour is that it does not sucker; a fault with so many of this family. 1/-.

White Crystal.—Clear golden yellow form of Blackberry; fruit large, seed minute, ripens early. Price 1s.

Wilson's Early.—Large, black, fruit soft and sweet.

Lucretia Dewberry.—Decidedly the best of all dewberries. It is a superb fruit, large and handsome, of a shining jet black; melting, and of delicious quality. The plant is healthy and hardy everywhere, and exceedingly productive. Price, 9d each, 6s per doz.

Phenomenal Berry.—A cross between "Californian Dewberry" and the "Cuthbert" raspberry. Described as larger than the largest berry ever before known; bright crimson raspberry color; productive as could be desired, and the most delicious of all berries for pies, preserving, jelly or jams. 2s each.

Strawberry Raspberry.—This we have proved to be worthless, and a greater pest than Sorrell, and have consequently thrown out of propagation.

Japanese Wineberry.—The fruit is similar to raspberry in shape; color bright, glossy scarlet; sweet, juicy, and of agreeable flavour; strong grower, and quite an ornamental shrub. This tree is only good in cool, moist districts. 1s 6s each.

The Logan Berry.—This fruit, which appears to be a cross between a cultivated red raspberry and a variety of Californian wild blackberry, was grown by Judge J. H. Logan, of Santa Cruz, California, from seed, in 1894. The fruit is sometimes an inch and a quarter long, the shape of a blackberry, the colour of a dark-red raspberry, and a combination of the flavours of both. The stems are strong, free from thorns, but covered with fine spines, have a trailing habit, and the fruit is furnished in great profusion in early December. He received an award of merit from the Royal Horticultural Society of England. 1s 6d each, or 15s per doz.

Golden Mayberry.—The berries are of a golden straw colour, and ripen here in November, before strawberries, and before the earliest of the standard raspberries. The bushes are distinct from all others, growing like trees, 6 to 8 ft. high, with spreading tops, which are soon covered by the great, sweet, glossy, golden, semi-translucent berries. The plants, when well established, will surprise one with their abundance of fruit. Price 1/-.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Price 7/- per Dozen; 35/- per 100.

RED.

Billy Dean
 Crown Bob
 Conquering Hero
 Jolly Miner
 Keen's Seedling
 Overall
 Ploughboy
 Prince Regent
 Roaring Lion

Lancashire Hero
 Lion's Provider
 Lord of the Manor
 Red Robin
 Rifleman
 Red Ocean
 Slaughterman
 Warrington
 Whinham's Industry

WRITE FOR SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.

WHITE.

Gill's Seedling
 Northern Hero
 White Muslin
 Thumper
 Waterloo
 Plunder
 Smiling Beauty
 Whitesmith
 White Lion
 White Eagle

GREEN.

Drill
 General Graham
 Gretna Green
 Green Gascoigne
 Greenwood

Green Overall
 Heart of Oak
 Keepsake
 Lord Crew
 Nelson
 Peacock

YELLOW.

Dublin
 Goldfinder
 High Sheriff
 Leader
 Leveller
 Pretty Boy
 Rockwood
 Sulphur
 Trumpeter
 Yellow Lion

RASPBERRIES.

A REALLY USEFUL FRUIT, OF EASY CULTIVATION.

3/- per Dozen; 20/- per Hundred.

Antwerp Red.—Large and fine flavor.
Antwerp White.—Large, mild, sweet flavor.
Falstaff.—Fruit red, flavor good.
Northumberland Fillbasket.—Deep red, good size and flavor.
Victoria.—Large, red fruit, of excellent flavor; late, one of the best.
Northumberland Fillbasket (Thornless).
 —In all respects similar to Fillbasket, but quite smooth in the canes; should prove a decided acquisition. 4/- doz.
Cuthbert (Queen of the Market).—This variety is more largely grown for market purposes than any other red rasp-

berry in America. It is a sturdy grower, and does not require tying or staking. Fruit medium size, good flavor. 4/- doz.
Franconia.—A first-class red raspberry; fruit very large, of good flavor, and a strong grower; about two weeks earlier than Northumberland Fillbasket. 4/- doz.
Golden Queen.—A seedling from Cuthbert, resembling that variety in hardiness and vigorous growth. A most abundant bearer, producing fruit of the largest size and delicious flavor; color beautifully yellow. 4/- doz.

GRANADILLA PASSION FRUIT.

The large white Passion Fruit grown so largely in Queensland; will do well in a fairly sheltered place, but, of course, no use in localities liable to frosts. Price 2/- each.

SERVICE TREE.

A most handsome small tree, producing an abundance of clusters of fruit, much resembling in size and appearance the Crab Apple; when the fruit is ripening the tree presents a most handsome appearance, and the foliage is also very beautiful. Altogether a most desirable tree. The fruit is ripe in March. Price 1/6 each.



Camden Sherry Grape on Resistant Stock, two years from grafting.



Red Hanneport on Montpellier (Resistant Stock), two years from grafting.

TREE TOMATO.

A small evergreen tree from India, attaining a height of six to eight feet. Its fruit is produced in pendulous branches of four to six each; of a brownish red color, oval or egg-shaped, and suspended below the foliage three to four feet above the ground. In flavor the fruit resembles the common tomato, with a smack of the lemon. This plant will, no doubt, soon be in general cultivation, for the following reasons, viz.:—The fruit ripens after the common tomatoes are over; will keep many weeks after gathering, and will produce an annual crop for an indefinite period, dispensing with the necessity of annual planting. The tree, moreover, is of easy culture, requiring only ordinary treatment, and will succeed in common garden soil; does not usually fruit the first season. Price 1/- each.

TACSONIA MOLLISSIMA.

White Passion Fruit.—This plant has been grown for some time as an ornamental climber, with handsome rose-colored flowers, and producing enormous quantities of white fruit about the size of a hen's egg, which, on being tried, proved to be valuable for table, and much relished by many. Used with milk and sugar, it is delicious; the pulp is a rich golden color. Highly desirable for ornamental as well as useful purposes. Price 1/- each.

NEW PASSION FRUIT.

Mammoth.—An improvement on the common variety (*Edulis*), being quite twice its size, and containing rich-colored, high-flavored juice. Originated in the County of Cumberland, where it has for years been grown, and realising fancy prices in the markets. In pots, 1/- each.

HOVENIA DULCIS (Chinese Raisin).

This is grown more for the curious fruit, which is borne in clusters or branches; in flavor it very much resembles a Muscatel Raisin. It forms a very handsome small tree. Deciduous. Price 2/- each.

STRAWBERRIES.

THE culture of this fruit will, we feel confident, in a few years be largely carried on, as anyone with an acre or two in close proximity to large towns can, with little trouble and expense, net larger profits per acre than in any other branch of agriculture. The most suitable soil is a deep, rich loam, or even clay, deeply dug, and enriched with strong manure. Plant in rows two feet apart each way, and keep ground constantly stirred, cutting off all runners as they appear, at least three times a year. Before the fruit ripens, a layer of straw should be placed between the rows. We give a list of varieties most suitable for this State, and would refer planters to our list of novelties for recently-introduced varieties.

Price 4/6 per Hundred; Special Quotations per Thousand.

Annetta.—A Queensland seedling, fruiting in this State, and promises to eclipse anything we have in the way of early berries; fruit large, 10 to 16 to the quart; bright, shining red; of delicious flavor.

Aurie.—Fruit is large, highly colored, and very sweet. It is a heavy cropper, and bears two crops in the season. Price 6/- per 100.

British Queen.—Fruit very large, roundish, conical, sometimes cockscomb-shaped, of a beautiful shining scarlet; flesh rather firm, juicy, rich and excellent; flowers perfect.

Captain.—The fruit is very large and handsome, of splendid flavor, and enormously prolific.

Crescent Seedling.—Hardy, of splendid color, and, if planted near other varieties, an enormous bearer. The queen of strawberries, suitable for market.

Dr. Moree.—A splendid berry of Cresswell type, but larger, better flavored; one of the heaviest croppers in cultivation.

Federation.—Large and abundant cropper, of Queensland origin, thoroughly drought-resistant; can recommend. 6/- 100.

Glenfield Beauty.—The fruit is of medium size, rather pointed, of good rich crimson color, and is produced well off the ground, in clusters.

Governor-General.—A New South Wales raised berry, fairly large, highly colored, bearing well into winter.

Howcroft.—A large fruiting berry, of the same type as Dr. Moree; stands dry weather.

King Edward VII.—Berries extra large, deep vermilion, produced in bunches well clear of the ground; a heavy and constant cropper, bearing from September to May.

Marguerite.—One of the best known varieties, largely grown for market on account of its appearance, size, and prolific bearing qualities.

Melba.—Large, brilliant red, of finest quality; ripens fairly early, and is a continuous cropper.

Noble (Laxton's).—Fruit of immense size, roundish, a little flattened; skin bright crimson; flesh pinkish, very rich, and delicious. An enormous bearer, producing bunches of large berries; ripens very early. Extra strong plants, price 6/- 100.

Royal Sovereign.—Fruit conical, sometimes a little flattened, and of the very largest size. In color a bright glossy scarlet, coloring well to the point. Flesh white, exceedingly firm, with a rich, vinous flavor. Plant hardy and vigorous, with a strong, bold foliage. 5/- 100.

Sir Harry Rawson.—This is, without exception, the best flavored strawberry; a very good spring fruiter of the Marguerite type; large and attractive, besides being one of the best of carriers.

Trollope's Victoria.—Fruit very large, nearly globular; skin light crimson;

flesh light scarlet, very juicy, with rich and aromatic flavor.

The Creswell.—Fruit very large, rather long, of a bright glossy red color; a good second early, and will produce a continuous crop right up to May.

The Marshall.—Berries are very large, deep crimson, borne in clusters clear of the soil; it has a superb leaf, which acts as a natural shade from sun's rays in November and December; a great acquisition to strawberry growers. 5/- 100.

Uptut Mark.—Of Victorian origin; medium sized; bright red; in fruit November to May; true winter-bearing. 1/6 doz., 6/- 100.

White Chilian.—A large white or palish pink berry of the Hautbois type, flesh firm, juicy, and of a high flavor, more suited to the cooler districts. Price 7/6 per 100.

NEW AUSTRALIAN-RAISED STRAWBERRIES.

Zena.—Raised in County Cumberland, from seed of Royal Sovereign. Fruit very large, bright shining red, of exquisite flavor. An early and regular cropper, carrying two good crops annually. Plants being vigorous and dense growers, berries are not liable to scald. Price 1/6 dozen, 10/- 100.

Lord Kitchener.—Also raised in County Cumberland, from seed of Noble. A vigorous and well-leaved variety, carrying heavy crops. Fruit above medium size, dark purplish red; firm fleshed and very sweet. A grand variety for bottling. A heavy winter cropper. Price 1/6 dozen, 10/- 100.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS.

Berberry Common.—1/- each.

Eugenia Myrtifolia.—1/6 each.

Pomegranates, Common.—1/- each.

Passion Fruits (in pots), 6d each; 5/- per doz. From seed boxes, 10/- per 100.

CULINARY ROOTS, PLANTS, &c.

ASPARAGUS PLANTS.

Argenteuil, Purple.—Two years strong. 7/6 per 100.

Argenteuil, Purple.—Three years strong. 10/6 per 100.

Palmetto.—Three years strong plants, 10/6 per 100.

Conover's Colossal.—Two years strong. 5/- to 7/6 per 100.

Conover's Colossal.—Three years strong, 10/6 per 100.

HERB ROOTS.

Lavender	6d each.
Marjoram, Winter	6d each.
Mint	3/- per doz.
Rue	6d each
Sage	6d each, or 4/- doz.
Garlic	6d per lb.
Thyme, Common	1/6 per doz.
Thyme, Lemon (True), 6d ea., or 2/- doz.	
Thyme, Lemon (var.), 6d ea., or 2/6 doz.	
Shallots	6d per lb.
Potato Onions	1/- per lb.
Tree Onions	1/- per lb.

Hardy Ornamental Trees & Shrubs.

A carefully compiled list of choicest and hardiest, that will be found to do well in almost all climates in New South Wales.

E.T. signifies Evergreen Trees. E.S., Evergreen Shrub. D.T., Deciduous Tree. D.S., Deciduous Shrubs.

	s	d		s	d
Abutilon (Chinese Lantern).			D.T.— <i>Purpurescens</i> (Purple Sycamore). 30ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Boule de Nieve</i> . White. 3ft.	1	0	D.T.— <i>Saccharinum</i> (Sugar Maple). 40ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Cloth of Gold</i> . Golden. 6ft..	1	0	D.T.— <i>Platanoides</i> (Norway Maple). 50ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Darwini Tessellatum</i> . Leaves variegated green and yellow. 3ft.	1	6	D.T.— <i>Pseudo Plantanus</i> (Sycamore or False Plane), 70ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Emperor</i> ; large flowers, dark crimson	1	0	D.S.—<i>Polymorphum</i> . (See Japanese Maples)	2	6
E.S.— <i>Golden Fleece</i> ; yellow. 4ft. .	1	0	Splendid class of plants for planting amongst Conifer, their gorgeous autumn coloring being in great contrast.		
E.S.— <i>Souvenir de Bonn</i> . Leaves have a beautiful silver margin, flowers orange, veined scarlet ..	1	6	Acmena (Lilipili) . See <i>Eugenia</i> .		
E.S.— <i>Thompsonii</i> . Deep rich orange, shaded and streaked with crimson	1	0	E.S.— <i>Agathaea</i> <i>Coelestis</i> (Blue Marguerite); flowers similar to Paris Daisy; blue, with yellow centre. 5ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Thompsonii</i> fl. pl. Double. 6ft.	1	6	E.T.— <i>Agave Americana</i> Aloe. 50ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Vexillarium</i> . Yellow and red	1	6	D.T.— <i>Ailanthus Glandulosa</i> (Tree of Heaven), 20ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Coccinea</i> . Bright red.			E.S.— <i>Allamanda Nerifolia</i> , beautiful dwarf, bright yellow flowering shrub; cannot be too highly recommended; very hardy. 3ft.	1	6
Abelia			D.S.— <i>Aloysia Citriodora</i> (lemon-scented verbenas). 8ft.	1	6
E.E.— <i>Rupestris</i> . Rose and white. 3ft.	1	6	The scent of the leaves is delicious, but the flowers are insignificant.		
E.S.— <i>Uniflora</i> . Pink. 3ft.	1	6	Amygdalus Persca.		
Dwarf free-flowering shrubs.			Clara Meyer .—Beautiful double pink; one of the best	1	6
Aberia			D.S.— <i>Crimson</i> , 10ft.	1	6
<i>Caffra</i> (Kaffir Apple), 15 to 20 ft.	1	0	D.S.— <i>Pink</i> , 10ft.	1	6
Very spiny; most useful for cattle-proof hedge.			D.S.— <i>White</i> , 10ft.	1	6
Acacia			The double-flowering peach trees; very ornamental.		
E.T.— <i>Baileyana</i> (Cootamundra Wattle). Silver leaf of great beauty; free flowering. 15ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Aralia Papyrifera</i> , Rice Paper Tree. 10ft.	1	0
E.T.— <i>Cultriformis</i> . 12ft.	1	0	<i>Sieboldti</i>	1	6
E.T.— <i>Decurrens</i> . Narrow leaf, strong growing. 25ft.	1	0	Handsome evergreen shrubs, with fine large ornamental foliage.		
E.T.— <i>Elata</i> . Yellow. Handsome foliage	1	6	E.S.— <i>Arduina</i> (Cape Plum) <i>Grandiflora</i> , beautiful white-flowering shrub, strongly scented. 5ft. .	2	0
E.T.— <i>Dealbata</i> . 15ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Bispinosa</i> . White. 3ft. .	1	6
E.T.— <i>Maidenii</i> . Very free flowering, pendulous and graceful. 15ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Arbutus Canariensis</i> . 20ft. .	1	6
E.T.— <i>Pycnantha</i> (Golden Wattle). 20ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Unedo</i> , Strawberry Tree. 10ft.	1	6
E.T.— <i>Podolirifolia</i> . Best of all the Acacias. Comes into bloom very early, and lasts longer than any of the others	1	6	Both varieties are hardy, and are known as strawberry trees;		
We have selected these from the many species as being exquisitely beautiful and worthy of cultivation.					
Acer (Maple).					
D.T.— <i>Campestris</i> . English Maple. 30ft.	1	0			
D.T.— <i>Colchium Rubrum</i> . 30ft. .	1	6			
D.T.— <i>Negunda</i> . 50ft.	1	0			
D.T.— <i>Purpurea</i> . 30ft.	1	0			

	s	d		s	d
they bear small, handsome, edible fruit.			E.T.— Brachychiton Acerifolia, Fire Tree. 80ft.	1	6
E.S.— Ardisia Crenulata, crimson berries. 2ft.	1	6	E.S.— Brassia Actinophylla; handsome foliage. 15ft.	1	6
Beautiful evergreen; bears an abundance of crimson and white berries in a young state; a charming pot plant; requires a sheltered position and moisture; splendid verandah or table plant.			E.S.— Browallia Jamiesonii, yellow. 8ft.	1	0
E.S.— Arundo Donax Variegata. Beautiful bamboo-like reeds; variegated yellow and white. 12ft.	1	6	E.S.— Brugmansia Knightii, large, white, trumpet-shaped flower; very showy. 10ft.	1	0
E.S.— Aucuba Japonica. 4ft.	1	6	E.S.— Buddleia Globosa. 10ft. ...	1	6
In various sorts and forms of variegation; very ornamental foliage plant; requires a cool situation.			E.S.— Paniculata . 20ft.	1	6
Azaleas . See separate list.			Veitchii	1	6
D.T.— Aesculus Hippocastanum (Horse Chestnut). 60ft.	1	0	Good for hedge and shelter purposes.		
D.T.— Rubicunda , red flowering. 60ft.	1	6	Brunfelsia (Franciscea)—		
D.T.— Alba Flora Plena. Double white. 60ft.	2	0	E.S.— Americana , pure white, very sweetly scented. 6ft. ...	1	6
E.S.— Alyxia Buxifolia. A beautiful berried native dwarf shrub.	1	6	E.S.— Eximea ; flowers blue and white at same time. 5ft.	1	6
E.S.— Bambusa , Bamboo Cane, Arundinacea tall common. 50ft. ...	2s	6d to	E.S.— Latifolia , blue. 6ft.	1	6
E.S.— Falcata , beautiful plumed species. 8ft.	2	0	Elegant, free-flowering, evergreen shrub plants; they prefer a warm, sheltered situation, and light soil.		
E.S.— Humilis . 15ft.	1	6	E.S.— Buxus Aborea (Tree Box). 20ft.	1	0
E.S.— Nigra , black Bamboo. 20ft.	1	6	E.S.— Latifolius . 8ft.	1	6
Do well in any fairly moist land, and give a tropical appearance to the shrubbery.			E.S.— Sempervirens , common English Box for edging; 7/6 100, 1/6 doz.		
E.S.— Balfouria Pittosporoides. 25ft.	1	6	E.S.— Sempervirens , Aurea Variegata. 4ft.	1	6
Lovely free blooming tree, yellow flowers; very hardy.			E.S.— Callistemon (The Bottle-brush) Lanceolatus. 8ft.	1	0
E.S.— Barkleya Syringafolia, yellow; a remarkably graceful tree, with glossy green leaves. 10ft. .	1	6	E.S.— Glabra . 8ft.	1	0
E.S.— Bauhinia Alba. 6ft.	1	6	E.S.— Pinifolia . 8ft.	1	0
E.S.— Hookerii	1	6	Colors red and crimson shades; very useful shrubs.		
E.S.— Purpurea . 25ft.	1	6	E.T.— Calodendron Capensis (Cape Chestnut). 40ft.	2	0
Very showy flowering plants, suitable for lawn specimens.			Tree, producing handsome flesh-colored orchid-like flowers.		
Benthamia Fragifera. 6ft.	1	6	Calycanthus Floridus (Allspice) 4ft.	1	6
E.S.— Berberis Darwini, yellow, 10ft.	1	6	A deciduous hardy shrub; the flowers have a sweet apple scent; the wood and roots, when cut, have a strong smell of camphor; spreading habit.		
E.S.— Fortuni . 4ft.	1	6	Cannas (See separate list).		
E.S.— Vulgaris , Common Barberry. 8ft.	1	6	E.T.— Camellias (See separate list).		
E.S.— Vulgaris Purpurea	1	6	E.T.— Camphora Officinalis (Camphor Tree). 50ft.	1	0
Vulgaris is the well known English fruit, Barberry. The evergreen species are useful under shrubs, as they thrive under tree shade.			E.S.— Cantua Dependens, pink. 6ft.	1	6
D.T.— Betula Alba (English Birch). 30ft.	1	6	E.S.— Cassia Condolleana. 15ft. ...	1	0
Beech (See Fagus).			Quick growing, showy, and very hardy flowering shrubs; yellow flowers.		
Blue Gum (See Eucalyptus).			E.T.— Castanospermum Australis, Moreton Bay Chestnut. 40ft.	1	6
E.S.— Boronia Megastigma, brown, sweet-scented. 3ft.	1	6	D.S.— Catalpa Syringafolia, white, 20ft.	1	6
Bouvardias . (See special list).			Speciosa, a showy, rapid-growing tree, with pyramidal clusters, a foot long, of white and purple; fragrant flowers	1	6
			Carob (See Ceratonia).		

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D.T.— <i>Carya Olivaformis</i> (Pecan Nut). 60ft.	2	0	Chrysanthemum —Continued.		
Sulcata (Hickory Nut). 60ft. ..	2	0	E.S.—Double yellow	1	0
D.T.— <i>Castanea Vesca</i> (Spanish Chestnut). 40ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Choisya Ternata</i>	1	6
E.S.— <i>Ceanothus Divaricatus</i> , blue. 8ft.	1	6	Dwarf shrub, with flowers like orange blossoms.		
E.S.— <i>Azureus</i> , pale blue. 8ft. ..	1	6	E.S.— <i>Cistus Formosus</i> . 3ft.	1	0
Handsome flowering shrubs, quick growers, and very hardy.			E.S.— <i>Albidus Rose</i> . 3ft.	1	3
D.T.— <i>Cedrela Australis</i> (Red Cedar Tree). Very handsome foliage; deep red in autumn. 60ft.	1	6	Strong and hardy, free flowering shrubs, known as the Rock Rose.		
E.S.— <i>Cerasus Laurocerasus</i> (English Laurel). 20ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Clethra Arborea</i> (Lily of the Valley Tree). 6ft.	2	0
E.S.— <i>Lusitanica</i> (Portugal Laurel). 20ft.	1	0	Flowers pure white, compact growth; forming a magnificent shrub.		
The Laurels are old English favorites; they will thrive well if planted in good, strong soil.			E.S.— <i>Clianthus Puniceus</i> (Parrot's Beak), pink. 6ft.	1	6
Cherries, Double Flowering. —These we have specially imported from Japan, where double-flowering cherries, peaches, and plums are one of the sights of the world. We have some 10 varieties of the very choicest. Price 1/6.			E.S.— <i>Puniceus Albus</i> , pure white, 5ft.	1	6
E.T.— <i>Ceratopetalum Gummiferum</i> , the Christmas Bush. Forms lovely specimens, and will do well in ordinary garden soils in N.S.W. 40ft.	1	6	Useful for training against fences, etc.		
D.T.— <i>Cercis Siliquastrum</i> (Judas Tree), flesh color. 20ft.	1	6	D.T.— <i>Celtis Australis</i> . 30ft.	1	6
D.T.— <i>Canadensis</i> . 10ft.	1	6	Coprosma.		
E.T.— <i>Ceratonia Siliqua</i> (Carob Tree). 30ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Baueriana picturata</i> , orange and green variegated. 6ft. ..	1	6
The Carob Tree, St. John's Bread, or Locust Tree, makes splendid lawn specimens. Pods and seed valuable for stock feeding. Very hardy.			E.S.— <i>Lucida</i> , a handsome evergreen shrub, with bright shining leaves, very hardy, thrives well anywhere. 5ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Cestrum Auranticum</i> , orange. 8ft.	1	0	Variegata. 6ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Diurnum</i> . White. 4ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Coronilla Glauca</i> . 4ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Nocturnum</i> , brown. 6ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Valentina</i> . 3ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Purpureum</i> , purple	1	0	E.T.— <i>Corynocarpus Laevigatus</i> , Karaka Tree of New Zealand. 50ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Elegans</i> , scarlet. 6ft.	1	0	A pretty evergreen, producing white flowers and a plum-like fruit; very hardy.		
E.S.— <i>Scabra</i> , red. 4ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Cotoneaster Buxifolia</i> , white. 3ft.	1	6
E.S. Newelli. 5ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Microphylla</i> , white	1	6
Handsome flowering, quick-growing, evergreen shrubs; very hardy.			E.S.— <i>Simmonsii</i> . 8ft.	1	0
D.S.— <i>Chimonanthus Fragans</i> (Allspice), yellow, splendid for shrubbery; flowers in mid-winter, and perfumes the surrounding air. 10 to 12 ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Crotalaria Trifoliastrum</i> , yellow. 20ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Christia Grandiflora</i> . 5ft. ..	1	6	<i>Latoides</i> . 10ft.	1	6
Compact shrub, flowers red and yellow.			E.S.— <i>Crataegus</i> (Hawthorn or May)—		
E.S.— Chrysanthemum <i>Frutescens</i> , Paris Daisy. White. 4ft.	1	0	D.S.—White, double. 12ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Frutescens</i> , double white, 4ft.	1	0	D.S.—Pink, double. 12ft.	1	0
<i>Frutescens</i> , yellow, 4ft.	1	0	D.S.—Red, double. 12ft.	1	0
			E.S.— <i>Crenulata</i> . Bears a profusion of red berries; very decorative	1	0
			E.S.— <i>Pyracantha</i> , evergreen, bearing bunches orange-red berries; very attractive	1	0
			D.S.— <i>Carrierii</i> . 15ft.	1	6
			A recently introduced variety, white flower, turning to rose, bearing fruit like small crab apple.		
			The double flowering Hawthorns should be in every garden, being one mass of bloom in early spring, and very attractive.		
			E.S.— <i>Cuphea Jorullensis</i> , yellow and red. 4ft.	1	0
			E.S.— <i>Platycentra</i> , red. 1½ft. ..	1	0

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D.S.— <i>Cydonia Japonica</i> , scarlet. 6ft.	1	0	require but little attention. They		
D.S.— <i>Alba Plena</i>	1	6	produce fine clusters of tube-		
D.S.— <i>Candidissima</i>	1	6	shaped flowers.		
D.S.— <i>Cardinalis</i>	1	6	E.S.— <i>Diosma Ericoides</i> . 3ft. ...	1	6
D.S.— <i>Rosea Plena</i>	1	6	Charming little evergreen		
D.S.— <i>Sanguinea Plena</i> , double			plant, with light feathery foli-		
red. 6ft.	1	0	age, which is, during September		
D.S.— <i>Sanguinea Nivalis</i> , white.			and October, studded with small		
6ft.	1	0	starry white flowers.		
Handsome shrubs; should be			E.S.— <i>Diplacus Hybrida</i> . 3ft. ...	1	6
largely planted. Bloom in late			A dwarf yellow flowering		
winter, or very early spring.			shrub, very attractive evergreen.		
D.T.— <i>Cytisus Laburnum</i> . Yellow.			E.S.— <i>Dombeya Dregiana</i> . 8ft. ..	1	6
20ft.	1	0	Evergreen free-flowering shrub,		
D.T.— <i>Adami</i> , the Purple Labur-			with good foliage; flowers per-		
num. 8ft.	1	6	fumed, white in color; requires		
D.S.— <i>Purpureus</i> . Dwarf decidu-			plenty of space.		
ous shrub, purple flowers ...	1	6	E.S.— <i>Doranthès Excelsa</i> (Gigantie		
E.S.— <i>Proliferous</i> (Tree Lucerne).			Lily); a striking native scar-		
8ft.	1	0	let flowering plant. 12ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Cyphomandra Betacea</i> . The			Palmerii. A North Australian		
Tomato Tree; an ornamental			species; red, shading to white	1	6
tree, bearing a profusion of ed-			Dracæna		
ible fruit; makes a good pre-			E.S.— <i>Australis</i> . 8ft.	1	6
serve. 10ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Draco</i> (Dragon's Blood).		
E.S.— <i>Daphne Indica Rubra</i> , red. 3ft	2	0	10ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Odora</i> , white. 4ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Fragrans</i> . Splendid for		
<i>Mezereum</i>	1	6	shrubby; free flowering ...	1	6
They are pretty, very highly			E.S.— <i>Nutans</i> . 8ft.	1	6
perfumed, free bloomers, suitable			E.S.— <i>Stricta</i> . 10ft.	1	6
for bouquets; universal favorites.			Handsome, tropical-looking		
D.S.— <i>Deutzia</i> (Wedding Bells),			plants; hardy.		
<i>Crenata</i> , fl. pl. 1½ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Duranta Alba</i> , white. 6ft. .	1	0
D.S.— <i>Argentea</i>	1	0	E.S.— <i>Plumieri</i> , blue. 6ft.	1	0
D.S.— <i>Campanulata</i>	1	0	A pretty family of dwarf		
D.S.— <i>Candidissima Flore Plena</i> ;			growing evergreen shrubs, very		
semi-double flowers. 6ft.	1	0	free flowering, and quite hardy;		
D.S.— <i>Corymbiflora</i>	1	0	make pretty dwarf hedges, be-		
D.S.— <i>Discolor Grandiflora</i> ...	1	0	ing almost constantly in bloom.		
D.S.— <i>Gracilis</i> . 1½ft.	1	0	(See also Hedge Plants.)		
D.S.— <i>Lemoinei Compacta</i>	1	0	E.S.— <i>Edwardsia Microphylla</i> , New		
D.S.— <i>Pride of Rochester</i> , double			Zealand Laburnum. 12ft. ...	1	0
flowering, pure white. 5ft. ..	1	0	Handsome evergreen, flower-		
D.S.— <i>Rosea</i>	1	0	ing shrub, and quite hardy.		
D.S.— <i>Scarbura</i> . 6ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Elaeagnus Japonicus Aureus</i> .		
Beautiful flowering plants,			10ft.	1	6
which cannot be out of place; all			E.S.— <i>Japonicus</i> . 15ft.	1	6
the varieties produce white flow-			E.S.— <i>Longipes</i> , very elegant,		
ers, and good foliage.			hardy shrub; the fruit is ed-		
D.S.— <i>Diervillea</i> (Wiegelia) <i>Alba</i> ,			ible. 6ft.	2	0
white	1	0	Very useful plants for cover-		
<i>Abel Carriere</i> , flowers of rich,			ing unsightly fences, etc.; also		
rosy crimson color. 4ft.	1	0	fine, hardy shrubs.		
<i>Amabilis</i> . 6ft.	1	0	Elm (See <i>Ulmus</i>).		
<i>Amabilis Variegata</i> . 6ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Eulalia Japonica</i> . 4ft.	1	6
<i>Hybrida Coccinea</i> , red. 6ft. ...	1	0	Grass-like foliage, of a dark		
<i>Max Billard</i>	1	0	green, mottled with yellow spots,		
<i>Mad. Lemoni</i> , white. 6ft.	1	0	and very decorative.		
<i>Verschafeltii</i>	1	0	E.S.— <i>Epiphyllum Truncatum</i> , crim-		
<i>Gustave Maceat</i>	1	0	son and purple	1	6
<i>Mad. Courterier</i>	1	0	A hardy class of plants, and		
<i>Van Houtii</i>	1	0	very showy when in bloom.		
<i>Jean Mace</i> . Flowers of very			E.S.— <i>Eriostemon Nerifolius</i> , pale		
dark crimson purple color. 4ft.	1	0	pink. 10ft.	1	6
These are very desirable and			Handsome flowering shrubs, be-		
beautiful plants for the garden;			ing covered with star-shaped		
they are profuse bloomers, and			flowers early in spring.		

	s	d		s	d
Erythrina —Continued.			E.S.—Eupomatia Laurina. 12ft. .	1	6
D.S.— <i>Bidwilli</i> . 5ft.	1	6	An evergreen shrub, bearing		
D.T.— <i>Caffra</i> . 20ft.	1	6	curious flowers and foliage; a native		
D.T.— <i>Crista Galli</i> . 20ft.	1	6	of Australia; flowers per-		
D.S.— <i>Compacta</i> , crimson. 4ft. .	1	6	fumed.		
Erythrinæ, or Coral Trees, are			Fagus Sylvatica (Beech). 60ft. .	1	6
splendid objects in large or small			D.T.— <i>Sylvatica Purpureus</i> . 50ft. .	1	6
pleasure grounds, producing large			E.T.—Ficus Australis . 60ft.	1	0
spikes of brilliant colored flow-			E.T.— <i>Benjaminii</i> , the Weeping		
ers; they will thrive in the poor-			Fig. 40ft.	2	6
est soil, or even barren sand.			E.T.— <i>Macrophylla</i> , Moreton Bay		
E.T.—Eucalyptus Citriodora , lemon			Fig. 100ft.	1	0
scented. 75ft.	1	0	This genus is remarkable for		
E.T.— <i>Corynocalyx</i> , sugar gum.			its brilliant foliage, and far sur-		
100ft.	1	0	passes all others as shade trees.		
E.T.— <i>Ficifolia</i> , scarlet, one of			They form enormous trees, and		
the finest flowering shrubs in			seem to thrive anywhere, except-		
cultivation; should be planted			ing <i>Benjaminii</i> , which does best		
in every garden. 15ft.	1	6	in tropical climates.		
E.T.— <i>Globulus</i> , Tasmanian Blue			D.T.—Fraxinus Excelsior (Ash).		
Gum. 100ft.	1	0	50ft.	1	0
We list only a few of the orna-			D.T.— <i>Excelsior Aurea</i> (Golden		
mental varieties of this large			Ash). 25ft.	2	0
genus. <i>Globulus</i> is the well			D.T.— <i>Alba</i> (American Ash), 50ft. .	1	0
known Tasmanian Blue Gum, the			Very effective for street plant-		
wonderful health-giving quali-			ing, the Golden Ash being very		
ties of which are so well known.			distinctive in wood and foliage.		
In a young state, it is very			E.S.—Fourcroya Gigantea Varie-		
handsome, and grows very quick-			<i>gata</i> , very ornamental for		
ly.			lawns or large shrubberies,		
E.S.—Escallonia Macrantha , scar-			and park planting. 8ft.	1	6
let. 3ft.	1	6	E.S.—Gardenia Fortunii , fl. pl. 4ft. .	1	6
E.S.— <i>Montavidiensis</i> , white. 20ft. .	1	0	E.S.— <i>Globosa</i> , flowers white and		
E.S.— <i>Rubra</i> , red. 6ft.	1	6	globose, very handsome. 15ft. .	1	6
Beautiful free-flowering ever-			E.S.— <i>Intermedia</i> , very free		
green plants, all worth growing;			flowering. 3ft.	1	6
<i>Montavidiensis</i> has white flow-			E.S.— <i>Magnifica</i> . 4ft.	1	6
ers, borne in bunches; it will			E.S.— <i>Radicans</i> . 1ft.	1	6
stand clipping.			E.S.— <i>Thunbergi</i> . 12ft.	1	6
E.S.—Eugenia Jambosa Malacensis			Evergreen flowering shrubs;		
(rose apple). 20ft.	1	6	foliage of a beautiful dark glossy		
E.S.— <i>Myrtifolia</i> , white, with			green, and the lovely pure white		
crimson berries. 20ft.	1	6	flowers are most deliciously frag-		
E.S.— <i>Smithii</i> , native Lilli Pilli.			rant.		
20ft.	1	0	E.S.—Genista Alba , the white flow-		
E.S.— <i>Ugnii</i> , white. 3ft.	1	6	ering broom, a very floriferous		
E.S.— <i>Uniflora</i> , Brazilian Cherry;			shrub. 8ft.	1	6
a good fruit. 20ft.	1	6	Fine ornamental plant, with		
<i>Buxifolia</i>	1	6	handsome foliage and attractive		
<i>Pendula</i>	1	6	flowers.		
<i>Floribunda</i>	1	6	D.T.—Gleditschia Horrida (Honey		
Beautiful myrtle-leaved ever-			Locust Tree), a splendid de-		
green, rather slow growing, but			ciduous tree. 30ft.	1	6
ornamental; some of the varie-			E.S.—Goldfussia Anisophylla . 3ft. .	1	0
ties have blue and purple berries.			E.S.— <i>Glomerata</i> . 3ft.	1	0
E.S.—Euonymus Japonica . 12ft. .	1	6	E.T.—Grevillea Robusta (Silky		
E.S.— <i>Alba Variegatus</i> . 6ft. ...	1	6	Oak). 40ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Alba Latifolius</i> . 12ft. ...	1	6	The well known Silky Oak,		
E.S.— <i>Aurea Marginatus</i> . 6ft. .	1	6	grand for street planting in hot		
E.S.— <i>Argentenus Marginatus</i> . 6ft. .	1	6	districts.		
E.S.— <i>Radicans</i> . 4ft.	1	0	E.S.—Gynerium (Pampas Grass).		
Very useful, hardy evergreens.			E.S.— <i>Argenteum</i> . 10ft.	1	0
E.S.—Euphorbia Splendens . 4ft. .	1	6	<i>Roseum</i> . 10ft.	1	6
Pretty flowering plant, being			Beautiful strong growing grass-		
covered with crimson flowers; of-			like plant, throwing plumes of		
ten called "Thorn of Christ."			lovely white and pink flowers.		

	s	d		s	d
Hibiscus. 6ft.	1	6	Strong growing plants, having		
E.S.—Camdeni, single red, 6ft..	1	6	bold, dark-green foliage and		
E.S.—General Courteges, scarlet,			immensely large flowers. They		
large, 6ft.	1	6	thrive best in moist situations;		
E.S.—Grandiflorus, crimson,			make good specimens when		
black centre. 6ft.	1	6	grown as pot plants.		
E.S.—Lambertii, double crim-			E.S.— Hypericum Moserianum,		
son. 6ft.	1	6	bright yellow, 3ft.	1	6
E.S.—Rosa Sinensis, scarlet. 6ft.	1	6	Variegatum, yellow, 2ft.	1	6
D.S.—Syriacus, Pulcherrimus ..	1	6	Beautiful shrubs, growing		
D.S.—Syriacus, De La Reine ...	1	6	about 3ft. high, and late in sum-		
D.S.—Syriacus, Elegantissimus,			mer covered with deep yellow		
double rose.	1	6	flowers.		
D.S.—Syriacus, Speciosa Ruber,			Hymenospermum , Flavum (See		
double red.	1	6	Balfouria).		
D.S.—Syriacus, Bicolor Hybrida,			E.S.— Illicium Anisatum (Aniseed		
white and rose, double.	1	6	Tree), 6ft.	1	6
D.S.—Syriacus, Amaranthus, vio-			E.S.— Ilex (Holly) Aquifolium,		
let red, double.	1	6	English Holly, 15ft.	1	0
D.S.—Syriacus, Pomponne Rouge,			E.S.—Alba Marginata, Silver		
double red.	1	6	Holly, 10ft.	2	0
D.S.—Syriacus, Compté de			E.S.—Aurea, Golden Holly, 10ft.	2	0
Flandre, double purple.	1	6	E.S.—Cornuta, Chinese Holly, 15ft.	1	6
D.S.—Syriacus, Violet Clair,			A most beautiful tribe of ever-		
double blue.	1	6	green shrubs, with bright, shin-		
D.S.—Syriacus, Violacens Atrop,			ing green foliage, generally		
fl. pl., double purple.	1	6	prickly, and in winter they pro-		
Among our very best flowering			duce bright red berries.		
shrubs, and as they are so thor-			E.S.— Indigofera Australis, pink,		
oughly adapted to our climate,			4ft.	1	6
and fulfil so many requirements			Decora, pink and white, 2ft. ...	1	0
of the flower garden, they can be			E.S.— Inga Pulcherrima, scarlet		
safely recommended.			tassel flower), a very hand-		
E.S.— Habrothamnus (see Cestrum)			some mimosa-like shrub, 4ft. .	1	6
D.S.— Halesia Tetraptera, Snow-			D.T.— Jacaranda Mimosoefolia, 40ft.	1	6
drop or Silverbell tree, white,			A magnificent tree, producing		
15ft.	1	6	beautiful lavender flowers; the		
E.S.— Hakea Suaveolens, white,			foliage is also extremely grace-		
10ft.	1	6	ful.		
E.S.—Eucalyptoides, scarlet, 12			E.S.— Justica Carnea, rose, 2½ft.	1	0
ft.	1	6	E.S.—Adhatoda, white, 4ft. ...	1	0
Eucalyptoides blooms during			Beautiful flowering shrubs,		
winter, and is very showy.			only requiring shelter and ample		
Hawthorn (see Cateagus).			watering.		
Heeria Rosea, a pretty flowering			Jasminum (See Climbers).		
sub-shrub.	1	6	Juglans (See Fruit Trees).		
E.S.— Heliotropium Aureum, 2ft..	1	0	D.S.— Kerria Japonica, yellow, 3ft.	1	6
E.S.—Peruvianum, 2ft.	1	0	D.S.—Kerria Japonica, fl. pl., yel-		
E.S.—Roi des Noires, very dark,			low, 3ft.	1	6
3ft.	1	0	D.S.— Lagerstroemia Indica, pink,		
E.S.—White Lady, 3ft.	1	0	20ft.	1	6
Well-known, highly fragrant,			D.S.—Indica Alba, 10ft.	1	6
free-flowering plants.			Splendid flowering, hardy, de-		
Horse Chestnut (see Aesculus).			ciduous shrub; the flowers are		
D.S.— Hydrangea Cyanoelada, black			very handsome, pink and white		
stemmed, very floriferous, dark			in color, and distinct.		
blue, 4ft.	1	0	E.T.— Lagunaria Patersoni, pink,		
D.S.—Hortensis, light blue, 4ft.	1	0	40ft.	1	6
D.S.—Hortensis Variegata, 3ft...	1	0	This is one of the most suit-		
D.S.—Japonica, blue, 4ft.	1	0	able trees for shelter from sea		
D.S.—Otaska, pink, 4ft.	1	0	breezes known in the colony.		
D.S.—Paniculata Grandiflora,			D.S.— Lantana . Many varieties ..	1	0
white, 4ft.	1	0	The Lantanas are splendid		
D.S.—Thomas Hogg, white, 4ft.	1	0	flowering shrubs, and thrive		
D.S.—Stellata Fimbriata, white,			anywhere.		
3ft.	1	6	Lasiandra —		
			E.S.—Grandiflora, 3ft.	2	0

	s	d		s	d
Lasiandra —			D.T.— Melia Azaderack (White Cedar), 30ft.	1	0
E.S.— Macrantha , very free flowering, slender, evergreen shrub; free growers, producing lovely deep blue single flowers; requires plenty of room and a sheltered situation. 6ft.	1	6	Very suitable for street planting.		
E.S.— Ligustrum Japonicum , 12ft.	1	6	E.S.— Lotus Peliortryneus ; fine glaucous foliage plant, with scarlet pea-shaped flowers, produced in great profusion; splendid for hanging baskets.	1	0
E.S.— Coreaceum , 10ft.	1	0	E.T.— Macadamia Ternifolia , Queensland Nut; yields a nut of good flavor; an ornamental tree, 10ft.	1	6
E.S.— Golden City , 8ft.	1	6	E.S.— Magnolia Anonaefolia , chocolate evergreen, 8ft.	1	6
E.S.— Lucidum , 10ft.	1	0	D.S.— Conspicua , deciduous, white, 20ft.	2	6
E.S.— Ovalifolium Aureum , 4ft.	1	6	E.S.— Fuscata , yellow, 8ft.	1	6
E.S.— Sinensis , 4ft.	1	0	E.S.— Grandiflora , white, 25ft.	1	6
E.S.— Lucidum variegatum , 10ft.	1	6	D.S.— Purpurea , deciduous, 15ft.	1	6
E.S.— Vulgaris , 6ft.	7/6	per 100	D.S.— Stellata , white, 6ft.	2	6
Ligustrums, or Privets, are useful in shrubberies; they are frequently used for ornamental hedges, either to conceal fences or to form breakwinds for flower beds, etc. They stand exposure well, and will grow in most soils.			D.S.— Soulangeana , lilac purple, 15ft.	2	0
E.S.— Laurus Nobilis , Sweet Bay, 30ft.	1	6	Tripetala	1	6
Laurel (See <i>Cerasus</i>).			No garden is complete without a collection of these noble flowers. Grandiflora and Fuscata , among the evergreens, perfume the whole grounds, and for rarity and effectiveness the deciduous varieties, Stellata , Conspicua , and Soulangeana , etc., give great effect.		
E.S.— Lavendula Spica , Common Lavender	1	0	D.S.— Malus (Double Flowering Apples)	1	6
E.S.— Staechas , French Lavender	1	0	E.S.— Muraya Exotica , 6ft.	1	6
E.S.— Leycesteria —			A beautiful dwarf evergreen shrub, with perfumed white flowers, like small orange blossoms.		
Formosa Variegata	1	6	E.S.— Musa Ensete (Abyssinian Banana), 10ft.	2	6
Handsome dwarf shrub.			Very handsome large foliage, for sheltered situation.		
D.T.— Liquidambar Styraciflua , 12ft.	1	0	E.S.— Myrtus (Myrtle), Communis , 6ft.	1	6
Gorgeous autumn tinted leaves, rivaling Japan Maples in color.			Romanus , 6ft.	1	6
E.S.— Libonia Floribunda , orange and red; a free-flowering plant; 3ft.	1	0	Charming plants, with dark green leaves, flowers white.		
Lilac (See <i>Syringa</i>).			E.S.— Nandina Domestica , 5ft. ...	1	6
E.S.— Linum Trigynum , 1ft.	1	0	A fine shrub, with clusters of pretty flowers and graceful foliage.		
A handsome dwarf yellow-flowering shrub.			E.S.— Nerium (Orleander) Album , 15ft.	1	6
D.T.— Liriodendron Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree), 60ft.	1	6	Grandiflora , 20ft.	1	6
Very suitable for back-row tree in shrubbery. Flowers like a tulip.			Punctatum , very large flower, a beautiful shade of light pink, 5ft.	1	6
E.T.— Lophostemon Australis , 45ft.	1	6	Rosea , 12ft.	1	6
A handsome shelter tree, suitable for planting with pines and camphor.			Splendens Variegatum , the variegated leaved Nerium , 6ft.	2	0
E.S.— Mackaya Bella , lilac purple, 8ft.	1	0	Mdle. Dubois , flowers single, pure white, 6ft.	1	6
Maple (See <i>Acer</i>).			Neriums are so hardy and showy, and thoroughly at home in this climate.		
E.S.— Melaleuca Hypericifolia , a scarlet flowering ti-tree; very showy; a fine plant for sea coast. 8ft.	1	6			
E.S.— Melastoma Macrantha , 3ft.	1	6			
Malabathrica , 4ft.	1	6			
E.S.— Menziesia Polifolia , purple, 1½ft.	1	6			
Alba ; hardy, heath-like plants, 1½ft.	1	6			
E.T.— Metrosideros Tomentosus , New Zealand Christmas Tree, 25ft.	1	6			

	s	d		s	d
Oak (See <i>Quercus</i>).			and <i>Eugenoides Variegata</i> , are		
E.S.— <i>Ochna Multiflora</i> , yellow, 3ft.	1	6	suitable for ornamental ever-		
The flowers, which are produc-			green hedges.		
ed in great profusion, are very			D.T.— <i>Platanus</i> (Plane), <i>Orientalis</i> —		
fragrant, and are succeeded by			<i>Oriental</i> , Plane Tree, 50ft.	1	6
ornamental berries of a scarlet			Most handsome deciduous tree,		
and black color.			suitable for avenue or pleasure		
Olea —			grounds; quick growing and		
E.S.— <i>Acuminata</i> , 25ft.	1	6	splendid shade trees, with large		
E.S.— <i>Fragrans</i> , 5ft.	1	6	leaves.		
E.S.— <i>Vulgaris</i> , 20ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Plumbago Capensis</i> , <i>Laven-</i>		
E.S.— <i>Laurifolia</i>	1	6	der, 5ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Osmanthus Aquifolium</i> , 12ft.			E.S.— <i>Capensis</i> , <i>Alba</i> , 4ft.	1	0
Resembles a holly leaf; hardy			E.S.— <i>Larpenae</i> , blue, 1ft.	1	0
<i>Variegatus</i> , 6ft.	1	6	A favorite family of free-		
D.T.— <i>Paulownia Imperialis</i> , 15ft.	2	0	flowering plants.		
A very beautiful, hardy, de-			D.T.— <i>Plumeria Acuminata</i> (<i>Fran-</i>		
ciduous tree, with large leaves,			<i>gipanni</i>)	2	6
and an abundance of spikes of			Charming white trumpet-shap-		
flowers; corolla pale violet, with			ed flower, very sweet perfume,		
dark spots.			and does well in warm climate.		
Pepper Tree (See <i>Schinus</i>).			D.T.— <i>Populus</i> (Poplar)— <i>Argentia</i> ,		
Pampas Grass (See <i>Gynerium</i>).			40ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Phormium</i> (New Zealand			D.T.— <i>Alba</i> (Silver Poplar), 50ft.	1	0
Flax)—			D.T.— <i>Bolleana</i> , Silver-leaved,		
E.S.— <i>Tenax</i> , 5ft.	1	0	70ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Tenax Variegata</i> , 7ft. ...	1	6	D.T.— <i>Dilitata</i> (Upright Poplar),		
A fibre plant of great value;			50ft.	1	0
the variegated varieties are very			D.T.— <i>Nigra</i> , 40ft.	1	0
ornamental.			D.T.— <i>Balsamifera</i> (<i>Balsam Pop-</i>		
E.S.— <i>Photinia Serrulata</i> , creamy			<i>lar</i>), 50ft.	1	0
white, 10ft.	1	0	D.T.— <i>Carolianna</i> , splendid foliage;		
E.S.— <i>Glabra</i> , white, 10ft.	1	0	tree spreading and umbrage-		
A fine foliage, hardy ever-			ous, new	2	0
green, of compact habit; flowers			The varieties of this decid-		
profusely.			uous, hardy tree, have a very up-		
D.S.— <i>Philadelphus</i> (Mock Orange)—			right habit of growth, and form		
<i>Dianthus</i> , fl. pl., double white ..	1	0	fine contrasts in plantations		
<i>Coronarius</i> , 4ft.	1	0	where pines predominate.		
<i>Falconerii</i> , pure white, 9ft.	1	0	D.S.— <i>Pcinciana Gillisii</i> (Bird of		
<i>Lemoinei erecta</i> , white, 5ft.	1	0	<i>Paradise</i>), yellow and crimson,		
<i>Grandiflorus</i> , very handsome, 6ft.	1	6	very beautiful. 8ft.	1	0
<i>Multiflorus Plenus</i> , large double;			D.S.— <i>Regia</i> , crimson and yellow,		
6ft.	1	6	6ft.	1	0
<i>Mont Blanc</i> , entirely covered			D.S.— <i>Poinsettia Pulcherrima</i> , bril-		
with large, fragrant flowers, 5ft.	1	6	liant scarlet, single pure white		
<i>Montean d'Hermine</i> , double,			bracts, 8ft.	1	0
creamy white	1	0	<i>Poinsettias</i> are magnificent		
<i>Speciosissima</i> , white, sweetly			shrubs when treated to a shel-		
scented, 6ft.	1	0	tered position.		
<i>Zetserii</i>	1	0	E.S.— <i>Protea Miliifera</i> (Cape Ho-		
Hardy plants, bearing single			neysuckle), pink and yellow,		
and double white flowers; when			8ft.	2	0
flowering is over, the old wood			Handsome flowering shrub.		
should be cut out, to encourage			D.S.— <i>Prunus Sinensis</i> — <i>Albus Ple-</i>		
new growth. The single flowers			<i>nus</i> , double white	1	6
are not unlike orange blossoms.			D.S.— <i>Flora Rubro</i> , double, rose,		
E.S.— <i>Pittosporum Eugenoides</i> , 15ft.	1	0	6ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Eugenoides Variegata</i> , 12ft.	1	6	D.S.— <i>Triloba</i> , double rose. Very		
E.S.— <i>Nigrescens Variegata</i> , 12ft.	1	6	free growing, one of the most		
E.S.— <i>Tenuifolium</i> , 12ft.	1	6	beautiful of these early flow-		
E.S.— <i>Undulatum</i> , 25ft.	1	0	ering plums	1	6
E.S.— <i>Crassifolium</i>	1	6	<i>Pissardi</i> . An ornamental species		
All the <i>Pittosporums</i> are high-			from Persia, having splendid		
ly ornamental, and are suitable			coppery crimson foliage, strik-		
for single specimens in the shrub-			ingly pretty	1	6
bery. <i>Undulatum</i> , <i>Eugenoides</i> ,					

	s	d		s	d
Prunus —Continued.			Rhus —Continued.		
Mume Varieties. Magnificent early spring flowering plants for cold or moderate climate, and in early spring are a blaze of bloom. Our varieties are specially selected for us in Japan, and cover the best to be had in that country	2	0	D.S.— <i>Succedania</i> . The leaves turn to a beautiful deep crimson in the autumn. 10ft. ...	1	0
E.S.— <i>Polygala Myrtifolia</i> , 5ft. ...	1	0	E.S.— <i>Ricinus Communis</i> (Castor Oil Plant), large ornamental foliage, 10ft.	1	0
Pretty evergreen flowering shrub, with pea-like blooms; thrive in poorest soils; makes a good hedge.			Rhododendron <i>Ponticum</i> , varieties, imported	1	6
E.S.— <i>Psidium Cattleianum</i> , Purple Guava, 8ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Rhondeletia Anomala</i> , scarlet, 1½ft.	1	6
<i>Pyriferum</i> , Yellow Guava, 15ft..	1	0	E.S.— <i>Speciosa</i> , crimson, 3ft. ...	1	6
Two splendid plants to grow, as they produce an abundance of fruit which make an excellent preserve.			Highly ornamental, and brilliant flowering shrubs.		
E.S.— <i>Punica Granatum</i> Pomegranate, 10ft.	1	6	Robinia <i>Pseudo Acacia</i> , Bastard Acacia, 40ft.	1	0
<i>Granatum</i> , fl. pl., 10ft.; scarlet flowers; dense, dwarf growing	1	6	D.T.— <i>Decaisneana</i> , rose flowers in great abundance	1	6
<i>Granatum Alba</i> , 10ft.	1	6	D.T.— <i>Hispida Complexa</i>	1	6
These make charming shrubs; the double flowering varieties are particularly fine.			D.T.— <i>Hispida Rosea</i> , Rose Acacia, 4ft.	1	6
D.T.— <i>Pyrus Aucuparia</i> —Mountain Ash, 30ft.	1	6	These plants produce Wisteria-like blooms in various shades of color.		
<i>Japonica</i> (See <i>Cydonias</i>).			E.S.— <i>Rosmarinus Officinalis</i> , Rosemary	1	0
<i>Sorbus</i> (Service Tree—See Fruit Trees).			E.S.— <i>Russellia Juncea</i> , 3ft.	1	0
D.T.— <i>Quercus</i> (Oak) <i>Coccinea</i> , scarlet, 40ft.	1	0	A small family of plants with rush-like leaves, ornamental and suitable for outdoor and greenhouse culture; scarlet flowers.		
D.T.— <i>Pedunculata</i> , English Oak, 60ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Rhamnus Alaternus</i> <i>Variegata</i> (Buckthorn); a splendid hedge plant for the colder districts	1	6
E.T.— <i>Virens</i> , Evergreen Oak, 40ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Salvias</i> —		
D.T.— <i>Rubra</i> , red, 40ft.	1	0	Bonfire. Fine variety, producing long spikes of bright, dazzling scarlet flowers, dwarf, 4ft. ...	1	0
D.T.— <i>Palustris</i> , red, 40ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Splendens</i> , scarlet, 3ft.	1	0
D.T.— <i>Lyrata</i> , new	2	0	E.S.— <i>Glorie de Stuttgart</i> , magnificent variety, spike 9 inches long, dazzling scarlet, 4ft. ...	1	0
D.T.— <i>Bicolour</i> , new	2	0	E.S.— <i>Hovey</i> , dark purplish blue, 4ft.	1	0
D.T.— <i>Texana</i> , new	2	0	E.S.— <i>Bethelii</i>	1	0
<i>Aegilopsis</i>	2	0	D.T.— <i>Salix Aurea</i> , 25ft.	1	0
E.T.— <i>Ilex</i>	2	0	D.T.— <i>Babylonica</i> , 60ft.	1	0
A hardy family of beautiful trees, mostly requiring the cooler districts of the colony.			D.T.— <i>Purpurea Americana</i> , 40ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Raphiolepis</i> (Indian Hawthorn), <i>Indica</i> , 8ft.	1	0	Well known willow trees.		
E.S.— <i>Ovata</i> , 4ft.	1	0	D.S.— <i>Sambucus Nigra</i> (The Elderberry), 12ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Intermedia</i> , 10ft.	1	0	<i>Variegata</i> , 12ft.	1	0
Free-flowering, hardy shrubs; splendid for hedging.			E.T.— <i>Schinus Molle</i> —Californian Pepper Tree, 25ft.	1	0
Red Cedar (See <i>Cedrela</i>).			A beautiful, fast growing, graceful tree; light green foliage, and bright scarlet berries; leaves have a strong aromatic scent.		
D.S.— <i>Rhus Vernifera</i> (The Lacquer Tree). Leaves during autumn turn to a bright crimson; 10ft.	1	6	D.S.— <i>Sophora Japonica</i> , white, 20ft.	1	6
D.S.— <i>Cotinus</i> . Feathery flowers, the leaves in autumn, when turning yellow, have a fine effect. 6ft.	1	6	Silky Oak (See <i>Grevillea</i>).		
			Snowball Tree (See <i>Viburnum</i>).		
			E.S.— <i>Sparmannia Africana</i> , fl. pl., white, 15ft.	1	6
			D.S.— <i>Spiraea</i> . Antony Waterer, crimson <i>Spiraea</i> , very beauti-		

	s	d		s	d
Spiraea —Continued.			Symphoria (Snowberry Tree).		
ful; 1ft.	1	0	D.S.— <i>Racemosa</i> , white berries, 3ft.	1	6
<i>Ariaefolia</i> . A most profuse bloomer, and the most elegant of the <i>Spireas</i> , 2ft.	1	6	D.S.— <i>Racemosa</i> <i>Aureo</i> <i>Variegata</i> , the golden leaved Snowberry Tree, 4ft.	1	6
<i>Californica</i> , pink, 2ft.	1	0	E.T.— <i>Syncarpia</i> <i>Laurifolia</i> , 15ft. .	1	6
<i>Callosa</i> <i>Rubra</i> , 2ft.	1	6	<i>Syncarpia</i> <i>Laurifolia</i> , or Turpentine, is one of our native trees, now thought much of as a shelter tree, particularly where heavy shelter is required, and especially near the sea coast.		
<i>Caryopteris</i> <i>Mastocanthes</i> (called the Blue <i>Spirea</i>), 2ft.	1	0	D.S.— <i>Tamarix</i> <i>Gallica</i> (Flowering Cypress). Very hardy; for sea coast or exposed situations, 12ft.	1	6
<i>Douglassi</i> , 3ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Tecoma</i> <i>Capensis</i> , red, 12ft. .	1	6
<i>Gracilis</i> , small, white, dwarf habit, 2ft.	1	0	T.S.— <i>Smithii</i> , orange yellow, with brown markings, 5ft. ...	1	0
<i>Grandiflora</i> , 4ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Velutina</i> , yellow, 15ft. ..	1	0
<i>Hypericifolia</i> . Italian May, single, white, 6ft.	1	0	These are valuable evergreen shrubs, flowering more or less all the year round.		
<i>Prunifolia</i> , 4ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Telopia</i> (Waratah) <i>Speciosissima</i> , 5ft.	2	6
<i>Reevesiana</i> , fl. pl., 4ft.	1	0	A gorgeous Australian native plant, producing magnificent large heads of brilliant crimson flowers; good shining foliage.		
<i>Rupestris</i> , white, 4ft.	1	0	D.T.— <i>Tilia</i> <i>Europea</i> , Linden, 40ft. .	1	6
Very hardy and beautiful spring flowering shrubs; should be largely planted.			D.T.— <i>Platophylla</i> , large-leaved, 40ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Spartium</i> <i>Album</i> , <i>Multiflorum</i> , 5ft.	1	6	Tree Lucerne (See <i>Cytissus</i>).		
E.S.— <i>Junceum</i> (Spanish broom), yellow; a hardy, free flowering shrub, suitable for any climate, 5ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Toxicophlæa</i> <i>Spectabilis</i> , white; a pretty flowering shrub, sweetly scented, 5ft. ..	1	6
E.T.— <i>Stenocarpus</i> <i>Cunninghamii</i> , 25ft.	1	6	Tristania <i>Conferta</i> (See <i>Lophostemon</i>).		
A beautiful tree; flowers bright red; produced in clusters, large, handsome foliage; evergreen and hardy in the warmer parts of the State.			D.T.— <i>Ulmus</i> (Elm), <i>Americana</i> , or giant, 80ft.	1	6
E.T.— <i>Sterculea</i> <i>Diversifolia</i> , <i>Kurrajong</i> , 50ft.	1	6	D.T.— <i>Campestris</i> , English Elm, 80ft.	1	6
E.T.— <i>Lurida</i> , red, 30ft.	1	6	E.T.— <i>Chinensis</i> (Evergreen), 80 ft.	1	6
E.T.— <i>Heterophylla</i> , Bottle Tree, 30ft.	1	6	D.T.— <i>Latifolia</i> , 80ft.	1	6
E.T.— <i>Acerifolia</i> , Flame Tree, 30 ft.	1	6	D.T.— <i>Variegata</i> , 80ft.	2	0
A handsome evergreen, very fine, dense foliage, and very ornamental. Native N.S.W.			D.T.— <i>Suberosa</i> (Cork Elm), 30ft. .	2	0
E.S.— <i>Strelitzia</i> <i>Augusta</i> , 4ft.	1	6	Splendid shade trees, and worthy of a place. The Chinese evergreen variety is most beautiful; it has a drooping habit, with small, dense foliage; for a shade tree on a large lawn, it cannot be surpassed.		
Very handsome; suitable for warm districts; flowers are magnificent, and curiously shaped, almost bird-like in its fine colors, pale blue and rich golden shades.			E.S.— <i>Viburnum</i> <i>Lucidum</i> , white, 10ft.	1	6
E.S.— <i>Swainsonia</i> <i>Alba</i> , white, 4ft. .	1	0	D.S.— <i>Opulus</i> , <i>Guelder</i> <i>Rose</i> or <i>Snowball</i> Tree, 10ft.	1	0
E.S.— <i>Osbornii</i> , 2ft.	1	0	E.S.— <i>Odoratissimum</i> , 10ft.	1	6
Very perpetual blooming and useful shrubs.			D.S.— <i>Plicatum</i> <i>tementosum</i> (large <i>Guelder</i> <i>Rose</i>), 6ft. ...	2	0
D.S.— <i>Syringa</i> (English Lilac), strong, well grown plants	1	6	E.S.— <i>Sieboldti</i> , white, 3ft.	1	6
We can offer many varieties, both single and double, grafted plants	1/6	to 2	E.S.— <i>Sinensis</i> , white, 4ft.	1	6
D.S.— <i>Persica</i> , lilac, 6ft.	1	6	E.S.— <i>Suspensum</i> , white, sweet-scented, 15ft.	1	0
D.S.— <i>Vulgaris</i> , lilac, 12ft.	1	6			
D.S.— <i>Vulgaris</i> <i>Alba</i> , 12ft.	1	6			
Lilacs succeed best where the winter months are severe, and frosts are frequent, but they will do well in nearly every part of the colony.					

	s	d		s	d
Viburnum —Continued.			E.T.— Vitex Trifolia Variegata, 3ft.	1	6
E.S.— Tinus , Lauristinus, white,			Handsome, quick-growing shrubs.		
8ft.	1	0	Willow (See <i>Salix</i>).		
As ornamental foliage plants			E.S.— Wigandia Caracasama, blue,		
they are well worthy a place;			12ft.	1	0
but their beautiful flowers ren-			E.S.— Urens , violet colored, 12ft.	1	0
der them invaluable. All thrive			Very showy flowering shrubs,		
equally well in the coldest as			large dark green foliage.		
well as in the hottest parts of			Wiegelia (See <i>Diervillea</i>).		
New South Wales.			E.S.— Yucca Aloefolia Variegata, 8		
E.S.— Veronica Buxifolia, white,			to 10 ft.	2	6
2ft.	1	0	E.S.— Filamentosa , 4ft.	2	0
E.S.— Coelestia , pale blue, 3ft.	1	0	E.S.— Gloriosa , Adam's Needle,		
E.S.— Diosmaefolia , lavender, 3ft.	1	0	12ft.	1	6
E.S.— Gracilis , white; good for			E.S.— Quadricolor , 3ft.	1	6
hedge, 2ft.	1	0	E.S.— Recurva , 5ft.	1	6
E.S.— Hendersonii , 2ft.	1	0	E.S.— Desmetiana	1	6
E.S.— Hendersonii Variegata, 3ft.	1	0	A fine genus of plants, very		
E.S.— Hulkei , lavender, 4ft. ...	1	0	ornamental on banks of rocke-		
E.S.— Imperialis , a brilliant am-			ries or dry places, some of them		
aranth red, changing to ma-			producing magnificent tall spikes		
genta, 3ft.	1	0	of white and cream flowers; very		
A useful tribe of free-blooming			hardy, and will grow anywhere		
soft-wooded plants; the sever-			in the warm climates, even in		
al varieties bear racemes of var-			pots or vases. <i>Aloefolia</i> <i>Varie-</i>		
ious colors.			<i>gata</i> is a superbly variegated va-		
E.T.— Virgilia Lutea	1	6	riety.		

CUPRESSES, PINES & OTHER CONIFERS.

VERY suitable for planting in private gardens, parks, or cottage garden. Are of very easy culture, preferring a deep, rich, rather heavy soil, which is better for being trenched 18 to 20 inches deep. The Pines, Cupressus, etc., form good wind-breaks (*Insignis* being especially planted for this purpose.)

Special Quotations per 100 and upwards. Also for Extra Sized Plants, 4 to 6 feet.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Araucaria —			Abies —Continued.		
Cunninghami, 100ft.	1	6	Menziesii, 80 to 100 ft.	1/6	to 2 6
Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya), 100ft. ...	1	6	Normandiana	1/6	to 2 6
Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine), 150			Beautiful trees of symmetrical		
ft.	1	6	but rather slow growth; should		
Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle), 40 to			be in every plantation. When		
60 ft.	2	6	making young growth, they are		
Magnificent ornamental trees.			clad with beautiful pale green		
Excelsa will grow on the coast,			foliage; quite hardy; resemble		
but not too far from the sea.			the Scotch Firs.		
Cunninghami is very handsome,			Cedrus —		
with quite a unique appearance.			Libani (Cedar of Lebanon); very		
Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Pine)			graceful, 8ft.	1/6	to 2 6
leaves deep green, shining, and			Deodora, 80ft.	1/6	to 2 0
very prickly.			Atlantica, 80ft.	1/6	to 2 0
Abies —			Deodara should have a shelter-		
Douglasii (Silver Fir), 100ft. 1/6 to	2	6	ed position, where it can spread		
Excelsa, 80 to 100 ft.	1/6	to 2 6	out its great wing-like branches,		
Smithiana, 80 to 100 ft. ...	1/6	to 2 6	and cover the whole surface of		
Alba (White Spruce), 50 to 60 ft.			the ground; with tall trees for a		
1/6 to	2	6	background, it thrives admirably.		
Pinsapa, 50 to 60 ft.	1	6			

	s	d		s	d
Cryptomeria—			Pinus—Continued.		
Elegans, 50 to 60 ft.	1	6	Canariensis (Canary Pine), 60 to 70 ft.	1	6
Japonica, 60 to 80 ft.	1	6	Halepensis (Alleppo Pine), 80 to 100 ft., 1/- ea., 10/- doz.		
Elegans, of upright habit, well branched foliage, changes from green to bronzy crimson during the winter. Japonica, rapid-growing tree, pyramidal; branches pendulous, bright green foliage.			Pinea (Stone Pine), 80 to 100 ft. .	1	0
Cupressus—			Sylvestris (Scotch Fir), 80 to 100 ft.	1	0
Lawsoniana, 50ft. each	1	6	Maritima (Pinaster), 80 to 100 ft.	1	0
Marcrocarpa, 50ft. . . 1/- ea., 10/- 70/- 100.			Fine for planting near the sea, or exposed situations.		
Africanus, 50ft. Foliage a beautiful glaucous green	1	6	Longifolia, 80 to 100 ft.	1	6
Sempervirens (upright Cypress), 40 to 50 ft.	1	0	Muricata (Bishop's Pine), 60ft. . .	1	6
Lambertiana, True; one of the best; 30 to 50ft.	2	6	This family includes some of the finest trees in cultivation. They are hardy, quick-growing, and beautiful specimens.		
Lambertiana, Aurea; very beautiful, 30 to 50 ft.	2	6	Podocarpus—		
Knightii; hardy in all parts, 60 to 80 ft.	1	0	Elatus. The largest variety, 50 to 60 ft.	1	6
Torulosis (Tufted Cypress), 70 to 80 ft.	1	6	Spinulosus, 60 to 70 ft.	1	6
Benthamiana, 40 to 50 ft.	1	0	Totara (New Zealand Yew Tree), 60 ft.	1	6
Corneyana (Gracilis), 40 to 50 ft.	1	6	Retinospora—		
Funebris (Funeral Cypress), 40 to 50 ft.	1	0	Pisifera, 16 to 18 ft.	1	6
Goveniana, 50 to 60 ft.	1	0	Ericoides, 6 to 8 ft.	1	6
Most largely grown of all the Conifers, embracing a variety of beautiful quick-growing trees; they all do well near Sydney and in all parts of the State.			Obtusa, 20 to 30 ft.	1	6
Dammara—			Plumosa, 15 to 20 ft.	1	6
Australis, 50ft.	2	0	A beautiful tribe of tree shrubs, from 15 to 20 feet high, closely allied to the Cupressus family, which they resemble; close habit, branching, and pyramidal.		
Robusta, 80ft.	2	0	Salisburia		
Indigenous to Australia and New Zealand. Suitable for coastal lands.			Adiantifolia (Maiden Hair Tree), 60 ft.	1	6
Juniperus (Juniper).			A fine tree, with foliage somewhat resembling Adiantum; it is not evergreen, however; lovely in autumn.		
Africanus. Very dense growing, 6 to 8 ft.	1	6	Taxodium—		
Bermudiana (Pencil Cedar), 30 to 40 ft.	1	6	Sempervirens. Quick growing; 200 ft.	1	6
Chinensis (Chinese Juniper), 30 to 40 ft.	1	6	Distichum, 30 ft.	1	6
Chinensis Aurea	1	6	Taxus (Yew)—		
Hibernica. Close growing and very compact, 10 to 15 ft. ...	1	6	Baccata, English Yew, 20ft.	1	6
Oxycedrus	1	6	A very handsome tree shrub; quite hardy, compact in growth, and with good foliage.		
Virginiana (Red Cedar), 30ft. ...	1	6	Thuja—		
Hardy, upright growing Conifers; will thrive in any climate; distinct in form and foliage, and contrast with Cupressus or Pines.			Lobbi. Handsome tree from California, 50ft.	1	0
Libocedrus—			Doniana. Distinct and graceful; 16ft.	1	6
Decurrens (Incense Cedar), 18ft. .	1	6	Orientalis, pyramid growth, 10 to 12ft.	1	0
Dwarf, handsome tree; densely branched, conical shaped.			Aurea, compact growing, deep golden tinge, 4 to 8 ft.	1/6	to 10 6
Norfolk Island Pine (See Araucaria).			Intermedia	1	0
Pinus—			Beautiful family of plants, of compact dwarf habit of growth. T. Aurea is a Golden Thuja, of great beauty. All the family are hardy anywhere, except in coldest districts.		
Insignis (Remarkable Pine), 100ft., 1/- ea., 9/- and 10/- doz.; 50/- to 70/- 100.					

	s	d		s	d
Thujopsis—			Wellingtonia—Continued.		
Borealis, 40 ft.	1	0	In a young state it is of a		
Dolobrata, 80 ft.	1	6	beautiful habit of growth, and,		
Dolobrata Variegata, 40 ft.	1	6	although rather slow growing, it		
Hardy evergreen coniferous			is always worthy of a place. Only		
tree, resembling the Thuja.			suitable for high altitudes in the		
Wellingtonia (Big Tree of			State.		
California).			Yew (See Taxus).		
Gigantea (Redwood)	2	6			

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS.

E—Evergreen; and D—Deciduous.

	s	d		s	d
E.—Asparagus Plumosus	1	0	Bignonia—Continued.		
E.—Asparagus Tenuissimus	1	0	E.—Tweediana, a rich yellow ..	1	6
Lovely when trained to a wall			E.—Venusta; orange	1	6
in half-shade, say, under a ver-			D.—Madame Galen, brownish		
andah.			red, distinct	1	6
E.—Akebia Quinata. A beautiful			E.—Mackenii, rosy lilac; very		
climber from Japan; flowers			fine	1	6
are of a dark heliotrope color;			All the Bignonias are worthy		
borne in small clusters	1	6	of a place in the garden, being of		
E.—Allamanda Hendersonii, large			easy culture, fast flowers, and		
yellow flowers; thrives best			profuse bloomers.		
against a wall; likes a warm			Venusta, when grown on a		
aspect; a handsome climber ..	1	6	trellis, or trained against a wall,		
Ampelopsis (Virginian Creeper)—			is unsurpassed in the profusion		
D.—Hederacea	1	0	or magnificence of its large race-		
D.—Hoggii, foliage large, orna-			mes of bright orange-colored		
mental	1	0	flowers during the winter.		
D.—Muralis	1	6	E.—Beaumontia Grandiflora, white,		
D.—Veitchii Purpurea; foliage			a magnificent climber, bearing		
beautifully tinted red	1	0	large trumpet-shaped flowers,		
D.—Species Nova. A new vari-			highly perfumed	1	6
ety from the Continent, where			Bougainvillea.		
it is very highly spoken of ..	1	0	E.—Glabra, rose lilac	1	6
Grown for their beautiful au-			E.—Glabra, Sanderiana, rose ..	1	6
umn-tinted foliage. A Veitchii			E.—Grandiflora, magenta	2	6
Purpurea adheres to walls in the			E.—Speciosa, purple, white centre	1	6
same manner as ivy, and has a			E.—Spectabilis, rose lilac	1	6
most picturesque appearance.			E.—Splendens, crimson	2	6
E.—Antignion Leptopus, pink	1	6	Bougainvilleas like a warm,		
A charming slender creeper,			northerly aspect and shelter;		
producing an abundance of			their flowers are magnificent, and		
bright flowers and bracts.			they continue to bloom for a long		
E.—Aristolochia Elegans. Blackish			time. Glabra may be grown as		
purple flowers, of peculiar			a shrub, but is best trained		
shape; one of the most beauti-			against a wall in a northerly as-		
ful and free flowering of this			pect		
genus	1	6	E.—Canavallia Bonariensis	1	6
Bignonia.			Has scarcely an equal in ex-		
E.—Australis, Wonga * Wonga			tent or quickness of growth, or		
Vine	1	6	beauty of foliage; its leaves are		
E.—Capreolata, very distinct ..	1	6	large and of a brilliant shining		
E.—Excelsa; yellow and white ..	1	6	green, with bright purplish red		
E.—Gracillis; yellow	1	6	spikes of pea-like flowers.		
D.—Grandiflora, orange bronze.	2	0	Clematis Jackmanii, varieties ...	2	0
E.—Jasminoides, rose and white	1	6	Montana (American Virgin Bow-		
E.—Lindleyana, lavender	1	6	er), pure white; a valuable		
D.—Radicans, red	1	6	climber, suitable for all parts		

	s	d		s	d
Clematis —Continued.			Lathyrus —Continued.		
of the colony	1	6	E.— <i>Pubescens</i> . Lovely purple lilac color; a great acquisition	1	0
Deciduous plants of great beauty; require a sheltered position and good soil; grown on a trellis, they are very effective; produce large single and double flowers of a variety of colors.			Everlasting peas.		
E.— <i>Coboea Scandens</i> , dark purple	1	6	E.— <i>Lonicera Gigantea</i> . The growths it makes in one season are truly marvellous; fine panicles of bloom, exceedingly showy, are quite eight inches in length, and of a clear buttercup yellow	1	6
Alba, white	1	6	E.— <i>Aurea Reticulata</i> , white and yellow	1	6
This is one of the best creepers, and very suitable for covering a trellis; it grows freely, has fine foliage, and produces an abundance of bloom.			E.— <i>Caprifolium</i> , English	1	6
E.— <i>Dolichos Lignosus</i> , white . . .	1	0	<i>Confusca</i> , yellow	1	0
<i>Dolichos Lignosus</i> , pink	1	0	E.— <i>Tartarica Splendens</i> , scarlet	1	6
Fast growing twiners.			A large family (<i>Honeysuckles</i>) of charmingly scented flowered climbers and trailers with fine foliage; of quick growth; flowers abundantly.		
E.— <i>Fuchsia Procumbens</i> . A distinct species, valuable as a climber; flowering during winter season	1	0	D.— <i>Mandevillea Sauveolens</i>	1	6
E.— <i>Ficus Stipulata</i> , Climbing Fig	1	0	A beautiful, slender, deciduous creeper, bearing lovely white flowers and fine foliage.		
E.— <i>Minima</i> , very pretty small-leaved variety	1	6	E.— <i>Manettia</i> , bicolor, yellow and red	1	6
Adhering to walls, fences, rocks, and are very useful in general.			<i>Glabra</i>	1	6
E.— <i>Gelsemium Sempervirens</i> . . .	1	6	E.— <i>Maurandya Alba</i> , white	1	0
A beautiful climber, corolla of the flower deep yellow, with protruding anthers.			E.— <i>Barclayana</i> , blue	1	0
E.— <i>Hedera</i> (<i>Ivy</i>), <i>Helix</i>	1	0	Beautiful close growing little climbers; would do well on a wire fence or on a verandah trellis.		
E.— <i>Helix Rhomboidea Variegata</i>	1	0	E.— <i>Nasturtium</i> (<i>Double Flowering</i>), brick-red, striped yellow	1	0
E.— <i>Maderiensis Variegata</i> , a fine variety of the Variegated Ivy, the leaves being broadly margined with white; the best Ivy yet introduced	2	0	<i>Scarlet Flower</i>	1	0
E.— <i>Tricolor Marginata</i>	1	6	Two charming, hardy, quick-growing climbers, with fine foliage; profuse bloomers, and perfectly double flowers.		
Ivies are so well known that they need no description here, further than to remark that no garden or grounds should be without them; they thrive well anywhere.			D.— <i>Phaseolus Carracalla</i> (<i>snail flower</i>)	1	0
Honeysuckle (See <i>Lonicera</i>).			A slender climber, with full foliage, producing clusters of lovely lilac flowers, shell-shaped; very curious and beautiful.		
E.— <i>Hoya Carnosa</i> , Wax Plant . . .	1	6	E.— <i>Physianthus Albans</i> (<i>arranging or cruel plant</i>), white flower, somewhat resembling <i>Stephanotis</i>	1	0
Ipomaea —			Passiflora (<i>Passion Flower</i>)—		
E.— <i>Hardy</i> , pink	1	0	E.— <i>Coerulea</i> , blue and white . .	1	0
E.— <i>Learii</i> , blue	1	0	E.— <i>Edulis</i> (<i>Edible Passionfruit</i>) white, tinged purple	1	0
This plant has few equals for fast growth and beautiful foliage. Flowers are supported on a long, graceful tube. Average size of flowers 4 inches across.			E.— <i>Eynesford Gem</i> , purplish crimson	1	6
Ivy (See <i>Hedera</i>).			Very ornamental climbers, doing well in almost all localities, excepting where very cold.		
Jasminum —			E.— <i>Quisqualis Indica</i> , producing beautiful sweet-scented flowers of white orange and crimson on the same racemes	2	0
E.— <i>Gracilis</i> , white, 5ft.	1	0	E.— <i>Rhyncospermum Jasminoides</i> .	1	6
E.— <i>Grandiflorum</i> , white, 10ft. . .	1	6	<i>Jasminoides</i> , Variegated	1	6
E.— <i>Nudiflorum</i> , yellow, 10ft. . .	1	0			
E.— <i>Officinale</i> , white, 8ft.	1	0			
All flowering; some of them have beautifully scented flowers.					
E.— <i>Lathyrus Latifolius Alba</i> . . .	1	0			
E.— <i>Pink Beauty</i>	1	0			



Kentia Fosteriana Palms—4, 6, and 5 inch Pots.



Kentia Belmoreana Palms—4, 6, and 5 inch Pots.

s d

Rhynchospermum—Continued.

A bright, perfumed, white-flowered creeper, of quick growth, and fine foliage; it is evergreen and hardy, except in the coldest districts.

E.—**Solanum Jasminoides**, white, a fast growing climber, 1 6

E.—**Seaforthianum**, beautiful clusters of blue flowers 1 6

D.—**Wendlandii**. One of the most superb summer flowering vines it is possible to conceive; it blooms continuously, each one nearly three inches across, as many as 100 being in a cluster. The color is an attractive shade of lavender blue, strikingly beautiful 1 6

E.—**Stephanotis Floribunda** 2 6

Stephanotis is prized as a first class plant* for exhibition; it is usually grown in the green-house, but will do well in warm situations out of doors. The foliage is wax-like, and the flowers are pure white, and produced in abundant clusters.

E.—**Stigmaphyllon Ciliatum** 1 6
Producing orchid-like flowers, yellow.

E.—**Sollya Heterophylla**, blue, an excellent climber, producing pretty flowers of various shades of blue 1 6

E.—**Solandra Grandiflora**, yellow . 1 6

Tacsonia (Passion Flower)—

E.—**Exoniensis**, rose pink 1 6

E.—**Igneae**, intense scarlet 1 6

E.—**Mortii**, magenta color 1 6

E.—**Mollissima**, pink 1 6

E.—**Van Volxemii**, crimson color 1 6

s d

Tacsonia—Continued.

This family is distinguished from the *Passiflora* by the long cylindrical tubes of the calyx of their flowers; they are very handsome, quick growing, beautiful climbers.

Thunbergia—

E.—**Laurifolia**, large blue flowers 1 6
Fine, free flowering plant of great beauty.

E.—**Vinca Argentea Variegata** (Periwinkles). Useful for low bordering; trailing habit 1 0

D.—**Vitis Lebrusca**, large-leaved American vine 1 0

D.—**Coignetia** (Glory Vine). Handsome dark red foliage; very attractive; vigorous grower 1 6

Virginian Creeper (See *Ampelopsis*).**Wistaria**—

Magnifica, blue flowers when in full leaf 1 6

Multijuga, a Japanese variety, with dark purple racemes; attains a length of from 2 to 3 ft.; an extra fine form 2 6

Multijuga Alba, magnificent racemes of pure white blossoms, very distinct each 2 6

Sinensis, lavender 1 6

„ fl. pl., double purple ... 2 0

„ Alba 2 0

Wistaria Sinensis is a handsome climber, and strikingly unlike any other. In deep soil it grows to an enormous size. The flowers hang in pendant clusters a foot long. The time of flowering is early spring; the plant is in full bloom before it puts forth a leaf.

CHOICE AZALEAS.

EXCEEDINGLY handsome Spring-flowering shrubs, suitable either for pot culture, or for planting in the open ground. They are of easy culture, but to grow them successfully, they require some little extra care and attention. They should be planted in a sheltered, shady place, and in ground that has been well worked; if heavy, the plant should have a little prepared earth, sand, or sandy peat mixed with the soil to give it a start. Avoid using all strong manures, as these do far more harm than good. Azaleas should be kept well watered during dry weather, and frequently syringed overhead with clean water. This will keep in check “thrips,” an insect this class of plant is most subject to. If the syringing with water fails to check the pest, then spray with Nikoteen.

NOTE.—Those not described as double are all Single Varieties.

Price: 1/6 to 2/6 each, according to size of plants; or 15/- to 24/- dozen.

Antigone.—Bright red, shaded purple; a fine large double variety.

Arlequin.—Pink ground, splashed and striped with purple; quite double and very distinct.

Balsamaeflora.—Bright salmon red; dbl.
Baron Killish Von Horn.—A large single variety; color purplish crimson.

Bijou de Paris.—White, with rose stripes, large and free flowering.

- Candidissima.**—A splendid large single, pure white variety. s d
- Charmer.**—Bright amaranth, large, fine.
- Colombo.**—White, striped and splashed with rose; quite double and pretty.
- Concordia.**—Beautiful clear red, fine and double.
- Deutsche Perle.**—One of the best double white Azaleas yet introduced, early blooming, and well adapted for forcing.
- Duc de Nassau.**—Large dark rosy purple.
- Duchess Adelaide de Nassau.**—Red, shaded with violet; fine large flower.
- Eborina Plena.**—Fine large double white.
- Empress of India.**—Rosy salmon, with deep carmine spot on upper petal, and edged with white; large, semi-double.
- Eugene Mazel.**—Large flowers, of a bright red, shaded with lilac, and maculated with blue; very floriferous.
- Eurus.**—White, striped and splashed with purple; double and very distinct.
- Eulalie Variegata.**—A silver variegated foliage variety, with blush pink flowers; very pretty.
- Eveline.**—Dark rose, striped and splashed with white.
- Flag of Truce.**—Pure white, large and double.
- Garten Directeur Kauss.**—A grand double white variety.
- General Postmeister Stephen.**—A large single flower, of beautiful deep crimson color; great substance in petals; good and distinct.
- Grand Duchess de Bade.**—Orange scarlet; fine form; double.
- Helen Bruggerman.**—White, striped and splashed with carmine; single.
- Hermione.**—Double, clear purplish rose; a very distinct color.
- J. G. Veitch.**—Deep purplish crimson.
- Lady Poltimore.**—This variety is, without doubt, one of the best and most free-flowering single white Azaleas yet introduced; the color is very pure, and lasting in bloom for a very long time.
- La Tendresse.**—Double rose.
- La Victoire.**—Bright reddish cerise color, each of the petals being lightly marked with white.
- Le Progress.**—Crimson, spotted black.
- Madame Charles Van Ecklante.**—White, slightly crisped at the edges; double.
- Madame Dominique Vervaene.**—Rose with purple markings in the upper petals.
- Madame Estelle Cuvellier.**—White, striped and splashed with light red; flowers semi-double; good and distinct.
- Madame Herman Seidel.**—A large double white variety.
- Madame Louis Van Houtte.**—White, striped red; large and free.
- Madame van der Cruyssen.**—Rose, with deep spot on upper petals; fine. s d
- Madeline.**—Flowers very large and semi-double; pure white, with great substance and smoothness.
- Magnet (Amoena variety).**—This variety produces a profusion of soft rosy pink flowers, the centre bright pink; upper petals speckled at base with bright rose.
- Memoire de Louis Van Houtte.**—Bright rose, with dark carmine blotch, very double and striking; a grand variety.
- Monstruosa Alba.**—Splendid large white single variety.
- Mrs. Chas. Turner.**—Ground color bright pink, edge of petals evenly margined with white, purplish crimson spot on top of petals; very free.
- Niobe.**—Pure white double flowers, of fine form and substance.
- Paniculata Omniclour.**—Creamy white, striped and splashed vermilion and scarlet.
- Phoebe.**—Deep salmon red, with large purplish crimson spot on top petals, flowers semi-double; a very showy variety.
- Proserpine.**—Deep rose, double, fine large flower.
- Queen of Beauties.**—Salmon pink, margined with white and flaked with carmine, densely spotted crimson.
- Raphael.**—Pure white, double.
- Reine des Pays Bas.**—Violet pink, margined with white, shaded with rich crimson.
- Reine des Roses.**—Bright rose, deeply spotted.
- Remembrance of Lady Florence Hastings.**—Fine large single white variety.
- Sigismund Rucker.**—Rosy lilac, bordered white, fine.
- Souvenir de Prince Albert.**—Warm rose, with white margin and stripes; double, fine, and showy.
- Sybil (Amoena variety).**—A pretty, bright rosy magenta flower, of medium size, and semi-double; very floriferous.
- Victory (Amoena variety).**—Soft magenta-pink flowers, the upper divisions of the flowers faintly marked and speckled with carmine; very attractive.
- Vuurwerk.**—Flowers well-shaped, bright orange red, possessing a splendid blotch of violet crimson, with mahogany reflex, and of uncommon size.
- William Bull.**—Double red.
- Wilson Saunders.**—Dark crimson, single.
- Zampa.**—A splendid double rosy-purple flower; very distinct.

BEGONIAS.

Variegated Foliage, in variety.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully colored ornamental foliage. 1/- to 2/- each.

TUBEROUS ROOTED, Single and Double.

We offer a choice strain of selected seedlings of this gorgeous section of Begonias. They will be found most suitable for cool greenhouse and conservatory decoration, and also for the hardy fernery. Their magnificent flowers are produced in profusion during the Summer and Autumn, varying in color from pure white to the deepest scarlet and crimson. As winter approaches, the plants die down, and the tubers rest until Spring. They should then be carefully stowed away in a quiet corner until they begin to show signs of starting, when they should be re-potted and watered carefully until they make strong growth. Care should be taken that the bulbs are not allowed to shrivel during the time they are at rest. Price, 1/- to 2/- each; 10/- to 15/- per dozen.

HERBACEOUS, SHRUBBY VARIETY.

Large Collection of these. Good for small borders. 1/- to 1/6 each.

BAZAAR PLANTS.

We specialise in making up collections of these suitable for bazaars and fetes for charitable or other purposes, and send only such as we know secure ready sales. Our collections are acknowledged by promoters to be THE VERY BEST VALUE they have ever received; and sales in many instances nett 100 per cent. clear profit on cost of plants, packing, and, in many instances, very high freights. It is only necessary to state amount it is intended to expend, and leave the selection in our hands.

BOUVARDIAS.

Strong Plants in 5-inch Pots, 1/- each, 10/- doz. Smaller Plants in 4-inch Pots, 9d each, 8/- doz.

BEAUTIFUL dwarf plants for outdoor cultivation in the warmer districts; and in colder parts of the colony they may be grown with advantage if slightly protected during the winter months. The plants bloom profusely during the year, and some even in winter. They are charming for bouquets. The varieties are from pure white to deep crimson, and some are perfumed. They should be in every garden.

Alfred Neuner.—Double petals, waxy white, beautiful.

Beauty of Brisbane.—Pure white, very robust habit, free flowering.

Boochii.—Bright pink, with white throat, very fine.

Bridal Wreath.—White, slightly shaded blush; a fine free-flowering variety.

Cardinale.—White tube, carmine petals, very effective.

Coral Queen.—Scarlet, with white throat.

Countess Hopetoun (F.C.C.).—Color rosy Salmon, changing with age to flesh pink; blooms very large, and of great substance; are freely produced for a long season, with remarkable lasting qualities in a cut state.

Dazzler.—Fiery red.

Duchess of York.—A colonial-raised variety of remarkable merit. It is a very cheerful blush pink, shading to a tinge of heliotrope. Similar to Beauty of Brisbane.

Elegans.—Color intense vermilion scarlet, rich and bright; a well-tried variety.

Etna.—Reddish vermilion; double flowers, very distinct.

Ethel Kerslake.—Flowers large, pure white, and highly perfumed; of the same type as Mrs. G. H. Kerslake. The plant is dwarf, and more branching habit, trusses larger and more freely produced. 1/6.

Flavescens.—Improved. Yellow, changing to white.

Flavescens, fl. pl.—Double yellow.

Hogarth, fl. pl.—Dark scarlet.

Hogarthi.—A good hardy variety, producing masses of scarlet flowers.

Humboldtii Corymbiflora.—Improved snow-white.

Jacquiniiflora.—Bright scarlet, hardy.

King of Scarlets (F.C.C.)—The immense blooms of this deep scarlet variety are freely produced on the terminal and lateral branches; vigorous grower; exceptionally good variety.

Laura.—Salmon rose, single; fine variety; distinct color.

Mabel Porter.—Dark scarlet, very large trusses. 1s 6d.

Maiden's Blush.—Bright bluish pink.

Mafeking.—Crimson; dwarf-growing; distinct.

Meteor.—Brilliant scarlet flowers; fine truss, short thick pips; strong, vigorous habit; a fine addition to this beautiful class of flowering plants.

Miss Ida Cheeseman.—A very distinct variety with large flowers of a pale, delicate pink color, the tube and reverse of petals being of a deeper shade, giving it a charming appearance; the plant is compact and robust, a very free bloomer, and is very sweetly perfumed, a quality that most varieties are devoid of. 1s 6d.

Mrs. G. H. Kerslake.—This sterling novelty is an entirely new type of Bouvardia, combining the large flowers of *B. Humboldtii Corymbiflora*, with the large truss and free flowering quality of the smaller flowered section. The segments are variable—four to six—large, massive, and waxy white, set upon a very stout tube of medium length; deliciously fragrant, dwarf, sturdy habit, and keeps in condition for three or four days after being cut. 1s 6d.

Mrs. Keith Harris.—New. 2s.

Mrs. McCulloch (2 F.C.C.)—A beautiful Bouvardia, producing immense trusses of large flowers, of reddish salmon colour; flowers best in autumn and winter. 1s 6d.

President Cleveland.—Very large brilliant scarlet.

President Garfield.—Double rose.

Priority Beauty.—Pale shade rose, very fine, large trusses.

Rubra.—Dark red; single; distinct.

Salmon Queen.—An exceedingly fine Bouvardia; colour salmon, with a darker tube, very distinct; flowers profusely through the whole season. 1s 6d.

Umbellata Carnea.—Cream white, changing to rosy blush.

Victor Lemoine.—Double scarlet.

Vreelandii.—White, hardy.

Wallhallow.—Improved Laura, having larger truss of bloom.

CANNAS.

THERE is probably no class of plant that has been so greatly improved upon during recent years as Cannas.

We have a splendid collection embracing some 30 varieties, and shall be glad to furnish names and descriptions to plants.

Prices, 9d 1s 6d Each; 8s to 12s Dozen.

We shall be pleased if our Clients will forward the names of any of their friends to whom a copy of this Catalogue may be useful.

F. FERGUSON & SON,

Postal Address: Hurstville.

Hurstville and Camden, N.S.W.

F. FERGUSON & SON, AUSTRALIAN NURSERIES.

CAMELLIAS.

WE propagate about 150 varieties of these, but only catalogue a few of the choicest. Customers would do well to leave selection in our hands.

Price 1s 6s Each.

Alba Plena.—White, fine. 2s each.
Angelo Cocchi.—White, striped rose.
Archduchess Augusta.—Red, white stripes.
Aspasia.—White, pink spots.
Augusta Superba.—Pink cupped.
Blanda.—Rose, very hardy.
Bonomiana.—White stripes, splendid flower.
Candidissima.—White, very beautiful.
Calliope.—Pink and white stripes.
C. H. Hovey.—Velvety crimson, shaded violet.
Comtesse Callina.—Pure white, fine.
De La Reine.—White, spotted with lake red.
Dionisia Poniatowski.—Pure white, perfect flower.
Dryade.—Rose, fine form.
Fimbriata Alba.—Splendid, white fringed; 2/- each.
Florence.—White.
Great Eastern.—Red, very large and showy.
Grunelli.—White, free bloomer.
Guilfoyle's Helena.—Pink, striped red.
Harriet Beecher Sheather.—Rosy salmon, fine flower, free bloomer.
Hellenor.—Large, carnation striped.
Imbricata Alba.
Innocence.—Pure white.
Isabella.—Large and handsome; white.

Jubilee.—Delicate pink, rose striped; splendid.
Lady St. Clair.—Pale pink.
La Pace.—White, shaded rose, striped crimson.
Lavinia Maggi.—White, crimson blotches.
Maria Theresa.—Blush, crimson spots.
Miranda.—White, very hardy.
Mrs. Fairfax.—Rose pink.
Mrs. Hope.—Blush color.
Mrs. Mort.—Flesh splendidly imbricated.
Mathotiana Alba.—Large, pure white.
Pauline Maggi.—Pure white, very double.
Princess Louise.—Pure white, very fine.
Prince Frederick William.—Superb rose, reflexed, perfect shape.
Reine de Beantes.—Very delicate, clear rose, good form, extra fine.
Rosa Madiar.—Carmine, blotched with white.
Sarah Frost.—Bright red, splendid.
Sulphurous.—Dark red.
Tabbs.—Crimson, marbled and blotched with white.
Tricolor Imbricata.
Valteveredo.—Vivid rose; fine.
Vandesia Superba.—Striped carmine.
Venus de Medicis.—Crimson, veined rose.
Virginia Franco.—Rose, changing to spot pink, flesh margin.
Wrightii.—Rich crimson, large, magnificent.

CARNATIONS.

We hold a large stock, embracing some 50 or 60 varieties of this popular flower, and can furnish lists of varieties if desired; or, if customers will leave the selection to ourselves, we shall send the very best and most distinct. In ordering, please state if SPRING FLOWERING or PERPETUAL FLOWERING are required. Prices, 1/- each, 9/- doz.; 10/- doz. post free.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

CULTURE.

THE CHRYSANTHEMUM adapts itself to any climate. It will grow in almost any kind of soil. But, to produce the vigorous plants and fine blooms seen at the Metropolitan Shows, the plants require, in the more advanced stages of

their growth, soil of a rich and most substantial nature. As Chrysanthemums produce far more flower buds than they can bring to maturity, it is necessary to disbud them to a great extent, as it greatly enhances the beauty of the blossoms without decreasing too much the supply of flowers. Where show blooms are desired, a much more liberal treatment and excision are, of course, necessary.

Price, 1/- each, 9/- dozen. Post free.

We have a splendid Collection of this Popular Flower.

Delphiniums (Perennial Larkspur)

This is one of the showiest of hardy perennials, producing long spikes of all shades of blue; they excite the admiration of all lovers of flowers. Strong plants. 2/- per dozen.

EDGING and CARPET BEDDING PLANTS.

Alternanthera Aurea Nana.—Foliage yellow and green, very dwarf and pretty; per doz., 2/-; per 100, 7/6.

Alternanthera Paronychoides.—Foliage rosy pink, red, and green. Per doz., 2/-; per 100, 7/6.

Box.—Dwarf (the true Dwarf Dutch). Per 100, 7/6.

Box.—Common Dwarf. It takes 100 plants to lay 20ft. Per 100, 5/-.

Echeveria Secunda Glauca.—Very pretty dwarf, succulent plant, suitable for dry situations. Per 100, 5/-.

Irisene Lindeni.—Foliage deep blood red. Per doz., 2/-; per 100, 10/-.

Pyrethrum Aureum.—Golden Feather; a very pretty edging, with bright golden foliage. Per 100, 4/-.

Thyme.—Lemon. Makes a beautiful edging, and stands the heat well; enough for 100 ft., 2/6.

Thyme, Variegated Lemon.—This also makes a good edging, grows stronger than the above; sufficient for 100ft, 2/6.

Buffalo Grass.

This grass is much esteemed for lawns, edgings, and grass plots generally. Roots should be planted from 6 to 12 inches apart, in spring or autumn. Price, per sack, 10/-; per bushel, 3/-.

ERICAS—The Heath.

THESE lovely plants cannot be too highly recommended for flowering purposes. They thrive best in a peaty soil, but will succeed in ordinary garden soil. Manure should not be put near the roots. During the dry season they should be kept well watered.

Price, 1/6 to 2/- each.

Andromaediflora.—Pale pink.

Arborea.—White.

Autumnalis.—Red.

Beaconsfieldiana.—Pale yellow.

Bowieana.—Pure white.

Cavendishii.—Yellow.

Candidissima.—White.

Charsleyana.—Rose pink.

Cerinthoides Coronata.—Fine scarlet.

Hentyana.—Light rose.

Hybrida.—Red; one of the best.

Hyemalis.—Pink and white.

Intermedia.—Pure white; very long spikes.

Jubilee.—Deep rose, large spikes.

Linnaeoides.—Rose.

Mackinnonianiana.—Pink.

Mammosa.—Purple.

Melanthera.—Purple.

Pyramidalis Gracilis.—White.

Roegerminans.—Small, pink, sweet scent.

Rubens.—Dark rose.

Ventricosa Globosa.

Ventricosa Impressa.

Vestita Coccinea.—Scarlet.

Vulgaris.—Purple, Heather of Scotland.

Webleyana.—Light waxy rose, very beautiful.

Wilmoreana.—Pink and white.

DAHLIAS.

We have a magnificent collection of these very gay garden plants. The Cactus varieties are particularly attractive. Blooming can be maintained from January to May in favorable seasons. They must have plenty of water and manure to induce good flowers. Tubers and green plants are available from September to December, and may be planted late, especially the Cactus varieties, which really bloom better when planted late.

Tubers ready from beginning of August; Green Plants, September to December.
1/- each, 10/- Dozen.

FERNS AND LYCOPODS.

We have a splendid collection of these elegant plants in stock, at prices varying from 1/- to 7/6 each, the price being regulated according to the variety and size of the plant.

FUCHSIAS.

OUR list of Fuchsias embraces all the best we know to be in cultivation, and amongst them are many well grown plants of great beauty.

Fuchsias demand shelter from the wind, plenty of water during dry weather, with a mulching during the summer, and the ordinary treatment of other outdoor plants. They may be grown without much trouble, and make splendid decorative plants. Any good garden soil will suit them.

1/- Each; 10/- Doz.; 11/- Doz. Post Free.

Arabella.—White tube and sepals, corolla rosy pink.

Aurora Superba.—Sepals recurved, of a coral color, very large; purple corolla.

Beauty of Exeter.—A novelty in color, being a mixture of light and crimson.

Black Prince.—Sepal carmine, pale pink corolla, margined with deep rose.

Countess of Ranfurly.—Red tube and sepals, white veined, red corolla.

Fair Maid.—Creamy white, tube and sepals tinted blush; corolla deep carmine, flushed magenta.

General Roberts.—Drooping habit; sepals rose, deepening into the corolla of shaded crimson.

Mrs. Henry Roberts.—Tube and sepal rose, corolla dark crimson shade.

Mrs. Marshall.—Tube and sepals white, corolla pink.

Peasant Girl.—Tube and sepals tinted with blush, corolla pink and carmine; slightly shaded violet.

Rose of Castile.—White sepals, corolla violet.

Rupert.—Short tube, completely hid by the broad recurved cerise-red sepals; single corolla, very large and spreading, of a rich, bright purple; veined and suffused with crimson at base.

Star of Wilts.—White sepals, salmon corolla.

Speciosa.—Tube and sepals flesh color, rosy carmine corolla.

DOUBLE FUCHSIAS.

Alfred Rambaud.—Very large double flowers, reflexed scarlet sepals, rich violet corolla.

Avalanche.—Tube and sepals crimson, purple corolla.

Christopher Colomb.—Large scarlet sepals, enormous carmine double corolla.

Countess of Hopetoun.—Very large corolla, pure white, dark red sepals.

De Cherville.—Large double rose corolla, sepals dark red and well reflexed.

Duchess of Edinburgh.—Double white; good variety.

Edmund About.—Double white, carmine sepals; white corolla, suffused with red.

Extraordinary.—Plum color, with red sepals.

Frau Emma Topfer.—Distinct and novel; tube and sepals rosy coral, corolla clear rosy blush; large.

Gertrude.—Semi-double; white, veined carmine.

Jubilee.—Sepals crimson; rosy mauve corolla.

Junna.—Bright crimson sepals, rich purple double corolla, the base marked with rosy crimson.

Madame Bruant.—Sepals bright red, reflexed, corolla lilac-mauve, maculated and veined with rose.

Madam Jules Chretien.—Short, sepals reflexed crimson, pure snow-white corolla.

Molesworth.—Sepals bright carmine reflexed, corolla double; unusually large, and pure white.

Monument.—Corolla deep purple, outer petals striped carmine, tube and sepals crimson.

Mrs. H. Cannell.—White, large.

Mrs. E. G. Hill.—Sepals crimson, double-white corolla.

Noveau Mastdonte.—Dark violet, veined red.

Phenomenal.—Short tube and reflexed, sepals crimson, corolla azure violet, flaked red.

Storm King.—Sepals rosy coral, corolla rosy blush.

Viceroy of Canada.—Violet corolla.

Victor Hugo.—Large, blood-red sepals; large double corolla; violet-purple, marbled red.

Violet le Duc.—Reddish, expanded corolla of a metallic violet.

White Giant.—White corolla, red sepals.

White Jubilee.—Enormous; sepals red, reflexed corolla.

HYBRID FUCHSIAS.

Beliviana.—Rich crambise crimson coloured trumpet-shape flowers; tube 3in. in length.

Crimson Bedder.—The leaves are crimson and bronzy green, striped with white.

Earl Beaconsfield.—Tube and sepals light rosy carmine, corolla deep carmine.

Furst Otto Von Wernigerode.—A very pleasing shade of pink; quite distinct.

Gracilis.—Dwarf variety; flowers very small.

Gracillis Variegata.—Dwarf, leaves green, broadly margined with white.

Mary.—A very pretty and attractive variety, producing rich crimson flowers and bright green foliage.

Mrs. Rundle.—Sepals flesh color, while the corolla is orange-scarlet; single.

Procumbens.—Bearing large, scarlet, edible berries; plant is a trailer, and may be made to cover a fence.

Sunray.—The leaves are of a bright rich crimson, white and bronzy green in equal parts; one of the showiest of the variegated-leaved Fuchsias.

Triphylla.—A fuchsia of very handsome and distinct character, having neat, dark, bronze-green foliage, and producing bunches of medium-sized Fulgen-shaped flowers of a brilliant orange-scarlet color.

Greenhouse, Bushhouse & Verandah Plants.

NOTE.—Those marked * can only be grown satisfactorily under glass, but most of the others named will do well either in ordinary bush-house, or on a verandah.

	s	d		s	d
Alcassia Maerorhiza	1	6	Aralia. Varieties	1	6
Alpinia Alba Variegata	2	0	Very pretty decorative plants.		
Adiantums, sorts	1/- to	2 0	Allamanda Hendersonii	2	0

	s	d		s	d
Aspidistra Lurida 2/6 to	7	6	*Dracaena in variety from	2	6
Lurida Variegata .. each 2/6 to	10	6	The most tender varieties have		
Most useful plants for indoor			marvellously beautiful colored		
decoration.			leaves; the hardier kinds are all		
Asparagus—			of graceful habit, and highly or-		
Plumosa Nana 1	6		namental decorative plants.		
Sprengeri 1	6		Eucharis—		
Tenuissimus 1	6		Amazonica. The lovely Eucharis		
Beautiful evergreen climbers,			Lily of the Amazon from	2	6
for bush-house, green-house, and			Candidum 2	6	
pot culture; lovely feathery foli-			Farfugium Grandis 1	6	
age.			Ferns (See separate list) .. 1/6 to	10	6
Begonia Tuberous 1/6 to	2	0	Ficus—		
Foliage 1	0		Australis Variegata 3	6	
Bilbergia. Sorts each	1	6	Fuchsias , of sorts. See list.		
Unique and handsome plants,			Grapto Phylum Pictum 2	6	
useful alike for foliage and			Gloxinia—		
flower.			Dry Tubers each 1/6; doz.	15	0
Cinerarias. Choice sorts ... 1/- to	1	6	In Pots each 2/-; doz.	20	0
Cissus Discolor 1	6		Dry Tubers can be obtained dur-		
A most beautiful climber, with			ing April, May, June, July, and		
lustrous magenta-colored leaves,			later on, in a growing state in		
covered with silvery-white dots.			pots.		
*Caladiums. Strong bulbs . 2/- to	5	0	Lycopodiums. Of sorts 1	0	
Beautiful tribe of tender			Maranta , in variety 2	6	
greenhouse foliage plants, but			A very varied and useful class		
not suitable for outdoor culture,			of plants, with fine, bold foli-		
and are the better for artificial			age, and of many shades of col-		
heat to start them in the spring			or; almost beyond description.		
when making their new growth;			Palms. See Index.		
leaves magnificent, of a diversity			Pelargoniums. See Index.		
of color, curiously spotted and			Primula Sinensis 1/- to	1	6
veined with wonderful combina-			*Pandanus Veitchii from	2	6
tions.			Baptisti from	2	0
*Clerodendron Balfouri 2	6		Utilis from	2	6
Best grown on a wire frame in			One of the most charming ta-		
the shape of fan or balloon, to			ble decorative plants grown;		
which the young shoots must be			white and green striped foliage;		
tied; the flowers are of a most			a perfect specimen plant.		
striking character; creamy white,			Panicum Variegatum 1	0	
crimson tipped.			Pilea Mucosa (Artillery Plant) .. 1	0	
Coleus. —New, large-leaved Hy-			Highly interesting and remark-		
brids. We have many varieties			able plant, which becomes cov-		
of the new large-foliaged			ered with bright pink blooms.		
kinds; fine, large foliage, and			Useful for table decoration.		
very robust each	0	8	Russelia Juncea 1/6 to	2	0
Curculigo Recurvata 1	6		A beautiful little plant for		
Very effective decorative			baskets; very ornamental.		
plants, with handsome palm-like			Stephanotis Floribunda 2/- to	2	6
foliage.			Saintpaulia Ionantha 1	0	
Cyclamens. Choice sorts ... 1/6 to	2	0	A prolific flowering plant, that		
Cyperus Alternifolius 1	6		was discovered on the Usambara		
Alternifolius Variegata 2	6		Mountains, in Central Africa;		
Laxus Variegata 2	0		the leaves are dark green, fleshy,		
As plants for table decorations			with downy surface, spread lat-		
these are useful and of easy cul-			erally over the soil, forming a		
ture; also for fountains.			rosette; from the centre and		
*Dieffenbachia Baraquiniana 1	6		sides spring up quite a bouquet		
Braziliensis 2	6		of flowers, violet-like both in col-		
Chelsonii 2	6		or and shape, 1½ inch in dia-		
Magnifica 2	6		meter, with stalks 2 to 3 inches		
Dipladenia Bolivensis 2	6		high. Suitable for bush and		
A most beautiful climber, bear-			green houses.		
ing lovely white flowers, deli-					
cately suffused with yellow.					

HEDGE PLANTS.

- African Box Thorn** (*Lycium Horridum*).—Plant 12 inches apart. 2/6 per 100, 20/- per 1000; not less than 500 at 1000 rate. This prickly hedge plant is a quick-growing evergreen, suitable for fencing large gardens.
- Bougainvillea Sanderiana Glabra**.—Plant 2ft. apart; makes a pretty hedge, and flowers abundantly. 15/- per doz.
- Coprosma Lucida**.—Plant 3ft. apart. 8/- per doz. This is a good hedge plant, and is particularly hardy, especially on the sea coast.
- Duranta Plumerii**.—A neat-growing evergreen hedge plant, bearing clusters of purplish blue flowers; very fragrant. 5/- doz.; 30/- 100.
- Eugenia Myrtifolia**.—Plant 3 feet apart; very ornamental. 10/- doz.; 60/- 100.
- Euonymus, Golden**.—A very striking plant for hedges or single specimens, the foliage being beautifully margined and marked with gold; young plants, 6/- doz.
- Hawthorn Quicks (May)**.—Plant 9 inches apart. 3/- per 100; 25/- per 1000; not less than 500 at 1000 rate. A fine, thorny, deciduous hedge plant, which flowers freely in the spring.
- Hibiscus, sorts**.—Plant 3 feet apart. 1/6 each; 15/- doz. Will make a grand ornamental flowering edge. See descriptions in general shrub list.
- Laurel (English)**.—A favourite hedge plant in England, and does equally well in cooler parts of this State. Strong plants, 8 and 10 inches, 6/- doz.
- Ligustrum Lucidum**.—Plant 12 inches apart. 1/6 per doz.; 10/- per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate. Extra strong, transplanted, 15/- 100.
- Machura Aurantiaca** (Osage Orange), an excellent plant for forming hedges. 7/6 per 100. Strong growing hedge plant.
- Olive, Common** (*Olea Europa*). Plant 12 inches apart. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100 not less than 50 at 100 rate. The very best hedge plant for this State, as it withstands drought and heat splendidly, is a quick grower, and stands any amount of cutting back.
- Pittosporum Crassifolium**. 8/- per doz.; 60/- per 100.
- Pittosporum Eugenoides**. 8/- per doz.; 60/- per 100.
- Pittosporum Eugenoides, Variegated**. 12/- per doz.; 90/- per 100.
- Pittosporum Nigrescens**. 8/- per doz.; 60/- per 100.
- Pittosporum Undulatum**, the well known Victorian Laurel. 8/- per doz.; 60/- per 100.
- These make a fine evergreen hedge for a garden, and can be trimmed close into any desired shape. The foliage is handsome, and of a fine fresh green color. Plant in single rows, 2ft. apart.
- Plumbago**, white and blue. Plant 2 feet apart. 7/- per doz.; 50/- per 100.
- Prunus Myrobolana**.—The Myrobolan Plum. This plant is being very largely planted in England and the Continent, as a hardy, everlasting hedge plant. It is allowed to reach 8 and 10 feet, at which it is kept trimmed, when it becomes very dense. It has the advantage of bearing heavy crops of plums, in appearance somewhat similar to the American Cherry Tree Plum. Strong 3ft. trees, 6/- doz.; 40/- per 100.
- Privet**.—Evergreen. Plant 12 inches apart; 1/6 per doz., 7/6 per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate. Of all the shrubs tried for hedging, none can compare with the Privet.
- Privet, Golden**.—Plant 11 inches apart. 4/- per doz.
- Raphiolepis** (Indian Hawthorn).—Plant 2 feet apart; good flowering hedge. 7/6 per dozen; 50/- per 100.
- Rhagodia Hastata** (Salt Bush).—Plant 12 inches apart. 1/3 per doz.; 7/6 per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate. The silver-grey, neat-looking hedges which are to be seen in various parts of our suburbs are made with a native plant—*Rhagodia Hastata*—which is popularly known as Salt Bush.
- Tecoma Capensis**.—Bright red flowering hedge. 10/- per doz.; 60/- per 100.
- Viburnum Tinus**.—Plant 2 feet apart; useful, evergreen hedge. 10/- per doz.; 60/- per 100.
- Purple Guava**.—Makes a neat hedge, being covered in luscious fruit from June to October. Plant 3ft. apart. 9/- doz.

CUPRESSUS AS A HEDGE.

FOR this purpose several of the Cypress family are admirably adapted, especially upright Cypress and *Macrocarpa* and *Lambertiana*. These, if planted about 3 feet apart, and kept closely cut, say, two or three times a year, form a close, dense, compact hedge, and are very effective. The *Thurja Orientalis* can also be used for this purpose.

PALMS.

WE have a grand stock of the various varieties in all sizes, from dwarf Kentias, in fancy pots for table decoration, to extra large specimens for hall, stage, and conservatory work; and shall be glad to furnish customers with any further particulars. Prices quoted are for ordinary sized plants.

	s	d		s	d
Areca Baneri	from	1 6	Diplothenium Maritimum (Wine		
Lutescens	from	5 0	Palm). One of the finest palms		
Rubra	from	3 6	for outdoor culture; very hardy;		
Sapida	from	1 6	from	2 6	
Brahea Filamentosa	1 6		Jubaea Spectabilis (the Chilian		
Robusta	1 6		Sugar Palm)	from	2 0
Glauca	1 6		Kentia Belmoreana (Curly Palm);		
Splendid palms for embellish-			from	1 6	
ing the garden grounds. Most			Canterburyana. The largest		
suitable for planting as a single			mountain palm	1 6	
specimen in lawns and elsewhere;			Fosteriana. The Thatch Palm;		
one of the quickest growing			from	1 6	
palms.			Moorei	from	2 6
This is the palm so largely			The Kentias are the hardiest,		
used for railway stations in New			most beautiful, and most useful		
South Wales; Redfern (late			of all palms. For decorative		
Eveleigh) having some very fine			purposes they cannot be excelled.		
specimens on the platform.			Specimen plants of the above can		
Caryota Urens (The Maiden-hair			be supplied up to 10 feet high.		
Fern Palm), the fronds resem-			Latania Borbonica. A very beau-		
bling a giant maiden-hair	1 6		tiful fan-leaved Palm	from	1 6
Chamaerops Excelsa	from	1 6	Livingstonia Hogendorpii	2 0	
Fortunii	from	1 6	Macrozamia Cylindrica	from	2 6
Humulis	1 6		Denisonii	from	1 6
Tomentosa	1 6		Phoenix Canariensis	2/6 to	10 6
Elegans Argentea	1 6		Dactylifera (Date Palm)	2 6	
The Chamaerops are very hardy			Rupicola	2/6 to	10 6
palms, especially suited for			Reclinata	2 0	
the cooler parts of this State,			Sylvestris	2/6 to	10 6
where they grow into magnifi-			Tenuis	2/6 to	10 6
cent specimens. They will stand			Leonensis	2 6	
several degrees of frost.			The Phoenix Palms are all		
Cocos Australis	from	2 6	splendidly adapted for ornament-		
Plumosa	from	1 6	ing, and give a tropical appear-		
Weddelliana	from	2 6	ance to the garden, as they all		
Insignis	from	2 6	thrive well outside.		
The Weddelliana is the most			Rhapis Flabelliformis	from	3 6
graceful fern-like palm in exist-			Humilis	from	3 6
ence, very beautiful for table			Japanese Palms; very beauti-		
and drawing-room decorations,			ful for pot culture.		
while the other varieties are			Seaforthia Elegans. The Banga-		
suitable for outdoor culture.			low Palm of New South Wales;		
Corypha Australis. The New South			from	1 6	
Wales Cabbage Tree Palm; when			Sabal Blackburniana. Small plants;		
planted out, make fine speci-			from	1 6	
mens; from	1 6		Palmata	from	1 6
Gebenga	1 6		Umbraculifera	from	1 6
Cycas Revoluta, the well known			Adamsonii	2 0	
Japanese Sago Palm; hardy;			Ehiesbrightii	2 0	
from	2 6				

Railway Station Palms.

(See *Brahea Filamentosa*).

WE hold a large stock of this hardy and handsome Palm, and cannot too highly recommend it for planting in almost any part of the State. Plant in the open border, choosing the deepest soil.

Table and Hall Palms.

WE are daily being asked, particularly by Sydney and suburban residents, why it is they cannot keep Palms beyond a few weeks of purchasing. This is easily explained; and, we regret to say, is owing to unprincipled growers of these lines, who pot and sell to the public before the plant is established in the pot. In many instances, we know of Kentias being lifted and potted one day, and sold the next; and it is obvious that these plants, when placed in a hot, dry room, begin to die almost at once.

OUR PALMS are well established in pots, having a good root-hold. All have been three months in the pots, and in some instances 2 and 3 years, and, with fair treatment (an occasional sponging of leaves, and, where possible, a few days now and again in a bush-house), will last for years, and improve in appearance daily.

DON'T BE MISLED by **CHEAP** offer of **PALMS**, as in most instances they are valueless.

PELARGONIUMS

(REGAL AND DECORATIVE.)

1/6 to 2/- each.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, very rich and showy, and, although not really double, yet, from their fullness of form and extra number of petals, have the appearance of being so.

Beauty of Oxtou.—The upper petals are of a very rich maroon color, darkly blotched, the under petals very dark crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre, tinted with rose; all the petals are margined with white and beautifully fringed.

Black Prince.—A fine flower of a bright maroon color, with dark shading and pale margin; very free.

Captain Baikes.—The flowers are very large and full, fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black and bordered with carmine; semi-double.

Champion.—Fine trusses of beautifully crimped flowers, flushed rose, lower petals spotted crimson lake, upper petals blotched maroon, surrounded fiery crimson.

Conductor.—Bright carmine, upper petal blotched with maroon, light centre.

Decorator.—Rosy crimson, petals spotted dark crimson.

Diplomatist.—Rosy purple, maroon, tipped clear white eye; good habit.

Duchess of Albany.—Upper petals deep lilac, blotched and veined with maroon, edged soft lilac, lower petals rosy lilac, edged with pale rose; very distinct.

Duchess of Bedford.—Purest white, prettily fringed with feathered spots of delicate rose in the upper petals; habit dwarf, compact.

Duchess of Edinburgh.—Flowers white, with purple blotch, beautifully fringed, large truss, and very free; dwarf habit.

Edward Perkins.—Very large flowers, brilliant orange carmine, with dark blotches on the upper petals.

Emperor of Russia.—An exceedingly distinct and showy variety, each petal having an equal cloud of dark maroon crimson, elegantly marked with a pure white belt.

Fairy Queen.—Pure white, upper petals lilac; one of the best fancy pelargoniums.

Gold Mine.—Rich orange scarlet, upper petals blotched dark maroon, large white eye; distinct.

G. Shepherd.—Brilliant orange crimson, large truss; fine decorative variety.

Her Majesty.—An extremely fine variety, producing immense trusses of large, well shaped pure white flowers, beautifully undulated and fringed; almost double. Was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Victorian Horticultural Improvement Society, 1885, and was also awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society of Victoria, 1886.

Madame Thibaut.—White, blotched and marbled with rose, upper petals marked with crimson maroon, large white centre.

Miss Lily Cannell.—A very pretty flower, crimson scarlet petals, shaded with a rosy purple and edged with white, light centre; a very showy and effective variety.

Mrs. Harrison.—Flowers large, color pink, striped white, white centre and margin.

Maria Mallet.—Upper petals white, with a crimson blotch, lower petals maroon, shaded white.

Monsr. Desmonlin.—Deep rose, dark blotch, light throat and edges; large and free.

Persimmon.—Intense orange scarlet color, massive bold flowers and enormous trusses; plant of vigorous habit.

Prince of Wales.—Bright vermilion, light centre and light edge to petals, dark blotch.

Purple Emperor.—A decided improvement in this color; fine bold open flowers, forming into large trusses, upper petals feathered and blotched maroon; distinct.

Queen Victoria.—Flower semi-double, of a rich vermilion color, all the petals broadly margined with pure white. A very pleasing and attractive variety.

Rob Roy.—Purple, lower petals rosy, top petals black, white eye.

Rose Queen.—Bright pink, brown red spot in upper petals; distinct.

Rosetta.—Purple, shaded rose, maroon spots in upper petals; distinct.

Robina.—Salmon rose.

Sister of Mercy.—Rose, with two black blotches on upper petals.

Sultana.—Lower petals rosy purple, top marked black, lilac margin, clear white centre.

St. Vista.—Bright scarlet, white throat, large bold flowers; very floriferous.

Volonte Nationale.—Flowers extra large and of good shape, each petal blotched with rosy carmine, margined with a broad band of pure white, white throat, beautifully crimped.

VARIETIES VI-COLOR AND TRI-COLOR LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

A fine collection of all the best varieties in cultivation.

Price 1/- Each; 10/- per Dozen.

IVY LEAVED PELARGONIUMS. CHOICE SELECTED. DOUBLE & SINGLE.

All the newest and best sorts. These are a very useful class of Pelargoniums, suitable for covering fences, training on walls and pillars, and planting on rockeries. They also make good bedding plants, being in flower most of the year.

Price 10/- to 12/- per Dozen.

ZONALE PELARGONIUMS.

We cannot recommend any family of plants that are more suitable for our hot climate than the Zonale Pelargonium. Of late years there has been a vast improvement made in these, and we now offer a choice selection of the best in cultivation.

We can supply good plants of all varieties listed from 1/- to 1/6 each, or 10/- to 12/- doz.

SINGLE FLOWERING VARIETIES.

Adolphe Brisson.—Clear rosy scarlet, with pure white eye, upper petals blotched white, trusses and flowers large and striking.

Countess of Buckingham.—Deep rose pink, flowers of extra size, trusses bold and very beautiful.

Aurora Boreale.—Salmon scarlet, trusses an enormous size.

Fire King.—Bright scarlet crimson, very showy and effective.

Fiery Cross.—Intense crimson, trusses large and showy; habit good.

Freyd.—Vermilion scarlet, upper petals rosy red, trusses of immense size.

H. de Percival.—Delicate soft pink, top petals blotched white; dwarf habit.

John Copeman.—Deep vermilion scarlet, extra large round blooms; a Victorian seedling of fine quality.

Lorenzo.—Crimson scarlet, large, fine blooms and trusses; very showy.

CALL AND SEE US WHEN IN SYDNEY.

M. H. Tilmant.—Large round flowers, dazzling crimson, upper petals maculated with white, white centre surrounded with reddish violet.

Madame Charles.—Pure white, smooth round flowers, large trusses.

Maud of Wales.—Pink, shaded purple; flowers of perfect form, and immense size.

Miss Fenn.—Deep scarlet, with large

white eye, flowers of splendid shape, large, showy trusses.

Pride of Nations.—Clear bright pink, with white eye, trusses and blooms large and fine.

Rev. F. Atkinson.—Deep crimson, trusses large and showy; the best of all for bedding purposes.

Snowdrift.—Pure white, good truss and pips.

DOUBLE AND SEMI-DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Abbreviations: D.—Double; S.D.—Semi-double.

D.—Australian Gold.—Soft cerise scarlet, tinted orange, distinct shade of color.

S.D.—Bruant.—Bright vermilion scarlet, large flowers and trusses; fine and showy.

S.D.—California.—Bright orange; large flowers, very striking.

D.—Dr. Despres.—Deep crimson, shaded purple, enormous pips and trusses; of fine form; a grand variety.

S.D.—Fraicheur.—Pure white, with picotee edge of deep pink; blooms large and well formed.

D.—Golden Gate.—Rich orange, very bright and striking.

D.—F. V. Raspail Improved.—Deep scarlet, the best double scarlet in cultivation.

S.D.—Huber Charron.—Orange scarlet, centre of flower mottled; of fine showy form.

D.—Leon Xandorf.—Blush white, suffused pink; fine large trusses.

S.D.—Madame Charlotte.—Of a mottled salmon shade, producing enormous trusses, good dwarf habit; one of the most attractive.

S.D.—Madame Jouis.—Deep salmon, edged white, free flowering; habit dwarf.

S.D.—Madame Landry.—Deep salmon, enormous trusses; very bold, vigorous habit.

D.—Madame Vaudrey.—Soft lavender pink, fine large bold trusses; very distinct.

D. Rainbow.—Salmon, shaded orange; very peculiar.

S.D.—Thomas Meehan.—Light rosy lake, very large flowers and trusses.

D.—Violet Daniels.—Orange salmon; free and good.

PENSTEMONS

Price 9d to 1/- each, 7/6 to 9/- per dozen.

We have a splendid collection of these showy perpetual flowering plants, and shall be pleased to furnish lists and descriptions on application.

PHLOXES (Perennial).

The perennial Phlox is one of the finest herbaceous plants for border decoration; it is of easy culture, and remains a long time in bloom, coming in at a season when flowers are getting scarce. To bring them to perfection, they should be planted in rich soil, and well watered when coming into bloom. We have a very large and fine collection.

Price 1/- each; 10/- per Dozen.

THE PETUNIA.

As an Autumn flowering decorative plant, is a great favorite everywhere. We supply in the Spring plants in 4-inch pots including a double white fringed variety.

Double Varieties, 1/- each, 10/- per dozen.

SALVIAS

AS EFFECTIVE BEDDING PLANTS.

For a glorious show from January to May, nothing equals a bed of Scarlet Salvias. These should be planted in a bed by themselves, say, 2 or 3 feet apart, and kept well watered during the growing season. It is advisable to choose dwarf growing varieties round edges of beds. (For list of varieties, see Index.)

VERBENAS.

WE stock a choice collection of selected varieties of these handsome bedding plants, varying in color from pure white to deep scarlet and blue.

To customers wishing to make a selection themselves, a full list of varieties available will be posted on application. Price 9d each; 6/- to 7/6 per doz.

VIOLETS.

Admiral Avellan.—Rich purple, free flowering, of dwarf, compact habit. 2/6 per doz., 6d each.

California.—Violet purple, single, very large, and of immense fragrance, growth vigorous, an excellent variety for cutting purposes. 2/6 per doz.

Count Brazza (See Swanley White).

Federation.—Single, larger than Princess of Wales, very beautiful. 4/- per doz.; 6d each.

Italia.—Large single violet purple flowers, strong, robust habit; one of the finest violets. 3/- per doz., 6d each.

John Raddenberry.—Single, pale blue, very strong growing, and very hardy; flowers produced on long footstalks. 2/6 per doz.

La France.—A splendid flower, excelling the well known variety, Princess of Wales; color metallic blue, petals round and flowers of enormous size. 5/- doz.

Luxonne.—Violet blue, very large blooms, an improvement on "California." 4/- per doz.; 6d each.

Marie Louise.—Lavender blue, with white

centre, flowers very large and deliciously fragrant. 2/6 doz.; 4d each.

Marguerite de Savoie.—Large, deep, double blue flowers, very free. 4/- doz.; 6d each.

Neapolitan.—Flowers double, light mauve, very strongly scented and free flowering. 2/- per doz.; 3d each.

Princess of Wales.—A very large, sweet-scented variety, producing flowers of a deep blue shade and of vigorous habit. 3/- per doz.; 6d each.

Rawson's White.—A single variety, introduced in England as the finest in cultivation. 2/- per doz.; 3d each.

Swanley White.—By far the best pure white double violet in cultivation. It very much resembles the good old Neapolitan in growth, with a large flower and long foot-stalks. It is, for choice bouquets and cut flowers, quite a gem. 2/6 per doz.

The Czar.—Flowers large, sweet scented. 2/- per doz., 3d each.

White Czar.—The best single white violet, strong grower, free bloomer. 2/- per doz.; 3d each.

SPECIAL ROSE COLLECTION.

We are prepared to supply these, our own selection: 24 WELL GROWN PLANTS,
Post Free in N.S.W., for 20/-.

TRAINS TO ARNCLIFFE EVERY HALF HOUR.

ROSES.

1/- Each; 10/- Doz.

- Adrienne Christophile.**—Yellow, shaded with rose, coppery centre; large and full; sweet-scented.
- Admiral Dewey.**—A beautiful light blush sport from that universal favorite, Caroline Testout; vigorous.
- Admiral Schley.**—Deep cinnabar crimson; a distinct color, and promises to be good.
- Ailine Sisley.**—Violet red and rosy purple; vigorous growth.
- Alexandra.**—Flowers orange buff, shaded bronze; good shape; first class for cutting; vigorous grower.
- Albatross.**—Flowers extra large, color ivory white, faintly tinged with blush pink; of handsome conical form, in way of "Frau Karl Druschki" and "White Lady."
- Alice Grahame.**—Ivory white, tinted salmon; large, and splendid form; nice clean grower; first-rate show or garden. Awarded several first class certificates and an Award of Merit, N.R. Society.
- Alice Lindsell.**—Creamy white, pink centre; large, full, fine form, petals stout; good exhibition bloom. Awarded Gold Medal. (Excellent.)
- Alice Hamilton (China).**—Brilliant velvety crimson, fine buds, open flowers, large semi-double, free flowering.
- Alliance de Franco-Russia.**—Tea scented, clear canary yellow, large, very full, and of perfect form, habit of growth vigorous and very free flowering; a great acquisition to our dwarf Tea Roses, where this color has always been greatly in the minority.
- Althea.**—Beautiful opaque salmon pink, base of petals shaded with orange, outside of petals flushed with rose; very large and full; growth vigorous. 2/-.
- Alberto N. Calamet.**—Flowers large and full, of beautiful form; buds long and elegant; color flesh white, reverse of petals clear rose. A fine exhibition rose. 1/6 each.
- Altmarker.**—Dark yellow, with cochineal flowers, large and full, of good form, with long buds. Highly recommended.
- Alba Rosea.**—White, with pale rosy centre; large, full, and globular.
- Alphonse Karr.**—Dark crimson, medium size, full, vigorous.
- American Beauty.**—Rosy cerise, large, full, well formed.
- Ami Martin (H.T.).**—Growth vigorous, flowers large, full and globular, always opening well. Color intense vermilion, very fine.
- Anna Marie Soupert.**—Bright lake red; very large, of splendid form and habit, with strong foot-stalks, long buds; growth vigorous, and foliage good; a valuable addition to high colored varieties of this class.
- Anna Olivier.**—Rosy flesh and buff, large and full; very beautiful in bud.
- Antoine Rivoire.**—Rosy flesh, shaded carmine; base of petals yellow, large and full; rose of the very best.
- Apotheker George Hofer.**—Brilliant bright red; large and full, long buds, very strong grower.
- Archduchesse Marie Immaculata.**—Bright red, shaded salmon; large, good form, and full; good in all stages.
- Auguste Comte.**—Outer petals carmine-red, centre reddish-yellow. The buds are long and extraordinarily beautiful, lasting a long time, and highly perfumed; very floriferous; a splendid variety for cut flowers.
- Augustine Halem.**—Rosy carmine; large, full, and well formed; free blooming.
- Aurora.**—Rich, bright, salmon-pink, shading to paler pink in outer petals; free blooming.
- Avoca (H.T.).**—Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1907.—Crimson scarlet buds, very long and pointed, flowers large and sweetly perfumed, foliage large and very dark green; specially good as a cut-back, making a very fine bush. One of the best of its color in this section.
- Baldwin.**—Blossoms large, full shaped like a camellia; color beautiful pure carmine; a continuous bloomer.
- Baron H. Werner.**—Creamy white, shaded rose; centre rich salmon yellow, very large bloom, and a free grower.
- Baron Lade.**—Described as a red K. A. Victoria, deep carmine, flowers large and freely produced. (Good, reflexed like A. K. Williams.)
- Baronne C. de Rochestaillee (Tea).**—Long canary-yellow buds, shaded pink; open blooms, sulphur, tinted pink; very large, vigorous, and continuous flowering; strong plants.
- Beauty of Stapleford.**—Deep rose, bright carmine centre; large, full, and good form; very free grower.



Penelope Rose,



ROSES—1. Oberhofgartner Terks. 2. Elaine.

- Beauty Inconstant.**—Coppery red, shaded carmine and yellow; very variable, quite distinct.
- Beatrice.**—A variety of great depth of petal, very suitable for exhibition purposes; it is a full and substantial flower, of a deep rich pink, shaded with vermilion when opening; when fully developed the outer petals are very pale flesh, and the centre bright pink.
- Belle Siebrecht.**—Cross between La France and L. M. Fitzwilliam; color bright rosy pink; petals long and recurved; constant bloomer, and a charming variety.
- Beryl.**—Deep golden yellow, fine long buds; very highly scented.
- Bessie Brown.**—A magnificent rose, totally distinct, and the best of its class; blooms creamy white, highly perfumed, of immense size and good form.
- Betty.**—Blooms extremely large, fairly full, and glorious form; petals four to five inches long; color ruddy gold; a coppery rose overspread with yellow; growth extremely vigorous.
- Betty Berkeley.**—Deep red, verging on crimson scarlet and blood red, a very intense color, buds long and oval, on good foot-stalks.
- Beadicea (Tea).**—Flowers pale peach, deliciously tinted with pink and violet; centre shaded rose; large, full, high-centred, elongated form, with large, stiff petals; absolutely distinct from any rose at present in cultivation; a free grower and grand exhibition bloom.
- Bride.**—Pure white, generally with a greenish tinge; outer petals tinged pink; a most valuable white rose, and should be in every collection.
- Bridesmaid.**—Clear bright pink; a sport from Catherine Mermet; large and full, free bloomer; good exhibition rose.
- Catherine Mermet.**—Flesh rose; full, good form; vigorous.
- Cherry Ripe (H.T.).**—Light cherry crimson, medium size, well formed, full and globular, very pretty. Price 1/6.
- Chas. J. Grahame.**—A rose of striking distinction; petals dazzling orange crimson; blooms upstanding, large and splendid form; rarely is there a misshaped bloom, hence an ideal exhibition variety.
- Chas. Legrad.**—Rosy carmine; large, almost full; fine, long bud; vigorous growth.
- Charlotte Gillemot.**—Ivory white; petals stout and imbricated; very sweet perfume; a grand white rose.
- Clara Watson.**—Beautiful light-colored rose; centre of bloom shaded salmon and rose; perfect shape; strong grower.
- Col. R. S. Williamson.**—The blooms are large, full, and well formed, with high-pointed centre. The petals are round and smooth, and possessed of great substance. Color satiny white, with deep blush centre, very lovely. The flowers are produced in great profusion, on erect and rigid foot-stalks. First-rate for any purpose.
- Colonel Leclerc.**—Cherry red, washed with carmine lake; large, full, and globular. 1/6.
- Corinna.**—Flesh rose, shaded coppery salmon; good habit of growth; good for exhibition.
- Corallina.**—Deep rosy crimson flowers, shaded coral red; growth vigorous; a charming novelty for decorative work.
- Cornelia Koch.**—Pale straw color, nearly white; extra size, good form; grand rose in autumn.
- Comtesse de Bartha.**—Rosy flesh, globular and fairly full, very free blooming.
- Comtesse la Frigneuse.**—Bright canary yellow; large and full; long, beautiful bud.
- Comtesse de Panisee.**—Rosy buff, veined with violet and carmine; large and full.
- Comtesse Riza du Parc.**—Salmon rose, tinted copper, large, full, and free.
- Comtesse Nadaillac.**—Rosy flesh petals coppery yellow; a grand rose in situations that suit it.
- Countess Annesley.**—Blooms very large, of absolutely perfect form; large, smooth petals of great depth and substance; color distinct rosy salmon, suffused and crayoned with old gold; deliciously perfumed. First class certificate, R.H.S.
- Countess of Caledon.**—Color, rich bright rose, flowers extra large; one of the finest exhibition roses.
- Countess of Derby.**—Blooms large, perfect, symmetrical, with high centre; petals smooth and shell-shaped; color, centre salmon, outer petals rose; very vigorous; erect growth, flowering throughout the season.
- Countess of Gosford (H.T.).**—S. M. Greedy and Son, 1906. Salmon pink rose, and pink running into each other the base of the petals suffused saffron and yellow, and the whole bloom shaded salmon; the color never fades; blooms of perfect form, very long and pointed, petals large and of great substance.
- Countess Pembroke.**—Soft rose, deeper centre; large, full, and perfect shape, deliciously perfumed.
- Crimson Crown.**—Brilliant, glowing dark crimson; base of petals lemon white. Recommended as one of the best bedding varieties extant.
- Danmark.**—A variety in way of La France; growth very strong and stout, free bloomer, and a grand show rose.
- David Pradel.**—Rosy lilac, deeper in centre; large and full; distinct.

- Devoniensis.**—Creamy white, bluish centre; large, full, and well formed.
- Dean Hole.**—A chaste and perfectly formed flower of marvellous beauty. The growth is vigorous and of free branching habit, flowering freely and continuously throughout the entire season. The blooms are very large, of great substance, high centre of fine elongated form; petals very large and smooth; color silvery carmine, shaded salmon; absolutely distinct.
- Dorothy Page-Roberts (H.T.).**—Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1907. This is a most beautiful and novel variety, of very robust and erect growth, and marvellously free, with continuous blooming character. It is an ideal decorative rose. The combination of colors is novel, distinct, and beautiful, being a lovely shade of coppery pink suffused with apricot yellow, more especially at the base of petals, which are very large; massive, and of immense substance.
- Dora (H.T.).**—Wm. Paul and Sons, 1906. Color peach blossom, with deeper centres, changing to silvery blush, very large, and of full perfect form; growth vigorous.
- Dr. Cazaneuve.**—Buds almost black; open flowers, velvety crimson; one of the darkest Teas; growth vigorous.
- Dr. Felix Guyon.**—Deep orange; centre apricot; large, opens well and buds very sweet.
- Dr. Grill.**—Light rose, coppery yellow centre; beautiful bud, but not full.
- Dr. J. Campbell Hall.**—An absolutely distinct beautiful rose of marvellously free and continuous blooming character. The blooms are large, full, and perfectly formed, with high centre; color coral rose, suffused white; base of petals yellow; growth vigorous, erect.
- Dr. O'Donel Browne.**—This is a gloriously beautiful rose, of perfectly symmetrical formation and vigorous, erect growth. It is a veritable giant among Hybrid Teas. The blooms are very full, yet always opening well. The petals are smooth, shell-shaped, and massive; color, carmine rose.
- Duchess of Albany.**—A sport of La France, deeper shade of pink; first-class rose.
- Duchesse Marie von Ratibor.**—Long buds, deep blood red, shaded maroon.
- Duchesse Marie Salviata.**—Orange, shaded rosy pink; variable, large long buds.
- Duchess of Portland.**—Color pale sulphur yellow, with an occasional tinge of eaudenil; the blooms are large, full, and of perfectly symmetrical form; petals large, very smooth, circular, and of great substance. The growth is robust, of branching habit, flowering freely and continuously throughout the season.
- Duchess of Wellington.**—Flowers in younger stage are an intense saffron yellow, stained with rich crimson, which, as the flower develops, becomes deep coppery saffron yellow; a beautiful shade, quite new to roses. Should be in every collection. In shape and type the rose resembles Killarney. 2/-.
- Earl of Warwick.**—Flowers rich, soft salmon pink, shaded in the centre with vermilion; large and full, of beautiful shape, and quite distinct from any rose in cultivation. A magnificent variety either for exhibition or decorative purposes; growth vigorous.
- Edelstein.**—Pure white, buds globular and pointed; large, full, and perfect form; growth, robust and branching.
- Edmond Deshayes.**—Creamy white, shaded flesh in the centre, large and full; a strong grower, carrying erect flowers.
- Edouard Gautier.**—Outer petals creamy white, centre rich yellow, full and globular; first-rate show bloom.
- Edw. Meyer (Lambert).**—A rose of marvellous beauty; color, coppery red and yellow, with orange shading, opening to a beautiful yellow; growth robust and erect; superb.
- Eliza Fugier.**—Pure white, tinged yellow; Niphetos type; good.
- Elizabeth Barnes (H.T.).**—Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1907. In this rose we have a combination of colors hitherto unknown in any rose. The shades of color are most distinct, novel, and beautiful, and may be described as satiny salmon rose, with a fawn centre, suffused with yellow; outside of petals deep rosy red, shaded with copper and yellow. The flowers are large and full, with pointed centre, most perfectly formed, and possessing a delightful fragrance. A truly superb and grand rose for any purpose.
- Elizabeth Kitto.**—Salmon pink, resembling Mme. Abel Chatenay; plants of even habit of growth; an exceedingly free and constant bloomer; excellent for bedding.
- Emanuel Giebel.**—An improved Madame Falcot, being of a deeper yellow.
- Emilie Gonin.**—Very large, full, well-shaped, white, tinted orange, each petal heavily edged with carmine; one of the best. Gold medal Luxembourg, 1896.
- Empress Alexander Russia.**—Red, shaded orange and carmine.
- Enchantress.**—Creamy white, tinted buff; growth vigorous; very free blooming.
- Ernest Metz.**—Soft carmine rose, petals deeper; good show rose, large and full; one of the best.
- Etoile de France.**—Color velvety crimson, centre vivid cerise red; blooms large, full, and magnificent; cupped form; very beautiful. Awarded numerous medals and awards on the Continent.

- E. T. Cooke.**—Beautiful pale crimson yellow, suffused with pink; blooms large, full, and very handsome petals being reflexed at the edges; promises to be a valuable addition on account of its floriferousness and variety of color.
- Eva de Grossouvre.**—Growth vigorous; flowers very large, full, and globular; color varies from clear salmon to rosy salmon; a very beautiful variety. 1/6.
- F. R. Patzer.**—Color is creamy buff, back of petals delicate, warm pink; as the petals reflex, the color becomes light orange pink; a distinct and good rose for all purposes; growth robust and erect. 2/-.
- Florence Edith Coulthwaite.**—Flowers are large, full, and of perfectly imbricated form; the petals smooth, circular, and of great substance. The color is deep cream, striped with bright rose on the inside of the petals, and reflected on the back, thus creating an indescribable delicate orange and peach glow, which makes it absolutely unique in color.
- Fiametta Nabonnand.**—Satin white, tinged pale rose; vigorous growth, good.
- Florence Pemberton.**—Creamy white, with faint touch of pink; extra size, and perfect in form; strong grower and continuous bloomer.
- Francis Dubreuil.**—Velvety crimson, reflexed cerise and amaranth; good high color, and good show variety.
- Frau Peter Lambert.**—Dark pink, shaded rose and salmon in the centre; large full flowers, produced singly on stiff stems, very free; a good show and bedding variety (said to be a pink "Kaiserin A. Victoria").
- Frau Lilla Rautenstrauch.**—Apricot orange, suffused with yellow, tinted rose; flowers large, full, and high centre; growth vigorous; good exhibition or garden; first rate.
- Freiher von Marschall.**—Deep carmine, full handsome bud.
- Friedrichruh (Tea).**—Blood red; blooms are large, full, well formed, flowering freely and continuously; excellent habit of growth. Awarded gold medal. A splendid rose.
- General McArthur.**—Brilliant dark crimson, flowers of exquisite form, petals round, of good substance; growth vigorous; free blooming. An excellent new rose.
- General Galliene.**—A rose of great substance; rich metallic red, presenting a somewhat shaggy appearance when fully opened; blooms last a long time in perfect state; a grand acquisition, attracting great attention where exhibited.
- George C. Waud.**—A remarkably distinct and beautiful variety, possessing a shade of color hitherto unknown amongst roses, which is a glowing orange vermilion that does not fade. The flowers are large, full, perfectly formed, with highly pointed centre.
- George Schwartz.**—Bright, deep canary-yellow, very deep and rich in color; large and fairly full.
- Gladys Harkness (H.T.).**—Salmon pink, of fine form, large and fragrant, growth vigorous; first-class.
- Goldelse.**—A rich golden yellow; seedling from K. A. Victoria, same sturdy habit.
- Grace Darling.**—Creamy white, shaded peach pink; large, full, and excellent form.
- Grace Molyneux.**—A chaste rose of rare beauty and fascination; the habit of growth is perfection, every shoot producing a bloom. A veritable pearl for garden decoration, for button-holes, and frequently for exhibition purposes. The color is creamy apricot, flesh in centre; the outer petals, when developed, are delicate creamy white inside, with faint pink sheen on reverse.
- Grossherzog von Oldenberg.**—Fine, clear red, large full flowers, fine form. Has received Prize of Honor at the Exhibition of the German Rose Society. Good.
- Grossherzogin Alexandra (H.T.).**—Creamy white, in the way of K. A. Victoria, but the flowers are larger and more cupped, opening well; hard and free flowering; growth vigorous.
- Gruss au Sangerhausen.**—Flowers scarlet, with deep red centre; large, full, good shape; buds long and handsome; growth vigorous.
- Gruss an Teplitz (H.T.).**—Flowers large and cupped, very free and vigorous; an acquisition on account of its color, which is of the brightest crimson scarlet.
- Gustave Grunerwald.**—Bright carmine pink, centre clear yellow, large, full, and cupped shape, with high pointed centre, buds long and pointed, yellowish red.
- Harry Kirk (Tea).**—Alex. Dickson and Sons, 1907. Absolutely unique. A splendid rose, of robust growth, with free branching habit, flowering freely and continuously. The blooms are large, full, with smooth petals, of great substance. The form is perfect; the blooms are long and elegant. Color deep sulphur yellow, passing to a lighter shade at edge of petals. A splendid rose, much the best of its color. Gold medal, N.R.S.
- Hector Mackenzie.**—Dark pink, changing to silver crimson; flowers very large and full, perfect, globular form; very floriferous and sweetly perfumed.
- Helen Boulter.**—Satiny flesh, shaded with rose at the centre, and with silver at the edges of the petals; large and full, of good form and erect habit of growth.

- Herzhogen Marie von C. Gotha.**—Pure white, passing to pale yellow; edged rose.
- Hon. Edith Gifford.**—Flesh color, centre salmon rose; variable, large, full, and very hardy.
- Hon. Ina Bingham.**—Rose of enormous size, petals of purest pink, deeply veined, being absolutely a new color in rose world; blooms semi-double, carried on rigid stems; growth very robust.
- Homere.**—Pale rose salmon, centre petals bordered pink; good form, blooms in clusters.
- Hugo Roller (Tea-scented).**—Wm. Paul & Sons, 1907. A "pictorial" flower, of the most elegant combination of colors. The ground color is rich lemon yellow, the petals being edged and suffused with crimson; flowers of medium size, of good shape, and very freely produced throughout the season until late in autumn; growth vigorous.
- Irene.**—The color is silvery-white, sometimes faintly touched with pink. It may be appropriately termed a white Caroline Testout, surpassing in constancy and purity of color other light-colored sports and seedlings from this well known excellent rose.
- Isabella Sprunt.**—Sulphur yellow, beautiful in bud, blooms abundantly.
- James Coey.**—One of the most distinct and valuable garden and decorative roses extant. Growth free and erect, branching habit; buds deep orange yellow, opening to deep golden yellow, edged with white; a charming rose. 2/-.
- Jacques Vincent.**—Flowers very large and perfectly formed; growth exceedingly vigorous; buds long and elegant; the color is coral red, with a yellowish shade. 1/6 each.
- Jean Ducher.**—Varying from pale lemon to salmon yellow, shaded peach.
- Jean Pernet.**—Large and full; beautiful bright yellow, passing to clear yellow.
- J. B. Varonne.**—Deep carmine, petals coppery yellow; large, full, beautiful form; very fragrant and free blooming.
- Joseph Hill.**—Salmon pink, shaded with yellow, buds long and pointed, fine full flower, of exquisite form. First prize at Paris, and first class certificate at Lyons; extra good.
- Joseph Metral.**—Deep magenta, changing purple cerise; large and very full.
- Jules Toussaint.**—Flowers brownish-red, base of petal citron yellow, outside large and silvery; growth vigorous; quite distinct.
- Jules Finger.**—Deep rose, shaded salmon; large, full, and well formed; very free.
- Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.**—Pure white, with orange centre; outer petals reflexed. A grand variety either for show or garden.
- Killarney.**—Buds long and pointed; flesh tinted white and pink; very free and perpetual.
- Kronprinzessin Victoria (Bourbon).**—Best described as white Malmaison.
- Kronprinzessin Cecile.**—Pale silvery pink. The buds of this splendid rose are long, and develop into large and well-shaped flowers. Excellent for exhibition and decorative purposes. A free and continuous bloomer. It received a special prize at the Rose Show of Gladbach.
- La France.**—Pale peach, reverse deep rose; large, full, and well formed; very fragrant; good show bloom.
- La France de '89.**—A magnificent bloom, almost like a Paeony; brilliant rosy red, lined with white; large, free, and distinct.
- Lady Ashtown.**—Flowers continuously in the greatest profusion throughout the entire season; the blooms are large, full, with high-pointed centre; buds unusually long and beautifully pointed; color very pale Rose du Barri, shading to yellow at base of petals, reflex of petals silvery pink; growth vigorous.
- Lady Battersea.**—Fine cherry crimson, fair size, pretty in half-opened flower.
- Lady Chelmsford.**—A Queensland production, of great merit. Color deep crimson, changing to purple; buds pointed; petals thick and velvety. Quite distinct.
- Lady Rossmore (H.T.).**—A valuable addition to the darker colored Hybrid Teas. This will prove one of the best decorative roses, and is frequently fitted for exhibition purposes. The growth is vigorous and erect, flowering freely and continuously throughout the entire season; blooms of medium size and fairly full; color reddish crimson, with claret shading.
- Lady Roberts.**—Reddish apricot, the base of the petals coppery red; large, full, and of good shape.
- Lady Ursula.**—The flowers, which are produced on every shoot, are very large, full, and of great substance, and perfect form, with high centre, from which the petals gracefully reflex. The petals are unusually large, smooth, circular, and of great thickness. The color is a delightful shade of flesh pink, and thoroughly distinct. A superb rose for exhibition purposes, garden decoration, and pot culture.
- Laurent Carle (H.T.).**—Growth vigorous, erect and branching; buds long, flowers very large, of perfect form. Color brilliant velvety carmine. A most valuable rose, either for exhibition or decorative purposes.
- Leo. XIII.**—White, tinged pale yellow, large, full, and double; very vigorous and good for exhibition.

- Lena (T.).**—A garden or decorative rose. Rose of entrancing beauty and formation. The color is unique, being a glowing apricot, the edges of petals a primrose yellow as the flower ages. The bud is long and perfectly formed. The flowers are continuously produced, frequently producing sprays of from seven to nine perfect blooms. It is, without doubt, one of the most exquisite garden roses extant, being a great advance on Beryl; very beautiful.
- Le Flambeaux (Tea Scented).**—Growth vigorous, and very floriferous, flowers full and of medium size. Color dark red with scarlet centre.
- Le Progress.**—Golden yellow, changing to pale nankeen yellow as buds expand; large, full, and cupped, opening well.
- Lieutenant Ozren Leovics (H.T.).**—Flesh color, salmon-white, reverse of petals slightly coppery; buds coppery rose; large, moderately full; growth vigorous. 1/6 each.
- Liberty.**—Flowers brilliant crimson, constant bloomer, keeps its color well after being cut; said to be the most brilliant of all the H.T's.
- I'Innocence.**—Large, full, and globular; brilliant whiteness; very vigorous seedling from Caroline Testout, and a prolific bloomer.
- Lord Tarquin.**—Pale flesh color, shaded; large, full, and good form; free blooming and vigorous.
- Lyon-Rose.**—Buds coral-red, tinted with chrome-yellow at the base; open flowers, shrimp-pink at the edges of the petals, with centres of coral-red or salmon-pink, shaded with chrome; large and broad petals, full, globular, and fragrant; perpetual flowering; one of the best. 1/6.
- Luciole.**—Bright carmine, tinted yellow; large, full, and well formed; very free and fragrant.
- Ma Capucine.**—Deep orange or copper color, shaded rose; beautiful bud.
- Ma Tulipe.**—Rich deep crimson, semi-double, large stiff petals like a tulip, good for cutting, very vigorous.
- Madame Alfred Sabatier.**—Color red, shaded peach; blooms large and full.
- Madame Andre Porcher.**—Brilliant deep carmine; very large and full; growth vigorous; a seedling from "Belle Siebrecht." 1/6.
- Madame Antoine Mari.**—Rose washed and shaded white; handsome buds, which open well; growth vigorous and free from mildew.
- Madame Abel Chatanay.**—Rosy carmine, shaded salmon; good.
- Madame Badin.**—Flowers large and full, bud long, perfectly formed; color bright carmine red, with dark flushings; good in winter.
- Madame Caroline Testout.**—Large, globular; bright flesh pink; in way of La France, but darker; immense petals, free bloomer and robust grower.
- Madame Caroline Kuster.**—Light yellow, centre deeper, and sometimes coppery; large, full, and globular; abundant bloomer.
- Madame Charles.**—Rich apricot; medium size, full and beautiful in bud.
- Madame Chedane Guinoisseau.**—Canary yellow; beautiful in the bud.
- Madame C. P. Strassheim.**—Yellowish white in summer, sulphur yellow, changing to buff in autumn; fine bud, foliage and habit; exceedingly free blooming.
- Madame de Watteville.**—Creamy white, each petal edged rose, large and full; very fragrant; quite distinct.
- Madame de Loisy.**—Rosy salmon, heavily tinged with chamois yellow and carmine.
- Madame Edmee Metz.**—Rosy carmine, long pointed buds; free blooming; good grower; a good new rose.
- Madame Edward Helfenbein (T.).**—We have several roses which are described as being "coppery," but this beautiful new variety answers the description better than any we have yet seen, being a rich, metallic copper; quite distinct.
- Madame Elie Lambert.**—Beautiful flesh rose, satiny white at edge of petals; large, full, and very free bloomer.
- Madame Eugene Rescal.**—Coppery red to China rose, orange ground.
- Madame Falcot.**—Deep apricot yellow, very beautiful bud.
- Madame George Bouland.**—Clear yellow, shaded orange and rose; full and free flowering.
- Madame Hippolyte Jamin.**—Outer petals white, tinted blush, centre coppery yellow; vigorous; good show bloom.
- Madame Hoste.**—Pale straw color or fawn, large, full, well-formed, and very free.
- Madame Joseph Combet.**—Creamy white, shaded rose, centre rosy yellow; large, full, and very fragrant; strong grower.
- Madame J. W. Budde (T.).**—Soupert and Notting, 1907.—Growth very vigorous, flowers large, full, and of perfect form; color brilliant carmine. Absolutely distinct and first-rate.
- Madame Jean Dupuy.**—Color rosy yellow, changing to creamy white and yellow towards the margin; outer petals edged with rose; long pointed, but opening to large, well formed flower.
- Madame Jules Grolez.**—Brilliant China rose, perfect form; one of the best.
- Madame Lucien Linden.**—Deep yellowish tan color, reflexed with salmon rose, centre coppery red, large and full, with fine long buds.

- Madam Leon Constantin.**—Satin rose, shaded salmon; beautiful long bud; flower very large, always opening well.
- Madame Lambaré.**—Salmon pink, shaded rose; large and fairly full.
- Madame Louis Laurans.**—Deep red, reflexed with magenta; very large, full, sweet; buds long, fine for cutting, and one of the very best red tea roses.
- Madame Margottin.**—Deep citron yellow, centre deeper.
- Madame Philippe Revoire (H.T.).**—Pernet Ducher, 1905. Apricot yellow, with lighter centre, shaded pure carmine, flowers large, full, and well formed, very floriferous.
- Madame Philemon Cochet.**—Satin rose, large, full, and globular; constantly in bloom.
- Madame Paul Oliver.**—Salmon, shaded with rosy carmine; very large, full, and globular; long, floral buds, and fine bronzy foliage.
- Madame Ravary.**—Buds golden yellow; open flowers orange yellow; very large, globular, almost full; a hardy variety of vigorous growth.
- Madame P. Euler (H.T.).**—Vermilion silvery pink, very large flower on long stem; very full and of beautiful form; fragrant.
- Madame Segond Weber.**—Rosy salmon; very novel; the blooms are enormous, petals large and firm; form absolutely perfect; the finest of the section, possessing splendid habit of growth. This novelty possesses the highest merit, and will be as distinguished and sensational as "Madame Constant Soupert" is amongst Teas.
- Madame Vermorel.**—Rose, with coppery centre, shaded and lined with red; extra large buds, good for cutting.
- Madame Welch.**—Outer petals pale yellow, centre deep apricot; very handsome.
- Mdle Francisca Kruger.**—Coppery yellow and peach; large, full, and well formed; profuse bloomer.
- Mdle Christene de Noue.**—Very large, full, and good form; rosy lake; outer petals darker, and shaded with purple.
- Madame Rene Colette.**—Rosy cream, edged with bright carmine; very large, full and cupped; exceedingly sweet; growth vigorous. 1/6.
- Maman Cochet.**—Flesh rose, shaded salmon yellow; fine long bud; first-class; one of the very best.
- Margaret Molyneux.**—Growth vigorous, erect, and branching. Flowers are produced freely throughout the entire season. Flowers are semi-double, and produced in clusters of from three to five blooms on long, rigid stems; color novel and beautiful, from saffron and bronzy yellow to salmon pink; a beautiful flower. 2/-.
- Margaret.**—Color clear delicate pink, outer petals nicely reflexed; buds long and handsome, developing into large, stiff petalled flowers; excellent for cutting purposes and decoration. 2/-.
- Marquise Litta.**—Carmine rose, vermilion centre, first rate dark tea, moderate grower.
- Marquis de Vivens.**—Bright rose, centre shaded yellow, long pointed bud, not full; very free and fragrant.
- Mark Twain.**—Pale rose, shaded darker; somewhat like Belle Siebricht.
- Marie Van Houtte.**—Pale straw yellow, edged with rose; large, full, and vigorous; a grand rose, and constant bloomer.
- Marichu Zayas (H.T.).**—Soupert and Notting, 1907. A vigorous grower, of excellent habit, flowering freely and continuously; the flowers, which are produced on long stems, are very large and of good form, and very sweetly scented. Color soft strawberry and cream, shaded brilliant rose.
- Marquis of Salisbury (H.T.).**—Very bright velvety red; medium size, semi-double, very free blooming; a very effective garden rose, with vermilion centre; large.
- Marion Dingee.**—Dark crimson, cupped, very free blooming; effective.
- Meteor.**—Rich, dark, velvety crimson, retaining its color well.
- Medea.**—Large globular bloom, full and well formed; lemon yellow, canary centre; vigorous grower.
- Miss Eva.**—Growth very robust; buds very long; flowers large and full; color a deep saffron yellow; awarded first-class certificate Rhone Horticultural Society. 1s 6d.
- Miss Marston.**—Outer petals pale rose, deeper in centre; good shape; vigorous, and free blooming.
- Mildred Grant.**—Enormous flower, on strong firm stalk; fine form, magnificent guard petals, pale rosy white; a very fine rose.
- Molly Sharman-Crawford.**—The blooms, which are very large and full, are perfectly formed, with a highly-pointed centre, from which the petals gracefully reflex. The color is delicate eaudenil white, which, as the flower fully expands, becomes dazzling white. Delicately but delightfully perfumed.
- Morning Glow.**—Flowers bright rosy crimson, richly suffused with orange and fawn, a brilliant and fascinating combination of colors; large and full, with bold and massive petals. Award of merit from the Royal Horticultural Society.
- Monsieur Tillier.**—Pale sulphur yellow, tinged pink.
- Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.).**—Penret-Ducher 1907. A most-vigorous grower, of free

- branching habit; long buds, borne on erect stems; in form similar to Catherine Mermet, flowers very large and full; color, Indian yellow, occasionally washed with salmon rose. This magnificent variety will prove to be one of the best yellow roses, alike for exhibition or decorative purposes.
- Mrs. B. R. Cant.**—Deep rose and rich red inner petals soft silvery rose, suffused with buff at base; good substance and form; a hardy variety and vigorous grower.
- Mrs. Alfred Westmacott.**—White, tinted with very pale rose, sometimes reflexed with a yellowish tint; large, with long and pointed buds; growth robust. 1/6 each.
- Mrs. Arthur Munt.**—A rose for all purposes, exhibition or garden or decoration. Color creamy white, suffused with peach; growth vigorous and upright; blooms large and full, are borne on stiff, erect stems, and are freely and continuously produced; grand rose. 2/-.
- Mrs. Conway Jones.**—Vigorous grower and of free, branching habit, flowering continuously and profusely throughout the season. The blooms are of enormous size, very full and perfect form, petals of great size, and substance, and very smooth. The color is creamy white, flushed salmon pink. We can confidently recommend this for all purposes—exhibition or garden or decoration.
- Mrs. David McKee.**—Strong robust growth and erect branching habit, with large, handsome foliage. Every shoot is crowned with a bud, which develops into a flower of large size, great substance, and splendid form. The petals are large, smooth, and circular; color a beautiful creamy yellow; a wonderfully free and continuous blooming rose.
- Mrs. Dudley Cross (Tea).**—Wm. Paul and Sons, 1907. Pale chamois yellow, beautifully illuminated in autumn, rich rainbow tints of rose and crimson, in the way of Marie van Houtte, but the flowers are larger, fuller, and of better habit. Young foliage beautifully tinted with red. It makes a fine standard plant, being of free and vigorous growth.
- Mrs. Edward Mawley.**—Bright carmine, shaded salmon; of great substance and beautifully formed; growth vigorous and branching, flowering throughout the season; a grand acquisition to tea roses, and a prize-taker wherever exhibited.
- Mrs. Robert Garrett.**—An improved Madame Caroline Testout, of better habit; long pointed buds.
- Mrs. James Wilson.**—Large and full; color between Bride and M. van Houtte; very free blooming.
- Mrs. John Bateman.**—Vigorous growth, and very free flowering; blooms perfect shape, full and highly pointed; color deep China rose, yellow at base of petal.
- Mrs. Reynolds Hole.**—Large, full flower; deep shaded crimson; produced singly on long stalk; vigorous; brown foliage.
- Mrs. Harold Brocklebank (H.T.)**—Alex Dickson and Sons, 1907. A remarkably beautiful addition to this section. The growth is very robust, and of free branching habit, flowering freely and continuously. The blooms are produced on erect footstalks, are large, full, and of perfect formation; color creamy white, centre buff, base of petals frequently tinted with salmon rose, buds with a flush of salmon pink. A superb rose for any purpose. Award of Merit, R.H.S.
- Mrs. Hubert Taylor.**—A superb rose of perfect formation; the color is shell pink, the edges of petals being ivory white. This is a pure tea rose of exceptional merit, producing flowers of highest exhibition standard. Awarded gold medal N.R.S. (England). 2/-.
- Mrs. Isabelle Milner (H.T.)**—William Paul and Sons, 1907. Ivory white, suffused with pink, and delicately margined with mauve; in the way of Mildred Grant, being of perfect circular form, and the petals are reflexed at the edges, buds prettily tipped with pink, contrasting beautifully with the open flowers. Growth vigorous.
- Mrs. Longworth.**—This is a striped sport from that good old rose, "Caroline Testout." It has the same habit and growth, and is a most continuous bloomer. The flowers are white, lightly splashed and striped with deep pink, giving a beautiful, fresh appearance; very pleasing and unique.
- Mrs. Peter Blair (T.)**—A decorative rose, of exceptional merit. It is of robust habit, with large spines and lovely foliage. The flowers, which are lemon chrome, with golden yellow centre, are freely produced throughout the season.
- Mrs. Myles Kennedy (T.)**—A. Dickson & Son, 1906. A gold medal in every phase of the qualification, having size, contour, and finish. This is probably the best tea rose extant. It is a glorified Souvenir de Elise Varden, with vigorous growth and free flowering habit. Its color is a delicate aqueous white, shaded buff, deeper pink in centre, with back edges of petals slightly deeper shade of pink, giving it quite a picotee effect. Altogether a glorious flower. Awarded N.R.S. Gold Medal.
- Mrs. G. W. Kershaw.**—A superb addition to this popular class, possessing vigorous and freely branching habit; blooms large, full, and of perfect form, with

- highly pointed centre, and are produced in great profusion; color, a deep glowing pink, which gives it a unique charm; absolutely distinct.
- Muriel Graham.**—Cream, shaded pink; good; a prize-taker.
- Niphetos.**—Pure white or pale lemon; beautiful long bud; should be in every collection.
- Nita Weldon.**—Most distinct and beautiful rose, possessing many charming features; the flowers are large, full, and globular, and are produced in great profusion; color ivory white, edges of each petal faintest blush; should be in every collection. Gold medal, N.R.S. 2/-
- Oberhofgartner Terks.**—Light salmon pink, extra long pointed buds, opening to large, full flower, good shape; good show rose.
- Otto von Bismarck.**—Growth vigorous, of free, branching habit; flowers most freely and continuously; color somewhat like La France. This rose has been awarded 3000 marks (highest possible award) at a recent English exhibition. Should soon be in every collection. Specially recommended. 1/6.
- Papa Gontier.**—Semi-double, petals large; rose and rosy crimson; a grand bloom.
- Paul Lede.**—Superb carmine rose, shaded with yellow, large, full and cupped. Can recommend.
- Paul Nabonnand.**—Satiny rose, veined with peach; large, full, well formed.
- Peace (T.).**—Pale lemon, with slight tinge of blush; buds long and pointed.
- Penelope (Tea Scented).**—Raised by Mr. John Williams, of Mount Gravatt, Queensland. The lower half of the flower is a dark reddish crimson, while the centre is white, with a deep red flush on the lower side of centre petals. The flower is full and solid, with petals of good substance, lasting well when cut. Sure to become a favorite. Awarded certificate of merit, R.H.S., England, 1906.
- Perle de Jardins.**—Canary yellow; large, full and globular; one of the best.
- Perle von Godesberg.**—Golden yellow, sport of "Kaiserin A. Victoria"; equally good as the old variety in every way.
- Petrus Donzel (Bengal).**—Velvet purplish crimson; medium size; growth vigorous, and very free flowering.
- President.**—Rose, shaded salmon; large and good form; one of the best.
- Prince de Bulgare.**—Silvery flesh, very delicately shaded with salmon, long bud, opening to full cupped-shaped flowers; a very charming variety.
- Princess Alice de Monaco.**—Creamy yellow, edged with rose, centre peach red, handsome long buds, and very free. A fine autumn blooming rose.
- Princess de Sagan.**—Velvety crimson, shaded purple; medium size; full.
- Professor Ganiviat.**—Purplish rose, medium size, full and free; vigorous.
- Queen.**—Pure white sport of Souvenir d'un Ami; free blooming and very fragrant; a grand rose; should be in every collection.
- Queen of Greece.**—A sweet shade of pink, good grower, free blooming, fine pointed buds; one of the best.
- Queen of Spain.**—Magnificent rose raised by S. Bide and Sons, of Farnham, Surrey, England, is a robust grower, and the flowers are large, full, and globular. Color pale flesh, darker in the centre. An ideal exhibition rose, of undoubted merit.
- Rainbow.**—Very large and well formed; semi-double, in way of Papa Gontier; soft rose, striped with carmine; very effective.
- Renee Wilmart-Urban (H.T.).**—Pernet Ducher, 1907. A vigorous grower, with long buds, flowers large, full, and of elegant form. Color salmon flesh, edges of petals tinted and bordered with carmine.
- Reubens.**—White, shaded rose, cream centre; large, full, and fine form.
- Rev. David E. Williamson.**—A most distinct and excellent variety, of vigorous growth. Every shoot terminates in a bud, which develops into a flower of large size, enormous substance, and globular form, with large, well shaped petals. Color dark velvety crimson, shaded maroon.
- Rhea Reid.**—As large as "American Beauty," as double as "Bridesmaid," as fragrant as "La France," as continuous as "Bride," as red as "Richmond" in winter; produces a profusion of blooms.
- Richmond.**—Superior to Liberty in size and form, color pure red scarlet, very free flowering; splendid.
- Rose d'Evian (H.T.).**—Buds magenta, opening flowers inside petals carmine, outside rose; large, full, and cupped petals of great substance.
- Ruby Gold.**—Golden yellow, shaded carmine; very large, full, and free; a splendid bloom.
- Salmonea.**—Deep bright crimson, with light salmon centre; flowers large and full.
- Sarah Bernhardt (H.T.).**—Bright scarlet crimson, shaded with scarlet; very large and full, with incurved petals. Does not burn. Very sweet. Growth semi-climbing.
- Sappho.**—Outer petals pale buff, centre apricot; large.
- Senateur Mascurand.**—Amber yellow, with yolk of egg centre, changing to pale sulphur yellow when expanded; large, full, and globular. 1/6.

- Souvenir de Auguste Legros.**—Dark red, shaded crimson; large and well shaped.
- Souvenir de President Carnot.**—White, tinted rose; large, full, and well formed; beautiful long bud.
- Souvenir Elsie Vardon.**—Creamy white, yellowish centre, petals edged rose; large and full.
- Souvenir de George Sands.**—Salmon rose shaded yellow; large and full; good.
- Souvenir de Stella Gray (Tea)**—The most beautiful, distinct, and charming addition to this class for many years past. The flowers are very full, medium size, and of perfect form. The predominating shade is deep orange, with splashes of apricot, salmon, and crimson. The growth is very free, and branching. Most lovely. Award of Merit, R.H.S.
- Souvenir de Clairvau.**—Medium size, full and well formed; bright China rose, base of petals apricot.
- Souvenir J. B. Guillott.**—Bright strawberry red, changing to Capucine yellow.
- Souvenir Theresa Levet.**—Velvety crimson; large and full; good form.
- Souvenir de Wm. Robinson.**—Four colors are present in this rose, viz., rose, cream, apricot, and violet, which produces a very beautiful effect; vigorous.
- Souvenir de Paul Neyron.**—Fine salmon yellow, edged with rose; full, of fine form, and produced freely.
- Souvenir de Marie Zozoya.**—Bright coral red; flowers of immense size, full, and of perfect form; growth vigorous; a beautiful and most distinct variety.
- Souvenir de Pierre Notting.**—Fine apricot yellow, washed with golden yellow and shaded with orange; very large and full, opening well; highly recommended from the Continent, where it has received several gold medals.
- Souvenir du Rosieriste Rambaux.**—Creamy yellow, edged carmine rose; medium sized, cupped and fragrant.
- Sunset.**—Deep apricot; large and full; a grand rose in all stages; splendid for exhibition.
- Sunrise (T.)**—This is a fine rose, the first sport from "Sunset," outer petals reddish carmine, shading to delicate fawn and pale salmon in the centre; very poor grower.
- Theresa.**—Rose of indescribable beauty; in the bud state it is a deep orange apricot, passing to pink, with carmine splashes; as flower expands it becomes eeru veined flesh, passing to silver pink; the flowers are produced in great profusion, and are delicately tea-scented. Specially recommended. Price 2/-.
- Ulster.**—Magnificent and perfect rose, foliage large; very free flowering; blooms of immense size; splendidly formed; color bright salmon; a large prize-taker on English show tables.
- Vick's Caprice.**—Magenta pink; striped and splashed with white; very beautiful and distinct.
- Viscountess Folkestone.**—Creamy pink, centre salmon pink; large, full, and very sweet.
- Walter Speed.**—A magnificent rose of robust, vigorous, and erect growth, possessing free and continuous blooming qualities; flowers large and of great substance, with high-pointed centre; color deep lemon yellow, passing to white as the flower expands. 2/-.
- Warrior.**—Blood-red color in the bud, opening to scarlet-crimson, double flowers of good size, and blooming with great freedom from early summer till late in the autumn.
- Waban.**—Bright pink sport from Catherine Mermet; very good.
- W. E. Lippiat (H.T.)**—A most welcome addition, supplying a color much required, namely, brilliant velvety crimson, shaded maroon; very distinct. The blooms are large, full, and well formed, with high, pointed centre, and very sweetly perfumed; growth vigorous, and of free branching habit. Quite first rate. A grand addition to the Hybrid Tea Section.
- W. F. Bennett.**—Bright crimson, fine in the bud; free flowering.
- White La France.**—In way of old La France, but pale peach to almost white; most highly perfumed.
- White Lord Tarquin.**—Pure white sport from the well known pink rose of the name; very free blooming; lasts well when cut.
- White Maman Cochet.**—A sport from Maman Cochet, almost pure white, or creamy white, petals slightly tinged pink; a grand rose and always in bloom.
- White Perle.**—Sport from Perle des Jardins, or Jean Pernet; long, beautiful, creamy white bud, outer petals tinged rose; one of the best all-round garden roses.
- William Shean.**—A glorious rose of unquestionable merit, having immense size, perfect form and substance; its color is the purest pink with delicate ochrey veination; a splendid rose that can be compared with no other bloom in the rose world; it has shell-like petals four or five inches long. One of the largest roses yet distributed.

SPECIAL ROSE COLLECTION.

We are prepared to supply these, our own selection: 24 WELL GROWN PLANTS,
Post Free in N.S.W., for 20/-.

ROSES BY THOUSANDS: TRY OUR SPECIAL COLLECTIONS.

CLIMBING ROSES.

America.—Pale yellow or cream, shaded fawn, large, full, and well formed; very useful.

Ards Pillar.—Garden and pillar rose. The growth is very vigorous, with very large, most distinct, and attractive foliage. The blooms are produced with great freedom, and are large, full, and of cupped form; petals very large and smooth; rich velvety crimson.

Ards Rover.—Probably darkest rose extant; deep crimson, shaded maroon; perfect shape.

Ards Rambler.—One of the most fascinating climbing pillar roses it has been our privilege to distribute; a grand companion to "Ards Rover," as its massive foliage lends a wonderful charm to it; color is a velvety orange crimson, shading to rosy carmine; highly perfumed.

Australie (H.T.).—Kerslake. A cross between "Belle Siebrecht" and "C. Testout." Color deep pink. Good show and garden rose; growth vigorous; very sweetly scented.

Austral Queen (H.T.).—Kerslake. A cross between "President" and "Mrs. John Laing." Color similar to last named parent. Very vigorous and and sweetly scented.

Bardou Job.—Bright glowing crimson, shaded with black, semi-double; a distinct and striking rose of great merit.

Billiard and Barre (T.).—A beautiful new climbing rose, of a rich golden orange color, with large, handsome foliage.

Celine Forrestier.—Pale yellow, coppery centre; large flower; free and very beautiful.

Cheshunt Hybrid.—Carmine red, shaded violet; large, full, and well formed; free grower, and grand as a pillar rose.

Cloth of Gold.—Sulphur yellow; grand climber.

Climbing Belle Siebrecht.—A well developed climbing form of the Hybrid Tea Rose, Belle Siebrecht, which appears to be constant, and will prove a most welcome addition to the pink, perpetual flowering, climbing roses; very strong grower.

Clb. Caroline Testout.—A climbing form of the beautiful and popular variety, Caroline Testout.

Climbing Comtesse Labarthe.—A strong climbing sport of the old variety; most constant bloomer.

Climbing Devoniensis.—A sport from Devoniensis; very strong grower; very free blooming; flowers same as old Devoniensis.

Climbing Elise Varden.—A true climbing sport of the well known favorite of same name; originated in New South Wales, and promises to be a fixture as a climber.

Climbing Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.).—W. Lawrenson, 1906. Pure white, like the normal type, which is considered by many to be the very best white rose extant. It will certainly be a great acquisition to this section, as it should prove to be the best white climber.

Climbing Kaiserine Augusta Victoria.—Strong climbing sport of dwarf variety of same name; free grower, and constant bloomer.

Climbing La France.—Climbing sport of that well known favorite; in every respect equal to its parent, but of more vigorous growth.

Climbing Lady Moyra Beauclerc.—A most vigorous climbing form of that well known and popular variety, Lady M. Beauclerc. Should be in every collection, retaining fine color and shape of bloom of its parent, the dwarf variety. Price 1/6.

Climbing Liberty.—A strong climbing form of the well known Hybrid Tea. This should prove to be one of the very best dark red climbers, as it is of genuine trailing habit.

Climbing Madame Watteville.—A climbing form of the well known beautiful dwarf of the same name.

Climbing Madame Jules Grolez (H.T.).—Sport of extra vigorous growth, producing flowers identical with the variety from which it sprang; well adapted for a climbing or pillar rose. Chinese pink, bright and satiny; large and finely formed; a free bloomer; beautiful buds.

Climbing Meteor.—A very robust sport of Meteor; very free blooming; and a good addition to the list of climbers.

Climbing Niphetos.—A very desirable sport of old Niphetos; very strong growing.

Climbing Papa Gontier.—Climbing sport of old Papa Gontier; very vigorous, whilst retaining its free-flowering character.

Climbing Perle des Jardins.—Perhaps the very best rambling rose in cultivation.

Climbing Pink Maman Cochet.—A climbing form of this most popular rose; sure to be a favorite. 1/6.

Climbing Souvenir de la Malmaison.—A rampant climber, and very free blooming; when established, covers more space in a given time than any other variety we know.

Climbing Souvenir de Wotton.—Strong-growing variety of variety of same name; very free bloomer.

Climbing Ulster.—Vigorous growing sport from dwarf of same name; raised in New Zealand.

Climbing White Maman Cochet (Tea Scented).—As this is a strong climbing form of the well known rose of the same name, it will need no further recommendation. Raised in New South Wales.

Duchesse d'Auerstadt.—Yellow, nankeen centre, large and full, and a vigorous grower.

England's Glory.—A magnificent climbing rose, being a seedling from Gloire de Dijon, crossed with Belle Siebrecht; flowers large, full, and well formed; flesh color, centre satiny pink; highly perfumed. A splendid grower, and very hardy.

E. Veyrat Hermanos.—A most distinct rose, of strong climbing habit; apricot and carmine; reflex with deep red; sweet-scented.

Francois Crousse.—Bright crimson to fiery red, large and full; a grand acquisition to climbing roses.

Gloire de Dijon.—Yellow and buff, shaded salmon; large, full, and free grower.

Golden Queen.—A climbing Noisette rose, somewhat resembling Reve d'Or in its foliage and rapid habit of growth, but the flowers are of a deeper and more uniform shade of rich, golden yellow, shaded with copper.

James Sprunt.—Rich scarlet crimson; large, full, and globular; blooms in clusters.

Lady Waterlow.—Pale salmon rose, edged with carmine; large semi-double flowers; very elegant; a rampant climber.

La Marque.—White, tinged yellow; full, blooms in clusters; free grower.

La Ideal.—Coppery rose and yellow; producing beautiful buds of Ma Copucine type; good bloomer, and free grower.

Madame Andre Duron.—Bright China pink; sweetly scented, distinct, and very useful.

Madame Berard.—Salmon rose, shaded yellow; large, good shape, and free grower.

Madame Hector Leuillott (H.T.).—Superb golden yellow, tinted with carmine in centre, flowers large, full and globular; growth very vigorous. Very fine; very strong climber.

Madame Pierre Cochet (Noisette).—A seedling from William Allen Richardson, and considered a great improvement on that variety.

Madame Wagram Comtesse de Turenne (H.T.).—A beautiful climber; flowers of a satin rosy color; a new color in climbers; vigorous and free; very good.

Mamie.—Rosy carmine, with distinct yellow zone, full and perfectly formed, with high-pointed centre; petals large, smooth, of great substance.

Marechal Niel.—Rich golden yellow; large, full, and globular; cannot be surpassed as a climber.

Marechal Niel (White).—A pale variety of foregoing; blooms of a pale sulphur yellow, sometimes almost white; in every way equal to old Marechal Niel as a bloom, and is a more vigorous grower.

Monsieur Desir.—Rich maroon crimson; vigorous climber; sweetly scented.

Noella Nabonnand.—Extra large, semi-double; velvety crimson; large petals, sweet, handsome in bud, and more vigorous than Reine Marie.

Paul's Carmine Pillar.—New single rose, with abundance of flowers of bright, rosy carmine; strong grower, and a mass of bloom.

Red Marechal Niel (Grand Duc Ernest Ludwig).—Carmine red; shaped like Marechal Niel; free grower, and very sweetly scented.

Reine Marie Henriette.—Bright rosy cerise, sometimes crimson; large, long bloom; good shape; free.

Rev. T. Cole.—Bright yellow, large, full, and well shaped; color between Cloth of Gold and Marechal Niel; free growing.

Sinica Alba.—(The Camellia Rose of Japan).—A beautiful evergreen climber, with large single flowers; pure white, with yellow stamens and large glossy deep green foliage; a strong grower.

Sinica "Anemone" (the Cherokee Rose).—This is a very beautiful single flowering rose, with large flowers $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches across; color light silvery pink at the edges, gradually deepening to bright rose at base; resembling a Japanese Anemone; bright, shiny foliage; very free and exquisite.

Solfaterre.—Sulphur yellow, large and double.

Souvenir de Madame Metral.—Bright red, shaded vermilion; perfect shape; large and full; one of the best.

Souvenir de Leonie Viennot.—In this we have one of the most beautiful climbing roses of recent introduction, extra strong for even a climbing rose, producing lovely flowers; silvery rose, shading to carmine, base of petals canary yellow, forming a most beautiful combination of colors.

Waltham Climbers (No. 1).—Good climbers; various shades of crimson; No. 1 light, 2 medium, and 3 dark crimson; all good blooms.

Wm. Allen Richardson.—Deep orange yellow; most floriferous and very distinct.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

VARIETIES enumerated under this heading include all the choicest dark blooms in cultivation. They are not perpetual bloomers like Teas and Hybrid Teas, but bloom in early Spring, and occasionally in Autumn. Their great substance, with excellence of form, coloring, and high perfume, render them a class very suitable for show purposes and table use.

- Abbebramerel.**—Reddish crimson, shaded dark velvety purple, almost flat when expanded, large, full, and early.
- A. K. Williams.**—Carmine red, changing to magenta.
- Alfred Colomb.**—Bright red; large and full.
- Barbarossa.**—Growth vigorous, very floriferous; flowers large and full, always opening well. Color, pure carmine red. Said to be a red Frau Karl Druschki.
- Ben Cant.**—Good foliage; strong grower, and every shoot, either as a maiden or cut-back, produces flowers. Flowers large, well formed, with high centre; color deep clear crimson, darker shading to centre. Retains its color for a long period. Grand show rose.
- Black Prince.**—Dark crimson.
- Captain Christie.**—Rosy flesh, deeper in centre; grand rose.
- Captain Haywood.**—Bright crimson carmine, large bold petal, strong grower, very free flowering; one of the most handsome roses ever raised.
- Capitane Jouen.**—Bright vivid crimson, very large and full, growth very vigorous; has received several medals in France as a new variety.
- Charles Lefebvre.**—Crimson, purplish centre.
- Clio.**—Flesh color, centre rosy pink, large, full, and free flowering; late bloomer.
- Commandant Felix Faure.**—Rich lake, shaded black and flushed with brilliant vermillion; globular; growth vigorous; has also been awarded several distinctions in France as a new variety. First-rate.
- Commissioner.**—Magnificent dark purplish red; large, bold petals; good grower.
- Crimson Queen.**—Velvety carmine, fiery red centre, large, full, and globular.
- Dr. Hogg.**—Violet red; best of its shade.
- Dr. Ruspler.**—Dark velvety crimson, shaded black; almost perpetual.
- Earl of Dufferin.**—Velvety crimson, shaded maroon; large, perfect form, and free blooming.
- Emperor d'Maroc.**—Rich velvety maroon; an old favorite.
- Frau Karl Druschki.**—The finest white H.P. extant; of perfect form and vigorous growth; a grand acquisition to the garden and show tray.
- Grand Mogul.**—Deep crimson, shaded scarlet and black.
- Her Majesty.**—Clear, bright, satiny rose; extra large; strong grower; best of its class.
- Hugh Dickson.**—Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet; good size and form; growth vigorous; highly perfumed. Gold medal N.R.S.
- Hugh Watson.**—The blooms are very large, full, and most perfect shape; quite exhibition form; the petals are unusually large, smooth, and massive; buds are long and pointed; the growth is vigorous and of free branching habit; very sweetly perfumed; color crimson, shaded carmine.
- Illawarra.**—Dark velvety crimson, distinct and good.
- J. B. Clark.**—Awarded gold medal by National Rose Society of England, 1905. Color richest velvety crimson; flowers extra fine, growth very vigorous; evidently requires a season or two to become acclimatised.
- Jean Cherpin.**—Purplish red, shaded scarlet; vigorous.
- Jean Liabaud.**—Velvety crimson, purplish shades.
- John Bright.**—Bright scarlet crimson.
- Jubilee.**—Pure red, shaded maroon and crimson; large and free.
- Marie Beauman.**—Bright carmine, of fine form.
- Madame Baroness de Rothschild.**—Pale pink, tinged white; large, full, and very free bloomer.
- Merville de Lyon.**—White, sometimes tinged with rose; an improvement on Mabel Morrison.
- Mrs. Harry Turner.**—Crimson scarlet, shaded maroon.
- Mrs. John Lang.**—Soft clear pink; well formed and full; nearly perpetual.
- Paul Dupuy.**—Dark velvety maroon, shaded black.
- Paul Neyron.**—Deep rose; immense size; strong grower.
- Pierre Notting.**—Very dark, violet shadings.
- Prince Camille de Rohan.**—Very dark crimson; one of the best.
- Robert Duncan.**—Bright rosy lake; large and good form.
- Roger Lambelle.**—Deep crimson, with distinct white margin.
- Triomphe de Lyon.**—Deep velvety crimson; fine.
- W. G. Judd.**—Blooms velvety crimson, shaded black and maroon; frequent bloomer, opens perfectly, and will last for days as a cut bloom.

SINGLE ROSES.

SPLENDID FOR GARDEN AND DECORATIVE WORK.

Irish Brightness.—Vivid crimson; fine foliage; very distinct.

Irish Engineer.—Color is dazzling scarlet, very brilliant and attractive; the flowers are very large, with massive circular petals, and are usually borne in trusses of three to five blooms, on perfectly erect stems.

Irish Glory.—Inside of petals pink, crimson on back; large flowers.

Irish Harmony.—The color is variable, novel, and distinct, and the buds when opening are a saffron yellow, crayoned or smeared claret; the flowers when expanded being creamy white, and of immense size, measuring from five inches in diameter.

Irish Modesty.—Coral pink, suffused with ecru, yellow anthers.

Irish Pride.—Ecru and rose, the zone gold; a real gem.

Irish Star.—Rose du Baru, golden stamens; most unique.

A charming set of single roses, raised by A. Dickson and Son, Ireland. Flowers freely produced, large, growth vigorous. Well worth growing; highly decorative. They are pure tea roses. The flowers last well when cut.

Described in body of Catalogue—

Madame Eugene Rescal (China).

Austrian Copper Briar.

Fortune's Yellow (Climber)

Bardou Job (Climber).

Noella Nabonnand (Climber), semi-double.

Sinica Alba (Clb.).

Sinica Anemone (Clb.)

Ever Blooming Polyantha Roses.

A PRETTY class of Miniature Roses, specially valuable for decorative purposes, buttonholes, etc. They are constant and prolific bloomers, and every collection should include a few.

Eugene Lamesch.—Buds coppery red, opening flowers ochre yellow, changing to clear yellow shaded with rose; good shape; very fragrant.

Leonie Lamesch.—Bright coppery red, shaded with deep red and yellow; very rich, and an entirely new color in this section.

Mademoiselle Cecile Brunner.—Salmon pink, coppery salmon centre; small, very full, and perfect shape.

Miniature.—Small, daisy-like flowers, produced in great profusion; white, tinted with rose.

Perle d'Or.—Nankeen yellow, buds deep apricot; very constant bloomer, good.

Red Pet.—Very small and perfect; dark rich crimson.

Helene (New).—Best of all Ramblers; habit of growth identical with Crimson Rambler, but flowers delicate rose pink, shaded carmine and orange; trusses enormous.

Thalia (White Rambler).—Flowers pure white; long, trailing bunches of bloom.

BANKSIAN ROSES.

Alba.—Pure white; small and full, large clusters, strong climber.

Lutea.—Similar to foregoing; buff yellow.

Fortunei.—White; large blooms; vigorous.

Fortune's Yellow.—Bronzy yellow, semi-double.

WICHURIANA ROSES.

(The Creeping Roses for covering banks.)

Dorothy Perkins.—A beautiful shell pink; the flowers are borne in large clusters of small double blooms, and very sweetly scented; of strong climbing habit.

White Dorothy Perkins.—A pure white sport from the popular "Dorothy Perkins." Further description is unnecessary when we state this variety resembles its parent in all but color. Awarded gold medal N.R.S. (Manchester). Price 1/6.

CLIMBING POLYANTHAS.

Aglaia (Yellow Rambler).—Bright yellow; almost evergreen; bears immense clusters of rosette-shaped, beautifully-scented blooms.

Climbing Cecile Brunner.—Similar to dwarf variety in bloom, but is a very strong climber.

Crimson Rambler.—Flowers large for its class, produced in clusters of dazzling crimson; very vigorous, foliage glossy green; a grand climber.

HYBRID NOISETTE ROSES.

Allister Stella Grey (Climber).—A beautiful variety, bearing enormous clusters of small, pale yellow flowers, with orange centre. Splendid for buttonhole and other decorative work.

MOSS ROSES.

Pink Moss.

White Bath.—Pure white; flowers in clusters; heavily mossed.

Wm. Lobb.—Purplish red; very floriferous.

SUMMER ROSES.

Austrian Briars.

Persian Yellow.—The richest yellow; large and double.

Soleil d'Or.—Color varying from orange-yellow to reddish-gold, shaded with nas-turtium-red; conical-shaped buds.

STANDARD ROSES.

2/6 to 3/6 Each.

WE have some fine Standards; all best varieties, on stems 2½ ft. to 4 ft. high; and can furnish lists of varieties on application.

SPECIAL ROSE COLLECTION.

We are prepared to supply these, our own selection; 24 WELL GROWN PLANTS

—Post Free in N.S.W., for 20/-

Parramatta:

CUMBERLAND ARGUS PRINTING WORKS, CHURCH STREET.

1911.

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Melastoma	57	Retinospora	62	Wigandia	61
Menziesia	57	Rhus	59	Willows	61
Metrosideros	57	Rhubarb	45	Yucca	61
Miscellaneous Fruits	50	Rhondeletia	59	Yew (see Texas) ..	63
Mulberries	25	Rhynspermum ...	64		

Our Trees are Pedigree Trees



AND

We would advise planters to demand such. By this we mean trees propagated from proved varieties; **not merely that they are true to name, but, that they are worked from selected trees.** Observant planters will have noticed that in an orchard block, some individual trees are better than others—better bearers—better color—better growers—and in fact, more profitable in all ways. By working from such trees we continue the good qualities of the parent. Our special facilities (see introductory), enable us to propagate our young trees from these selected parents, and so offer our clients what are really

PEDIGREE TREES.

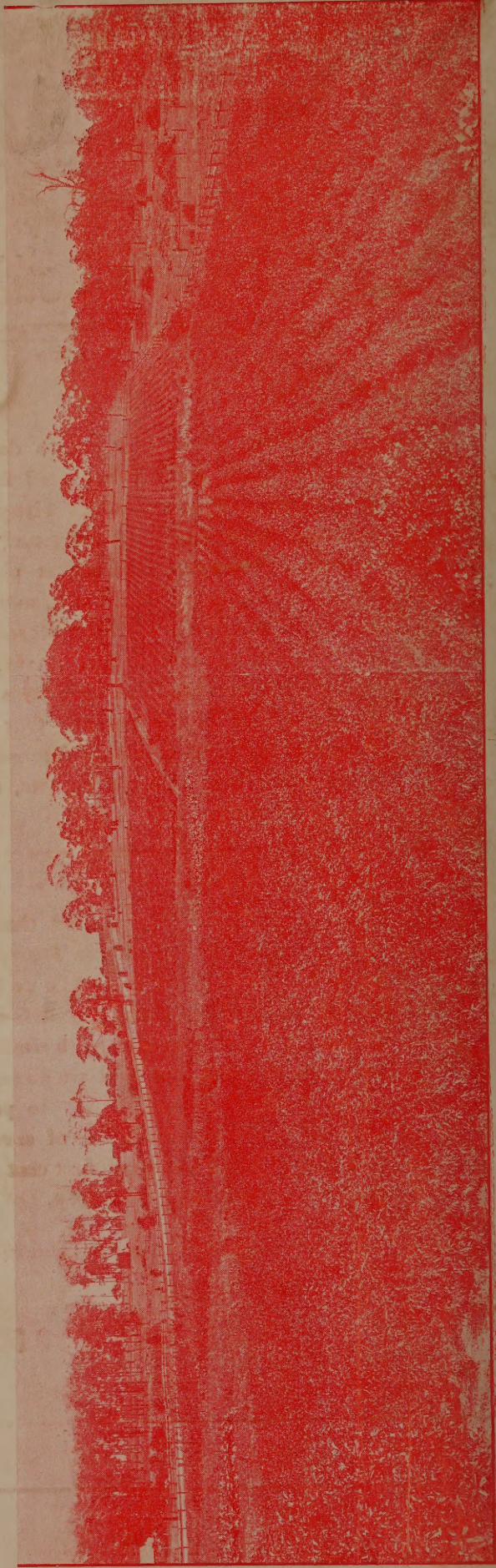
It is unnecessary to point out that a COMMERCIAL ORCHARD must have Pedigree Trees, if the concern is to be A PAYING ONE, and while we know our prices **for first grade Nursery Stock will bear favorable comparison** with similarly grown stuff, we wish to point out that we do not raise so-called cheap trees, which are certain to prove dear trees eventually, and mean the loss of several years labor and profit. With our trees, first cost is last, and they grow into money while you sleep.

Fruit Trees occupy almost 100 acres in our Nurseries.

FERGUSONS'

Fruit Trees, Roses and General Nursery Stock

Including Latest Introductions from all parts of the World.



View of Portion of Hurstville Nurseries.